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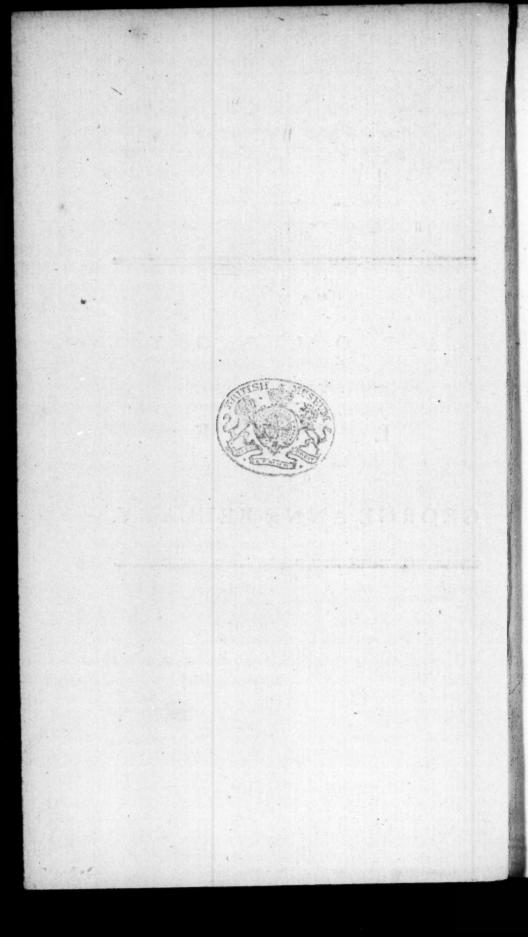
A P O L O G Y

FOR THE

LIFE

O F

GEORGE ANNE BELLAMY,







BELLAMY'S APOLOGY . VOL . IV. M. Bellamy & M. Moore, alarmed by Puffians in their Bed chamber

Printed for J. Bell British Library Strand London March 18 1786 .

APOLOGY

FOR THE

LIFE

O F

GEORGE ANNE BELLAMY,

LATE OF COVENT-GARDEN THEATRE.

WRITTEN BY HERSELF.

To which is annexed,

Her original Letter to JOHN CALCRAFT, Efq. advertised to be published in October 1767, but which was then violently suppressed.

" The Web of our Life is of a mingled Yarn, Good and Ill

" together; our Virtues would be proud, if our Faults whipt

" them not; and our Crimes would despair, if they were not

" cherished by our Virtues."

All's Well that Ends Well, A& 4, Scene iii.

THE FOURTH EDITION.

IN FIVE VOLUMES.

VOL. IV.

LONDON:

And fold by J. BELL, at the British-Library, STRAND.

MDCCLXXXVI.

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LIFE

GEORGE ANNE BELLAMY.

LETTER LXXIII.

July 25, 17-

MY journey from Bristol to Chester was very disagreeable, as it was across the country, and through bad roads. When I got to that city, I met my servants, together with all my paraphernalia, plate, and every thing but the money I expected for the overplus of my jewels. Mr. Calcrast wrote to me; but he took no notice of what alone could have made his letter agreeable. As the epistle is rather a curious one, I will copy it. Young gentlemen may learn from it how to write to their sweethearts.

"Christ Jesus God, why do you keep me in this torment. If you will not write, tell me fo, and make me completely miserable. I have had a letter from my Lord, and have seen that to your maid; by which I find you are unalterable in your resolution. I hate Holl-you. Iv. B "wood,

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" wood, and every place which reminds me how

" happy I have been in your company. Caroline

" has almost broke my heart with shewing me

" the fweet letter which accompanied your fair-

" ing. Every body is made happy but me; but

" vexation and the gout will foon relieve you

" from the man you hate. I have ordered the

" plate, your new fedan, and books, to be fent you.

" I have fent you the parchment I have found,

" which I suppose is the counterpart of your an-

" nuity; but, depend upon it, I shall not think it

" fufficient for your support. For God's sake!

" write to me; and be affured, whilft I have

" breath, I am affectionately yours.

" Signed,

" JOHN CALCRAFT."

The parchment mentioned in the above letter was that given me by Mr. Davy, the person who had lent me the five hundred pounds. It was a writing to show that I had only fold the annuity conditionally. Mr. Calcraft's barefaced meanness, in pretending to be ignorant of what he had before upbraided me with, increased if possible my disgust and contempt.

Unfortunately for me, I kept these feelings, with the injuries which occasioned them, a secret from every body but Lady Tyrawley; whilst my former friend, the person who had succeeded me how

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in Mr. Calcraft's affection, propagated innumerable falsehoods against me. As she possessed a fertile genius, she was able to clothe them with an appearance of plausibility, which made them believed; and my silence gave her every advantage over me. My extravagance furnished her with a fund of calumny. Nor was this the worst. It was industriously reported, that I entertained a partiality for a man I scarcely knew; and that this was the cause of my leaving Mr. Calcrast. So improbable a story, I think, could hardly gain belief. For, had that been the case, I should certainly have staid in London, where my imagined lover was, rather than have removed to so great a distance from him.

But to what lengths will not malevolence and the love of flander carry fome people! How finely, and at the same time how justly, has Shakspere described this propensity, in the following lines!

---- Slander

Whose edge is sharper than the sword; whose tongue Out-venoms all the worms of Nile; whose breath Rides on the posting winds, and doth belie All corners of the world, kings, queens, and states, Maids, matrons; nay, the secrets of the grave This viperous slander enters *.

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Instead

^{*} Cymbeline, Act III. Scene IV.

Instead of being able to indulge my tender emotions, the mortification and disgust I had so long been a prey to entirely engrossed my thoughts. I had not even the slightest idea of forming another connection. Not that I thought myself debarred from it by any ties that subsisted between myself and Mr. Calcrast; for these were now perfectly dissolved by his duplicity. Had I encouraged such a wish, I could soon have extricated myself from all my difficulties, as there was many a competitor for my savour; particularly one of the first and most generous men in the kingdom.

That our differences did not arise solely from the impropriety of my behaviour to him, notwithstanding some reports have been circulated by my enemies to the contrary, is plainly evinced by the tenor of all his letters to me; which, even when he appears to have had the greatest cause for resentment and recrimination, if such a cause existed, breathe forth nothing but tenderness and affection.

As a further proof of this, I will copy for your perusal (though you, my dear Madam, I am well assured, want no proofs) another of his letters. This, which was one of the last I received from him, will prove, and that in terms as forcible and explicit as language can convey, that my conduct, admitting the imprudences I have acknowledged

knowledged myself guilty of, have not been such as warranted any upbraidings, or could lessen his regard for me. It runs thus:

Jan. 17, 1761.

" My dearest Georgina,

"PACKET after packet arrives from Ireland without a letter from you: why won't you write, and fully? I never am so well pleased as when I hear fully from you; nor ever so uneasy as when I do not.—The children are both well, and charming ones. I have been with my brother to Poole, this week, and secured his election, I hope, without opposition. Pray do write. You don't know the distress your neglect occasions to

" Yours, ever and ever

" (Signed) J. C."

The packet not being ready to fail from Parkgate, lest I should forfeit the penalty of my articles, by not being at Dublin in time, I set off for Holyhead. As I travelled by myself, I had leisure to indulge my melancholy. I could not even help envying the happiness of my servants, in whose hosoms cheerful innocence seemed to reign, whilst I was tortured with the severest reslections.

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These arose, not only from my unhappy situation, but from the persidy and ingratitude I had experienced from a man, who, whilst he was pretending to regret my loss, was, as I had been informed, abetting and inventing the most improbable, and the salfest reports of me.

Among these, it was given out by them, that I encouraged the addresses of a noble Lord, with whose Countess I had the honour of being upon terms of intimacy. Had I been inclined to gallantry, for this reason, as well as upon account of his own deformity, that nobleman would have been the last man I should have chosen. They also carried their inveteracy so far, as to engage a person who wrote for bread, and is a disgrace to the navy, to scandalize me in a scurrilous publication, not unlike Bellmen's Verses.

In travelling to the Head, however dull and melancholy my days were, I had great entertainment in the evenings; there being always fome person at the inns playing upon the harp, the favourite instrument of the Welch. And the ditties they played seemed to suit the gloomy temperature of my mind. When I arrived at Conway-Ferry, the wind was so high, that it was impracticable to go over. I was therefore obliged to remain at the ferry-house during the night.

Here I was necessitated to sup in the same room with all those who were forced, like myself, to take up their abode at the inn. There being but one room below stairs, and that, like the cobler's, ferving at once for "parlour, for kitchen, and " hall," we all fat together; only the parlour was divided from the kitchen by a curtain. And both were tolerably well filled. For, besides my suit, which confifted of the two postillions, a guide, two footmen, and three maids, the company was numerous. From the unfavourable appearance of the habitation, I was apprehensive that my entertainment would have been as homely. But I was not only most agreeably surprized with one of the best suppers I had ever sat down to at an inn, but with a fmall neat bed-room, and a very good bed, and every accommodation that could be hoped for in the best inns on the road. And all this at fo trifling an expence, that it was not to be imagined the people of the house could get a reafonable profit.

When I arrived at the Head, the packet was ready to fail. I found there a great number of people waiting to go over, but very few would venture, the fea being extremely boisterous. But as I neither wished for life, nor was apprehensive of danger, it was very immaterial to me in what state the fea was. I therefore went aboard, and,

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by way of pre eminence, was cooped up in what is called the state-cabin. This situation was the means of my being more indisposed than I otherwise should have been. For during a storm, which lasted four days, I underwent the most excruciating sickness. And this was augmented, by having nothing to drink but cold water. As the passage is usually made in a few hours, I had not thought it necessary to lay in a fea-store.

We landed at Dunlarny; when I was so much enseebled by the fatigue I had undergone, that I was obliged to be supported to the shore. A coach was sent from Dublin, to convey me to the house of Mrs Molloy, on College Green, with whom I had been very intimate. As unpacking would take up more time than I chose to bestow upon it, I set off immediately, without staying to change even my linen. And from the situation I had been in for sour days, together with the uneasy state of my mind, it must be supposed that my appearance was not the most brilliant.

My arrival having been hourly expected, curiofity had induced many of the students of the college to watch for my coming. I accordingly found the door of the house, at which I was to alight, crowded with them, in expectation of beholding a wonder. For it could not enter into the imagination of those young gentlemen, that any thing less than a perfect beauty had been so general a topic of conversation, and the subject of so many poetical compliments from their predecessors.

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One of my female domestics was tolerably handfome; she, therefore, at first caught their eyes; but, as she had not that appearance of elegance which diffinguishes the gentlewoman, the mistake was but momentary. At length I stepped out of the coach. The long-expected phænomenon now made her appearance. But Oh, how different a figure from what their imagination had depictured! Fashion to yourself the idea of a little dirty creature, bent nearly double, enfeebled by fatigue, her countenance tinged with the jaundice, and in every respect the reverse of a person who could make the least pretentions to beauty. Such was I, when I presented myself to the fight of the gazing crowd. And fo great and natural was their furprize and disappointment, that they immediately vanished, and left me to crawl into the house, without admiration or moleftation.

I fpent the evening at the Parliament-House, where many of the seniors of the college, as well as the Provost, were present. Others likewise came to see the fright which had excited the disgust of the curious in the morning. Nothing is so favourable to an object as exaggerated dispraise.

For, with only the affistance of ablution, and in the most simple dress (simplicity in my dress being, as I have already observed, my constant adoption, except when sinery was absolutely needful; and I always scorned to owe any addition to art, which I disliked as much in the adornment of the person as of the mind), I made a more favourable impression upon the company than could have been expected.

The next morning Mr. Mosfop came to congratulate me on my fafe arrival, as the violence of the florm had made him apprehensive for my fafety. He informed me, that Mr. Woodward had been confined by a fever at Cork; notwithflanding which, as foon as he had heard of my engagement, he had fent the letter containing my promife of giving him the preference to Mr. Barry, who had most illiberally posted it up in one of the principal coffee-houses in Dublin. It might not be unnecessary to add here, that when Mr. Calcraft was informed of this transaction, he fent to demand of Barry four hundred pounds he had lent him fome years before. As it was not in Barry's power, Mr. Woodward was obliged to pay it for him. Thus was the latter punished for his indifcretion with regard to my letter.

I had fent my men-fervants and the horses back to London from Holyhead, as the inconvenience of bringing them to Dublin would have been great. Finding lodgings to be inconvenient, I took a ready-furnished house in Frederick-street. And as the theatre did not open for some time after my arrival, I had an opportunity of feeing many ladies, who favoured me with their recollection and intimacy. My old acquaintance, Mr. Crump, with whom I had always dealt for Irish linens, after my mother had declined that article, came to pay his respects to me. And as he was an universal merchant, I ordered of him wine, and what other things I wanted. He had entered into a connection in trade with a person, whose name was Hofea Coates. This man was of a rude, turbulent disposition, and greatly attached to Crow-street theatre, in which he had feveral shares; he consequently dreaded my success.

Upon the opening of the theatres, the ladies of Dublin divided themselves into different parties, making a point to support, with their utmost interest, the house they attached themselves to. Ladies Kildare, Brandon, Leinster, Powerscourt, the Honourable Miss Caufield, Lady Lumm, with many other respectable personages, professed themfelves the patronesses of Mossop and myself. And, indeed, I must attribute a great part of the success we met with to their partiality; the company in Crow-street being infinitely stronger than ours.

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back ence That confisted of Barry, Woodward, Abington, and Fitzhenry, besides some good seconds. Among these I include Mrs. Dancer, who was by no means looked upon as capital then.

As for our troop, it always put me in mind of Sir John Falftaff's ragged regiment, a part of which he had robbed the gibbets of. We were, however, joined, fome fhort time after, by Mr. Brown, who had merit in comedy; and by Mr. Digges, who was a great favourite in Dublin, particularly among the ladies. As the latter will make a principal figure in the subsequent part of my history, it will be necessary to give a short description of him. He is blest with talents, is a fine figure, his face is handsome; and he has the art of perfuading those with whom he converses, that he is the best of men. Through my intimacy in the Delawar family, I learned that he had been ill-treated by his uncle, and pitied him much; but, as his character was univerfally known to be that of a man of gallantry, I declined admitting him as a vifitor.

This was the state of our company, and likewise of the parties of the ladies, who carried their partiality to the most extravagant lengths. I appeared in Belvidera; but was by no means so well received in it as I had formerly been. This hurt me greatly, as I did not give myself ton,

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yfelf time and now I was left to stand alone against the united force of a company, which would have done credit to a London theatre. We, however, more than shared the public favour.

Mr. Mossop revived "The Orphan of China," which had succeeded at Drury-Lane the winter before. The dresses, in which he and myself were to perform, came from London. But how to manage, with regard to those of the rest of the characters, was a difficulty hardly to be got over. As the manager had quarrelled with Tracey the taylor, credit was no more to be had than money. And if the piece could not be got up so as to anticipate the other house, we had very little chance of rivalling them in it; all their decorations, cloaths, &c. being expected from London, and having been already pussed away in all the papers, in the most oftentatious manner.

At length I prevailed upon Tracey, not only to make and expedite the dresses, but likewise to find the materials. We rehearsed three times a day, and, after having taken the most indefatigable pains, got the piece ready for representation in less than a week. We accordingly were able to perform it before the proprietors of Crow-street, and got eight great audiences ere the finery they so much boasted of arrived. This manceuvre proved

proved a fore disappointment to the expectations of the gentry of the other house, who were thereby prevented from reimbursing their expences, which, I was informed, were very considerable.

Mr. Digges, who had marked me for a conquest, fighed at a distance, and covered his vanity with fuch awful respect, that I imagined the character I had heard of him was not a just one. He, at length, through the introduction of a female acquaintance of mine, got admittance to my house as a visitor. And as he was really the accomplished gentleman, and an entertaining companion, it was impossible to refist being pleased with his company. For a while he affected to fmother his passion. But in a short time after, being really ill, or pretending to be fo, he wrote to me, and declared that love for me was the cause of it. Impelled by an irrefistible fatality, I And a circumstance foon after read his letters. happened, which helped to forward the attainment of his wishes.

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXIV.

July 31, 17-

MY bill, for wine and other articles, had of Mr. Crump, amounted to four hundred pounds,

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two of which I had paid; and intended fettling the whole at my benefit, which I thought would be in good time. For though I received fifty guineas a week, yet through the extravagance of my fervants, and my own thoughtleffness, I had not a guinea before-hand. But, to my great surprise, I heard that Mr. Crump had failed; and that Coates had taken possession of his effects, books, &c.

"Coriolanus" was bespoke; and Mr. Mossop had the agreeable prospect of a subscription for fix plays, which would enable him to pay the performers. For not one of them was regularly paid but myself, though by what means he expended his money I could not imagine. As I went one day as usual to the rehearsal, I observed a mean-looking fellow run by the side of my chair. I called, in my way, upon a lady. Still the same man was my attendant. Having no suspicion of any danger from him, I attributed it to the beauty of my sedan; which, indeed, attracted every eye.

I had fome company at dinner, which made it rather later than usual when I set out for the theatre. As my chairmen entered Damask-street, the man who had followed me in the morning knocked at the front window of my chair, and, when I had let it down, showed me a bit of paper. Upon my enquiring what it was, he told me it

was

was a writ for the two hundred pounds I owed Coates, as successor to Crump's affairs, and insisted that I should go with him. I told him he should have the money, if he would go to the theatre, and that I would likewise make him a handsome present for the permission. But this he would not consent to do; as, he said, he had particular orders from the plaintist to the contrary.

This being the case, I made a virtue of necesfity, and went with him to a house in Skinnerrow. When I got there, I fent for Coates, but he was not to be found. The officer now candidly told me, that the intention of taking me in the evening was, to prevent my appearing at the theatre that night. He had been particularly warned, he faid, not to arrest me in the morning, as they were well affured I should have paid the debt, and by that means have disappointed their purpose. It was two o'clock in the morning before the plaintiff could be met with, and as he had given orders that the affair should only be settled by himself, I was obliged to wait with patience his coming. Mrs. Molloy and Miss Ly'll visited me in my durance; and I believe the officer's house was never so graced before.

Mrs. Usher had been obliged to read my part. As soon as the play was over, Mr. Mossop came to me. And I was vastly apprehensive that he

would

would have caned Coates. This was what the man seemed to wish, for such a vulgar impertment I never heard before. He had the impudence to tell us, that he knew he should easily have got the money, but he wished to prevent my playing that night. "Every thing," continued he, " is fair, " where interests clash."

When Mr. Digges found me in this fituation, he was like a diftracted man. His first bufiness was to give a most severe chastisement to Coates; which, together with fome other embarraffments in his private affairs, obliged him to leave Dublin. Before he went, he wrote to me, earnestly requesting to speak with me. I consented. When his attractions, his fufferings, gratitude, pity, and a predilection in his favour, all joined to induce me to enter into a ferious connection with him. This, though not binding by the laws of the country to a person of my religious persuasion, was notwithstanding valid to all intents and purposes. And the connection, in consequence, made us mutually unhappy, during the two years we lived together.

I was, I think, to be unhappy in every union I formed. Whether this arose from the contrarieties naturally attendant on love, so truly deferibed by Shakspere in the following beautiful lines, or from some other cause, I will not pretend to say:

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Could ever hear by tale or history,
The course of true love never did run smooth;
But either it was different in blood;
Or else misgrafted in respect of years;
Or else it stood upon the choice of friends;
Or, if there were a sympathy in choice,
War, death, or sickness, did lay siege to it;
Making it momentary as a sound;
Swift as a shadow; short as any dream;
Brief as the lightning in the collied night *.

I received, about this time, a letter from Mr. Alderman Cracroft, my attorney in London, informing me, that Mr. Davy's attorney had orders to fue me for the arrears due upon my annuity, unless I sent him a power of attorney to enable him to make a lawful claim upon Mr. Calcraft, who had refused to pay it. As I had made no doubt but that it had been regularly paid, I was doubly angry at his meanness in having in his letter pretended ignorance of the affair. I therefore immediately figned the writing that was fent me, and forwarded it to London by the first post. I afterwards heard, that, upon Mr. Calcraft's treating the person who made the demand very cavalierly, he was arrested. Hurt at such an indignity offered to a man of his great confequence, he threw

^{*} Midfummer's Night Dream, Act I. Scene I.

the cause into chancery, where it remained hung up during Mr. Davy's life, who was too opulent and too indolent to carry on the suit.

I remained in Dublin till the middle of the fummer. And Mr. Mossop not being able to pay me the whole of what he had engaged for, I was obliged to borrow four hundred pounds, before I could leave the kingdom. After I landed in England I was taken so ill at Chester, that I was confined for several days. I had the happiness to come over with two ladies, who were very attentive to me, and who were kind enough to delay their journey, in order that we might travel to town together.

When I was tolerably recovered, these ladies persuaded me to go with them to the concert. There I smet Mr. Crump. As I had not seen him, or heard any thing from him, since my being arrested for the debt due to him, it was natural for me to suppose that he not only knew of the affair, but was consenting to it. I accordingly, when he saluted me with his usual cordiality, could not help expressing my surprise at it. An explanation took place; immediately after which, he abruptly left the room, and, as I have since heard, set off for Dublin, where he endeavoured to revenge himself upon Coates. But he was disappointed in this; for Coates, having received

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ceived some intimation of his design, and dreading his resolution, to avoid his sury, set off for England. And in a short time after, this much-injured man, who had before given some proofs of infanity, died raving mad.

Upon my arrival in London, my health not being perfectly restored, I went to my former lodgings at Chelsea: from thence I wrote to Mr. Cracroft, informing him that I would be with him in a few days. I was indebted to this gentleman a very considerable sum; and he had expressed some displeasure in a letter he wrote me, upon account of my leaving the kingdom, without acquainting him with my design. I own I was unpardonable in not doing it; and the more so, as I was very intimate with his lady and family.

When I waited on the Alderman, he asked me whether I had any engagement at the theatre. To which I answered in the negative; adding, that I could not attempt to make one, till my affairs were settled. He said, it would be very difficult to do that, as the amount of what I owed was more than he believed I thought it. I had made no doubt but that Mr. Calcrast had appropriated the overplus, arising from the sale of my jewels, to the payment of my debts, as far as it would go, and I concluded that might amount to near four thousand pounds. The workmanship of some of them was

fo extremely curious, that it must have insured the sale of them, and that at a very good price. There was among them a windmill, which, upon being wound up, went for three hours; and a cap set in a style peculiarly elegant.

How great then was my aftonishment, when I was informed by the Alderman, that they had been delivered to Mr. Jeffries, a sword cutler in the Strand, who had broke them to pieces by order of Mr. Calcraft, and that the money arising from them only amounted to eleven hundred pounds. As I had delivered Mr. Calcraft the receipts, which were for more than six thousand pounds, and they had been purchased of persons of reputation in that business, I could not account for the manœuvre. I therefore desired him to write to Mr. Calcraft upon the subject.

Mr. Cracroft now proceeded to inform me, that he had received a list of my debts from Clifford (who had left me upon account of her being married), and that they amounted to ten thousand, three hundred pounds. My courage now forsook me; I had little to hope from Mr. Calcrast, who, in this last instance, had not only shown himself to be cruel, but dishonest, in the strictest sense of the word. The Alderman then seemed to him at my taking the benefit of an act of insolvency, which was at that time in agitation. I own, I never selt myself

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myself degraded till that moment. The bare supposition of such a step made me so ill, that I was unable for some minutes to answer him.

When I was a little recovered, I informed him that I was incapable of such a thought. In me, I said, it would be the blackest fraud; as mine were debts which had been contracted from extravagant thoughtlessness, and not like those of the fair trader, which were generally the consequences of losses or misfortunes. I added, that I was determined to throw myself upon the mercy of my creditors, to whom, if they would allow me time, I would make all the reparation in my power, by giving up to them the whole of my salary, referving only my benefit for my own support.

This refolution the Alderman applauded in the warmest terms. He said, that he had hinted at the measure, merely to make a trial of my probity. And since I had so nobly scorned to clear myself by such an unjust method, he would draw up for me a letter of licence, which he had no doubt but every creditor, as well as himself, would sign; and not only do that, but afford me support to the utmost of their power. He accordingly suffilled his promise, and advanced me some money for my present exigencies.

Mr. Rich received me with open arms; and my engagement being figned, I was so far easy. re sup-

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My

My letter of licence was likewife figned in a few days by all my creditors but one, who declared she would never proceed to any violent measure for the recovery of the debt, but, having made a solemn promise never to fign any paper whatever, she could not set her hand to mine.

Mr. Digges, I found, was gone into Wales to wait for my return; it being inconvenient for him to crofs the water, he could not go to Ireland to accompany me the whole way. Whilst he was waiting near the Head (for, from my returning by way of Chester, he had missed me), he was informed that a nobleman had paffed through the town, on his way to London, with an actress; being told that the lady was a little black woman, and that she went on feemingly against her confent, Mr. Digges inflantly concluded it must be me. He accordingly, like a true Don Quixote, fet off after them, in order to rescue his Dulcinea from the hands of her ravisher. He could not overtake them till he got to Holywell, where he was informed they were in bed. His fears however were a little alleviated, by hearing that they flept in separate apartments. He waited with the utmost impatience till they arose; when he discovered that the person who had caused this alarm was no other than Lord Ferrers, who had been to Ireland, to prevent his fugitive fifter from going

going on the stage, and was now returning with her to London. As the description Mr. Digges had received of the lady answered in every particular to mine, the mistake was natural; and, happy to find it was not the person he expected, he made directly for town.

Paying a visit one evening to Lady St. Leger, I observed a lady with a pair of my bracelets upon her arms; I could not be deceived, as they had on them the letters G. A. B. in diamonds, and with the fame letters likewife in blue enamel, and were fet round with brilliants. Maisoneuve had charged me two hundred and forty pounds for them. Having been informed by Mr. Cracroft that all my jewels had been taken to pieces, I could not help observing to the lady, that she did me too much honour in wearing my cypher. Upon which it came out, that Mr. Calcraft had made her a present of them. I further learnt, that my good friend before-mentioned had received, as a present from that gentleman, my best diamond ear-rings, which cost me five hundred and feventy pounds of the same jeweller; together with many other valuable ones, among which was my pink diamond ring, a gem of fo rare a kind as not to be matched.

Their being fent to a filversmith's, to be unset, was now easily accounted for. It is very well known,

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Leger, s upon ey had ds, and el, and ave had nds for Cracroft ieces, I the did cypher. raft had learnt, had remy best hundred r; togeamong of fo rare

be unfet, ery well known, known, that pawnbrokers never lend near half their value on diamonds, the fashion of them changing so often. Consequently, Bibby would not have advanced me two thousand pounds upon what sold for eleven hundred. As soon as I had made this discovery, I ordered a fuit to be commenced against Mr. Calcrast for the whole value, which was settled amicably the March sollowing. But that did not annihilate the intended injury.

Can any reflections which may drop from my pen, in the course of these Memoirs, upon the conduct of a man capable of fuch an act of difhonefly, even at the time he was pretending to have the greatest regard for me, be thought to favour too much of asperity? I am too well convinced of your candour, to suppose you will think they do. Nor will the world, I dare fay, after they are hereby informed of the truth, which has never till now reached them. The deteftation I entertained for him, after fuch repeated proofs of duplicity, was well founded. And I must furely fland acquitted in the eyes of every impartial perfon, for not renewing a connection with one. whose heart was fashioned of such stuff as I have in the preceding pages described it, with the strictest justice, to be.

G. A. B.

VOL. IV.

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LET-

L E T T E R LXXV.

August 6, 17-

WHEN the feason began, I took a house in Jermyn-street; and by a most fortunate political event I was enabled to live in a degree of elegance little inserior to what I had been accustomed to. Mr. Digges had embarrassed himself, both in England and Scotland, for a woman he had formerly been connected with. This, with our living separately, doubled my expences. And the latter subjected me to solicitations, to which every woman, who has been supposed to make one in the gay world, is liable. A great part of this I indiscreetly drew upon myself, by not making known to the world the reasons of Calcrass's treacherous conduct. Had I done so, the liberal part of mankind would have pitied me.

Among the competitors for my favour, which were numerous, there was one who actually offered me ten thousand pounds to be admitted as a favoured lover. As the gentleman is now happily married, I will not mention his name; there are, however, I believe, living vouchers of the truth of this affertion. And here I can safely aver, that, notwithstanding ill-nature or envy might

might have suggested infinuations to the contrary, I never, even in thought, deviated from the duty I owed, as I imagined, to Mr. Digges, whilst the union between us existed.

Whilst my house in Jermyn street was fitting up, I continued to sleep at Chelsea, but was in town all day. The drawing-room and best bed-chamber being not yet finished, the upholsterer's man secreted nine yards of damask, a quantity of chintz, and some very fine Dresden china, which were presents. As his honesty had been more than once suspected by his employer, a search-warrant was obtained to examine his lodgings. This being carried into execution, the whole of my property, which was very remarkable, was found, but nothing belonging to his master.

The upholiterer was one of the most implacable of men. He came to Chelsea in the evening, whilst I was absent; and by means of threats so far intimidated my maid, as to prevail upon her to go to the justice's, and swear to the goods which were found. This she did, and was bound over to prosecute in the penalty of forty pounds. But the offender having a very large family, I was so far influenced in his favour by my natural humanity, as to keep my maid from appearing against him. I then set on soot a subscription to-

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wards paying the forfeiture of the bond, and I believe I got thirty guineas towards it.

In consequence of my maid's not appearing, the man was discharged, and the very same night he called at my house. As I supposed he had no other business with me than to return me thanks for my lenity, and acknowledgments of that nature being most disagreeable to me, I told the servant who brought in his name, that I was busy, and could not see him. Upon which the sellow sent in word, that he must see me, or it would be worse for me; for I had compounded selony, and before a few hours were passed I might be called to answer for it.

I was alarmed at the infult, but not being conversant with the law, I was at a loss to comprehend his meaning. It was therefore necessary to refer to some one for advice. And as I could think of no person at the time to consult but my cousin Crawford, who had taken the benefit of the late insolvent act, and was returned to his chambers and business, I sent for him to settle the affair; and, in the mean while, the ungrateful wretch waited at a neighbouring public house. When Mr. Crawford came, the sellow made a peremptory demand of sifty pounds, which he insisted on being paid immediately, otherwise he would go and lodge an information against me.

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Finding from my good coufin that there was no redrefs, I paid the money.

Thus did I become a victim to my humanity, by means of a monster who deserved to suffer the feverest inflictions of the law for his ingratitude, though he had escaped the due deserts of his dithonesty.—This instance serves to prove, that, however strongly humanity might urge to the contrary, the regular profecution of an offender against the laws of his country is a duty we owe to ourselves as well as to the community.-Infuch cases, lenity ceases to be a virtue.—A stronger claim than delicacy of feeling calls for a spirited exertion upon these occasions. - The trouble and inconveniencies which attend a profecution ought to be chearfully fubmitted to; and though fervices rendered our country of this kind are not attended with fo much eclat as those where life is exposed in her defence; yet they are a duty incumbent on every good citizen, and as deferving of a civic crown.—Justice, indeed, should ever be tempered by moderation; and humanity should always be exerted, whenever prudence does not forbid.

The theatre not opening fo foon as was expected, I had leifure to vifit, and be vifited by, what the world generally denominate friends; that is, those who will entertain you as long as you are

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amufing,

amufing, and are the fashion; but the moment stern adversity throws her contemptuous robe over you, they no longer are your friends. Like the poor sequestered stag, so pathetically described by Shakspere *, "These velvet friends abandon you." The careless herd, sull of the pasture, jump "along by you, and never stay to greet a poor and broken bankrupt." On the contrary, they join in the cry against you, and accuse you of saults you never committed, in order to excuse themselves from assisting you.

It has often excited my wonder, when I have reflected how much the word friendship is abused, and how it is proftituted in its application, by those who are unacquainted with its meaning. Since adverfity has vifited me, I have frequently found those, whom I have always thought to be endowed with the most refined and liberal fentiments, to be as ready to avoid the person they once affected to admire, and loaded with profeffons of regard, as the fervile herd: and I can with truth affirm, that among the numbers I formerly had it in my power to oblige, I never met with a grateful return but from one gentleman, of whose gratitude I shall give you an account in my future letters. Was I to mention to you some very extraordinary inflances which I have it in

^{*} As You Like it, Act I. Scene I.

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my power to do, some of my former nominal friends would not be very well pleased at the disclosure. But they may sleep in quiet. My injuries, however irritating, shall not impel me to disturb their peace, if peace can ever find a place in an ungrateful mind.

Yet why should I expect to be exempted from the natural consequences of imprudence and distress?—Neglect and censure constantly attend the depressive turn of Fortune's wheel.—It ever was, and ever will be so.—How just and exemplary is the proof my beloved and often quoted author gives us of this human depravity, in his "Timon " of Athens *!"

" As we do turn our backs

- " From our companion thrown into the grave,
- " So his familiars from his buried fortunes
- " Slunk all away; leaving their false vows with him,
- " Like empty purses pick'd. Whilst his poor Self,
- " A dedicated beggar to the air,
- "With his disease of all-shunn'd poverty,
 - "Walk'd, like Contempt, alone."

As I am upon this topic, let me add, that the many favours for which I am indebted to those, whose humanity has induced them to afford me relief since distress has come upon me, are deeply imprinted on my memory; and the impression, I

* Act IV. Scene II.

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trust,

denning ingratitude in others, I would not wish to be guilty of it myself. I would therefore here return my most grateful acknowledgments for the numerous favours I have received, not only from many noble personages, whose virtues add lustre to their high rank, but likewise to the community to which I formerly belonged. To them I shall always esteem myself greatly indebted, and assure them it will be the highest happiness I can experience, if ever I have an opportunity to evince my gratitude.

But to return .- Mr. Rich produced, this feafon, a most superb Representation of a Coronation, in the historical plays of Shakspere. And in order to prevent the principal performers from refufing to appear in the procession, he proposed walking in it himfelf, as Queen's Chamberlain. Unfortunately, however, he was taken ill at the last rehearfal, and never had the pleasure of seeing the grand pageant he had spared no expence to render as magnificent as possible. As I performed in most of the plays, and walked as Queen every, night, I had very little leifure to pay any attention. to my domestic affairs. I left the conduct of my. house entirely to my own maid, having no doubt of her honesty; and supposing the weekly vouchers. the brought me in a fufficient check upon her.

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As I may not have occasion to mention Mr. Rich any more, I will here entertain you with a theatrical anecdote relative to a pupil of his, which exhibits a scene so truly laughable and ridiculous, that I am sure it will not prove displeasing to you.

During the initiation of Miss R. White, Mr. O'Brien, of Drury-lane Theatre, gave her some instructions how to perform with propriety the character of Sylvia, in the Recruiting Officer. One day, as he was thus employed, observing that the young lady misconceived his directions, and repeated a passage very improperly, he told her she ought to consider that the part she was speaking was a parenthesis, and required a different tone of voice, and a greater degree of volubility, than the rest of the sentence.

"A parenthesis!" said Miss White, "what's "that?" Mrs. White, who happened to be present, hearing this question of her daughter's, and blushing that she should thus betray her ignorance, instantly broke out into the following polite and sensible exclamation? "O! what an infernal "limb of an actress will you make! What, not

" know the meaning of prentice? Why, prentice,

" Ma'am, is the plural number of prentices. O;

" you'll make the devil of an actress !"

In the month of February, the creditor, who would not fign my letter of licence, called upon me, and requested that I would give her a bond and judgment for the money I owed her. She alledged, in support of her request, that it was a large sum, and in case of my death, my surniture, plate, &c. would secure it to her. As I sully intended to discharge it as soon as possible, I consented to her request, upon condition that the security might be given for no shorter a term than a year. I accordingly called, soon after, at the person's house, and having read the bond, which was stipulated for the time mentioned, I signed it; but, being in haste, I very imprudently omitted seeing whether the judgment was of the same date.

In a short time after, I received a letter from the woman, informing me, that she must have immediate payment of the whole money, or else she would put the judgment in force against me. Alarmed at such a dreadful threat, I knew not what course to take. Mr. Digges, being much embarrassed in his affairs, had accepted of an invitation to return to Edinburgh, where he was a great favourite; and there he intended to continue, till I could get my affairs settled, which his presence greatly impeded, as those persons, who were willing to assist me, did not care to do it while he was with me.

As I had not entertained any apprehensions from this creditor, I had paid many others, whom Mr. Cracroft had pointed out as being in indifferent circumstances. But this woman being opulent, and always professing the greatest friendship and regard for me, I did not suppose she would proceed to violent measures. I however now discovered, that I had put myself in the power of one of the worst of women: a woman, who thought nothing wrong that would produce money. I had heard, indeed, that her character was doubtful; but, as she had never given me the least hint which could authorize suspicion, I imagined the report fprang from ill-nature. I had, notwithstanding, reason to alter my opinion. As she was not only a lace-woman, but dealt in every article necessary for a lady's toilet, it was not doing her any injustice to suppose ladies of easy virtue frequented her house; but, upon an explanation of her fentiments, I faw I had every thing to dread. It is not improper here to remark, as it was the means of my gaining a fuit, which the afterwards instituted against me for the recovery of the money, that, in a letter she fent me, she informed me that the bond was for a year, but the judgment for a month. And her brother, to make the letter more forcible, fwore by his Maker, that they had bit me. Through this ex-C 6 preffion,

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pression, and the palpable deception which had been made use of upon the occasion, I was enabled to triumph over such a dangerous opponent.

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXVI.

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Aug. 14, 17-

MR. Calcraft being one evening at the reprefentation of "Zara," the uncommon applause I met with revived his passion, and induced him to make use of every method he could devise to bring about a reconciliation. Having watched me one Sunday, he came up to me in Derbycourt, and earnestly entreated that I would favour him with half an hour's conversation. Upon my resusal, he begged that, if I would not be reconciled to him, I would attend to a proposal he had to make me, which would accommodate the disagreeable affair relative to the diamonds. This also I resused to do, affuring him, at the same time, that I would not hold any correspondence with him whatever.

Upon this he went to a tavern, the corner of York-street, and I really believe I received twenty letters from him in a short time. Finding me still inslexible, he sent Nurse Carter to me; the person

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person I have mentioned before, who lived with me many years, and brought up all my children. This good woman, he knew, had great influence over me, and therefore he was in hopes she would remove my prepossessions. But they were too deeply rooted; particularly as he had offered me a fresh insult, by getting a friend to deliver me a message, of an extraordinary nature, just after my return from Ireland. This aggravation of his injuries will be fully explained in the letter altready hinted at, which I shall give you, by way of Appendix to my "Apology," as I was then obliged to suppress the publication of it, for reasons assigned in their proper place.

Nurse Carter executed her commission with great sidelity to her employer. And at last, wearized out with her importunities, I told her, that, if Mr. Calcrast would write me his proposals of accommodation, or send his attorney to me, I would hear what they were, and consult Mr. Cracrost upon the propriety of accepting them. He accordingly sent them by one of his clerks. They contained the following articles: That he would give me money to pay off Mr. Sparks's bond for four hundred pounds: That he would compromise all my debts with my creditors, if I would consent to go abroad till it was done, as none of them would accept of less than the whole of their demand

demand whilst I was upon the spot: And, lastly, he would grant me an additional annuity of one hundred pounds, which, with the twenty pounds furplus of the former, he said, would enable me to live in Holland, or France, till the affair was finished.

Having confulted Mr. Cracroft upon the fubject, I wrote to Mr. Stubbs, senior, who still lives in Parliament-street, informing him that I would accept of his client's proposals. That gentleman, accordingly, waited upon me with the bond of annuity for the additional hundred a year, which was in trust to Nicholas Linwood, Esg; of Broadftreet, wine-merchant, a partner with Clermon and Co. Mr. Stubbs, at the same time, brought with him a general release for me to fign; but this, as an honest man, he advised me not to do. As I could not, however, have any legal demand upon Mr. Calcraft, the fuit with Mr. Davy relative to the former annuity being still pending, I delivered up the marriage contract given upon our union, and figned the release. Having disposed of the hundred a year out of the former annuity to all intents and purposes, till the sum which I had received should be repaid, with fifty pounds befides, as I have already observed, it is not to be fupposed that by figning the release I gave a receipt for what was not mine to dispose of. The releafe

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release is now in the hands of Mr. Stubbs, junior, of Suffolk-street, Charing-cross.

The fame evening the deeds were figured, I fet off for Harwich, in my way to Holland. I have omitted to inform you, that upon the conversation I had held with my rigorous female creditor, from which I obtained a knowledge of her purposes, I indiscreetly left my house, and went to my mother's in Brewer-street; having first fent my plate to Alderman Cracroft's, as a fecurity for his debt. The companion of my journey was Miss Betty Cibber, who had been left me as a legacy by her grandfather, Colley Cibber. intellects were rather weak, and she was liable to fall a prey to every defigning person who flattered her, that celebrated old gentleman configned her to my care; and he left all his grand-children as legacies to different persons. A son of Mrs. Smith, whom I have formerly mentioned, being a furgeon, I had got him to officiate to a regiment. This young man likewise accompanied my flight.

When we got to Harwich, the wind being contrary, we were prevented from failing; and as I was apprehensive of being pursued by my inflexible creditor, I thought it prudent to go to Manningtree, a village at some distance from Harwich, to remain there till the wind changed. My be-

nefit

nefit was to be on the Monday following, which would render it impossible to keep my departure any longer a secret.

The Thursday evening, as we were at supper, we heard a chaise and sour enter the inn, and presently, to my infinite surprize, Mr. Digges made his appearance. This, you may be assured, was not the most agreeable rencontre. He appeared to be greatly enraged, and insisted on my two companions returning to London, and on my immediately getting into another chaise, and quitting the house. I was so terrified by the violence of his temper, that I consented to his injustions, on condition that he did not carry me to Edinburgh. I had some how or other taken an unaccountable aversion to that place, but without being able to assign any reason for it.

We travelled, fide by fide, not in the best temper with each other, without pursuing any fixed route; and when we arrived at Cambridge, I had fresh cause of distress. Some rhyming Cantab had defaced the windows of the inn, where we put up, with some lines in my savour. One of these, signed by Mr. Bullock, an admirer of mine, of whose attachment I have given you an account, was as follows:

Let Jove his Juno and his Nectar boast, Champaigne's my wine, and Bellamy my toast.

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This added fuel to the flame which was already blazing in his bosom. And, as "Trifles light as " air, are to the jealous, confirmation strong, as " proofs of holy writ *," he thought he had found fresh reason to accuse me of levity.

But his attention was in some measure taken off from these disquiet thoughts by an unexpected incident. Taking up a news-paper which lay in the room, I observed in it an advertisement, which was too particularly pointed, for me to doubt that it related to myself. It ran thus; "If the lady, "who left a near relation's on such a day, with a young gentlewoman and gentleman, will return; that relation has in possession a larger deposit than will serve to accommodate the disagreeable affair which occasioned her to leave London."

Upon reading this intelligence, I infifted on immediately returning back to London. To which Mr. Digges confented. But when we got to Edmonton, he determined to leave me there, and go to the capital by himself, ro enquire into the circumstances of the affair. He accordingly set out, whilst I pleased myself with the hopes of being there as soon as him. But, upon my ordering a post-chaise, the man of the house informed me, that he had received positive directions.

^{*} Othello, Act III. Scene VII.

from the gentleman not to let me have a carriage, nor even suffer me to leave the house. Patience was my only resource; though, I own, I cannot constitutionally make that virtue my boast.

When my good man returned, he informed me, that my mother was fo enraged at my not coming back before, supposing I must have seen the advertisement, that she had determined to refund the money deposited in her hands; and to fell the furniture of my house, in order to pay Mrs. Jordan, my milliner, who was her intimate friend. I entreated Mr. Digges to fuffer me to go to my mother, that I might try to prevail upon her to alter her resolution; but my entreaties were ineffectual. Notwithstanding the vexation I felt at the time from this obstinate refusal, I must do him the justice to say, that I believe he was influenced by no other motive than pure regard. He had engaged to go back to Scotland. He had likewise great reason to suppose, that, from his being so much involved, he should not be able to continue in London, should he break that engagement. Befides, it was natural for him to conclude, that the deposit was conditionally lodged with my mother, the nature of our attachment being unknown. All these reasons induced him to infift on my flaying with him.

We then once more fet out, without having any fixed placed to go to. When we got to Barton Mills, an inn on the Norwich road, I was taken very ill. Here he left me, and went again' to London; I believe, to enquire whether my mother had carried her threats into execution; and he found she had done it immediately. I was now left in a very difagreeable fituation; and, for the first time in my life, was apprehensive of knowing the want of money for my present exigencies. All my wardrobe had been put on board the pacquet at Harwich, fo that I had no apparel with me but a few shifts, my night-dress, and the travelling habit I had on. To pay my expences when I got to Holland, I had procured bills and letters of credit from Mr. Colley, an acquaintance of my mother's, upon merchants at Antwerp and The Hague, at which places I intended taking up my refidence alternately. these were now of no service to me.

In this fituation, we turned our horses heads towards the North; and when we came to Preston, in Lancashire, the money I had with me was nearly expended. Nothing was now to be done but for Mr. Digges to go on to Edinburgh. This he did, leaving me at a village, the name of which I have forgot, about twenty miles short of

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it; as I had infifted on his not taking me to that place, agreeable to the promise he had made me.

In two days after he left me, a post-chaise came to convey me on to the Grass Market, as the driver told me. This I supposed to be a town which was called by that name, and accordingly went with him. When I arrived at an inn in the Market, a woman waited for me, of a most extraordinary figure. She was very lufty; had been handsome; was intolerably dirty; had on a Dutch cap, with a plaid round her shoulders; and was without flays. She informed me, in the Scotch accent, that her name was Molly Kershaw, a particular friend of my spouse's, and that she came to conduct me to my apartments. I told her, I hoped they were not in Edinburgh. She declared, they were not, but at Miss Coulstone's, a person who was genteel as well as mysell, though the took in plain-work. She acquainted me, that fhe had ordered dinner at the inn where we were, particularly a very fine turbot, which she dwelt much upon. I had but little appetite at any time; and indisposition, fatigue, and fretting, had not increased it. But, to my great surprize, when the boafted dinner appeared, the very fine turbot proved to be a large piece of coarse thornback.

Between

Between fix and feven o'clock in the evening, a coach came to convey me to my apartments in the Cannon Gate. When we arrived, after having mounted three pair of stairs, the ground-floor of which was a chandler's shop, I was introduced to the genteel Miss Coulstone. This lady appeared to be an old maid of about fixty years of age, and looked as if she had been smoke-dried. She was the very counter-part of the old woman in "Rule a Wife and have a Wife."

The found of music now reached my ears. Upon my enquiring from whence it came, I was answered, from the theatre, which was directly opposite. From this I learnt, that the Cannon Gate, where the coach had set me down, was the suburbs to the city of Edinburgh, into which I had thus, through my ignorance of the country, been decoyed. I no sooner made the discovery than I took a pair of scissars, and cut my hair off, quite close to my head, to prevent my being solicited to appear in public.

The piece which was performing was the "Beg"gar's Opera," in which my gentleman acted
Macheath, a part he was esteemed very capital in.
After the opera, he hastened to me, when he informed me, that the English papers having announced my absence, it was conjectured, that the
new-comer at Miss Coulstone's was the very sugitive

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gitive that had lately deserted her fituation at Covent-Garden.

The next day, Mr. Bates, joint proprietor of the Edinburgh theatre with Mr. Douson, and acting manager, acquainted Mr. Digges, that it would be useless to open the doors, unless he could induce me to appear upon their stage. I could not possibly conceive how my arrival could be so soon discovered. For, to prevent all suspicion, it was not to be known that Mr. Digges had attended me down, and he was to reside at his own lodgings.

Our journey had been expensive. I had but little money left, and Mr. Digges less; for the bills I had upon Holland were of no use to me here. In this situation, there was no other alternative but my conforming to Mr. Bates's wishes. The loss of my hair was the greatest bar to my appearance. However, for the first time, I had recourse to false; and, as I had not even necessaries, I was obliged to have cloaths made at a great expense. But my success was so much beyond expectation, that I was very well enabled to do this. Curiosity induced families to come from all parts of the country.

The following prologue written by Mr. Cunningham, whose merit has entitled him to a place among among the poets of Great Britain, was fpoken by Mr. Digges upon the occasion.

In early days, when error fway'd mankind, The fcene was cenfur'd, and the stage confin'd. As the fine arts a nobler taste supply'd, Old prejudice grew fainter—droop'd—and dy'd.

Merit from fanction must deduce her date,
If she'd arrive at a meridian height;
From fanction is the English stage becom
Equal to Athens, and above old Rome.

If from that stage, an actress fill'd with fears,
New to this northern scene, to-night appears,
Intent—howe'er unequal to the flight,
To hit—what Critics call—the bappy right;
She builds not on your fister's * fond applause,
But timidly to you submits her cause:
For taste refin'd may as judicial sit
Here, as she found her in an English Pit.

Your plaudit must remove the stranger's fear;
The sons of Genius are the least severe.
Some favour from the fair she's sure to find;
So sweet a circle cannot but be kind.
Then to your candid patronage she'll trust,
And hopes you gracious—as we know you just.

During my first excursion to Ireland, this gentleman complimented me with the following poe-

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^{*} London.

tical fragment, about the time he produced a little piece of two acts, called "Love in a Mist," or "The Lass of Spirit;" which was performed at the Theatre-Royal, Smock-Alley, several nights, and met with a very favourable reception. Upon my arrival at Edinburgh, he constituted a part of that company; when he wrote the foregoing Prologue. Though Mr. Cunningham's abilities as an actor, from his extreme diffidence, were but moderate, yet the productions of his Muse entitled him to respect.

* A FRAGMENT.

Part of a Poem written on Miss Bellamy, when in Dublin.

From flavish rules, mechanic forms, unty'd, She soars, with facred Nature for her guide. The smile of peace—the wildness of despair—The soft'ning sigh—the soul-dissolving tear; Each magic charm the boasted Oldsield knew, Enchanting Bellamy! revives in you.

'Tis thine, resistless, the superior art,
To search the soul, and trace the various heart;
With native force, with unaffected ease,
To form the yielding passions as you please!

Bell's Poets, Cunningham, page 80.

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Oldmixon's * charms, by melody imprest, May gently touch the fong-enamour'd breaft; But transient raptures must attend the wound, Where the light arrow is convey'd by found! Or should + Mechel in languishing advance, Her limbs display'd in ev'ry maze of dance, (The foul untouch'd) fhe captivate the fight; But breathing wit with judgment mnst unite. To give the man of reason unconfin'd delight.

In looking over my papers lately, I found the following pretty Pastoral, which he wrote in my praise. Though it is only addressed, in the true pastoral style, to Phillis; yet the copy of it, in his own hand-writing, from which this is transcribed, and which I received from him, denotes for whom the compliment was intended.

PHILLIS: A PASTORAL.

I.

I faid—on the banks by the stream, I've pip'd for the shepherds too long; Oh grant me, ye Muses, a theme, Where glory may brighten my fong! But Pan bade me stick to my strain, Nor lessons too lofty rehearse, Ambition befits not a fwain, And Phillis loves pastoral verse.

- * A lady celebrated for finging.
- + A dancer then in Smock-Alley Theatre. VOL. IV.

II. The

II.

The rose has a beautiful red;
But faded to Phillis's bloom:
The breeze from the bean-slower bed
To her breath's but a feeble perfume.
The dew-drop so limpid and gay,
That loose on the violet lies,
(Tho' brighten'd by Phœbus's ray)
Wants lustre compar'd to her eyes.

III.

The filly I pluck'd in full pride,

It's freshness with her's to compare;

And foolishly thought, till I tried,

The flow'ret was equally fair.

How, Corydon, could you mistake?

Your fault be with forrow confest;

You said the white swans on the lake

For softness might rival her breast.

IV.

While thus I went on in her praise,
My Phillis pass'd sportive along:
Ye Poets, I covet no bays,
She smil'd—a reward for my song.
I find the God Pan's in the right,
No fame's like the fair one's applause,
And Cupid must crown with delight
The shepherd that sings in his cause.

The

The feason being far advanced, eight nights were to be the limited number of my performing, and the last was to be for my benefit. The morning of that day I was arrested by the creditor who had been the occasion of my indiscreet slight from London. I was, however, soon set at liberty, the caption being against the laws of Scotland, which allow some days notice to debtors before they can be taken.

Upon this occasion, the first lawyers in the kingdom were volunteers in my cause; particularly Mr. Montgomery, the present Chief Baron, and the Dean of the Faculty. It at length came to trial; and the letter I formerly mentioned was produced, from which it plainly appeared, that the fecurity was fraudulently obtained. And the courts of juffice in Scotland being at the same time courts of equity, a verdict was given in my Having thus defeated the iniquitous defavour. figns of my creditor, she consented to receive her debt by instalments of two hundred pounds a year. After this my other creditors, particularly Mr. Alderman Cracroft and Doctor Baillie, to whom I was indebted in confiderable fums, joined in recommending me to that perfonal protection which they knew was to be had in Scotland.

As good frequently springs from evil, this miffortune seemed to be the means of procuring me the attention and civility I met with, in fo eminent a degree, during my residence in this kingdom. In particular, it procured me the happiness of being admitted into the family of Mr. Montgomery, upon the most intimate footing, of which I shall always have the most grateful sense. most attached patronesses I had, besides those of the Montgomery family, which were numerous, were the Duchess of Douglas, and the Miss Ruthvens, the eldest of whom foon married Mr. Elphinstone. The latter were partial to me to a degree of enthusiasm. Lady Ruthven likewise honoured me with her fupport.

The enfuing feafon I was to have a third of the profits, with two benefits; and Mr. Digges a weekly falary. As Mr. Calcraft feemed to think that Scotland was abroad, he regularly paid my late granted annuity to Mr. Speediman, proprietor of the stomachic pills in the Strand. Mr. Digges now took a house at Bonnington, a very pleasant village, near Edinburgh. Our fuccess at the theatre was very great, and we could have faved money, had not the debts my gentleman had contrêted, upon account of the person he formerly lived with, embarraffed him greatly.

About this time I was much furprized to receive a letter from Mr. Ballard, treasurer of Covent-Garden theatre, containing a demand for a

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capital fum. He informed me, that Mr. Rich's executors had made him account for the falary, paid me three years before, during the shutting of the house, upon account of the demise of one of the semale branches of the Royal Family. My agreement was annual, and Mr. Rich had expressly ordered the treasurer not to make any deduction for that vacation. But as Mr. Ballard had not taken the order in writing, he was liable to pay it. As I had received the money, I could by no means consent that he should refund it. Common honesty required, in my idea, that he should not be the sufferer. I therefore wrote to Alderman Cracroft, desiring he would settle it, as well as he could, to the satisfaction of the treasurer.

At this period my mother, together with all my paraphernalia, which was returned from Holland, fent down to me a young gentlewoman that, she imagined, would make some figure upon the stage. Her name was Wordley. She had an uncommon flow of spirits, and had received a more liberal education than is usually bestowed on English women in the middle line of life. Her father was steward to the Earl of Powys, and he had spared no pains to cultivate the mind of this daughter, who was his favourite, and whose genius led her to receive his instructions with pleasure. So accomplished a young woman was to be considered.

as a valuable acquisition, as well as doing honour to my mother's recommendation. I therefore requested her to take up her residence at Bonnington.

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXVII.

August 22, 17-

UPON looking forward to the number of incidents it will be needful yet to relate, to give you a perfect view of this checquered life of mine, and to let the world into the fources of those actions which in many inflances have drawn upon me unmerited cenfure; I fee they will much exceed the bounds I imagined, when I first fat down to record them.-Circumstance grows from circumstance-and recollection receives additional vigour from the exercise of it-I therefore cannot help being apprehensive, that, notwithstanding the affurances you have fo often given me to the contrary, the relation of them will prove tedious to you.—This apprehension, however, will be a curb to me, and prevent me from inferting any incidents that are not immediately conducive to the purposes for which I entered upon it; namely, to fatisfy your curiofity, and to endeavour to remove thafe

those prejudices the public have imbibed against me, from not knowing the whole of my flory. And I shall of course make my digressions as short and unfrequent as possible.

Mr. Digges did every thing in his power to make me happy. He indulged me with every pleafure he could procure for me. But my temper was fo much foured by the continual demands for the debts he had contracted before my union with him, that I could not relish any enjoyment, or behave towards him with that complacency I could have wished.

About the middle of the season he informed me, that he had received a letter, acquainting him that his brother, Capt. Dudley Digges, was arrived in England, and that he wished much to see him upon some family concerns. He therefore determined to set off to visit his brother, and we were obliged to manage in the theatre as well as we could. But how to procure money for the expences of his journey was the question. This Mr. Still, my attorney, and indeed my fac-totum, upon my application to him, advanced.

When Mr. Digges arrived in London, my mother was foon reconciled to him, and he remained at her house during his stay. Upon his return, he presented me with a large silver repeater, to be placed at the head of my bed, as I had often

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wished for a machine of that kind, to know the hours when I was to take the medicines my indifferent state of health rendered necessary.

There was a young gentlewoman in the company, for whom I had a great attachment, the wife of Mr. Aickin, of Drury-lane theatre. But death foon robbed me of her. This event affected me much, and made my health, which was but indifferent before, still more so. It therefore became needful to find out some performer, who could relieve me from the constant satigue I underwent. And I met with Mrs. Kennedy, with whom I had formerly played during my first excursion to Dublin.

This lady, her husband, and their son, were accordingly engaged at a salary, which Edinburgh would by no means afford. But what was to be done? My playing constantly was impracticable; and no person could supply my place, unless they had acquired some reputation. The proprietors were therefore obliged to consent to the engagement, notwithstanding the expence was so great. Mrs. Kennedy had merit in some parts; and, as she had been in several travelling companies, she was studied in every character. Though she was far from handsome, she was a good figure.

Our views, however, in engaging her were frustrated by indisposition. She was taken ill

foon

foon after her arrival; and a dreadful eruption appearing in her face, the was able to perform but four times during the whole feafon. A ridiculous circumstance happened in consequence, which, if it strikes you as it did me and the whole audience at the time, will at least excite a smile.

Mrs. Kennedy thinking herself so well recovered as to be able to perform, she sent word that she was able to appear in Zara, in the "Mourn-" ing Bride," which was to be acted for the benefit of some particular person she wished to bestiend. But about sour o'clock on the day of performance, she was taken so very ill, that her appearance was impracticable. The piece was to be played by particular desire, and there was no substitute to be got for so capital a part, nor a possibility of changing it. In this dilemma, Mrs. Farrel, Mrs. Kennedy's sister, who was about twenty years older than that lady, and was a person who used to figure away in old nurses, undertook to play the part.

The audience expressed marks of disapprobation throughout the whole of her playing, but particularly so when she died. Upon which she rose from between the mutes, and advancing towards the front of the stage, she told the audience, that she was concerned she could not acquit herself so as to give satisfaction; but, as good-nature

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had induced her to undertake the part, merely to ferve the person whose benefit it was, she hoped they would excuse it. Having finished her speech, she hastened to the place from whence she had risen, and threw herself down again between the mutes, who covered her sace with the veil. So uncommon an incident had such an effect upon the risible muscles of the whole audience, as well as myself, who was just entering as Almeria, that it was impossible to compose them for the rest of the evening.

This puts me in mind of a fimilar laughable adventure that once befel Mrs. Hamilton. That lady, playing the character of Arpasia in "Tamer-" lane," and being very lusty, the scenemen found great difficulty to lift the chair into which she had thrown herself, upon her supposed death; which she observing, she ordered them to set it down, and, making her courtesy to the audience, walked off as coolly as if she was not to be supposed dead.

The letters I received, during the time I prefided at the Edinburgh theatre, from itinerant players applying to be engaged, amounted to an incredible number. They generally wrote in fuch a style, as to shew they all thought themselves Garricks and Cibbers. to

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The ensuing feason the honourable Mrs. Digges died, which made it necessary for her fon to go to England. She left eight thousand pounds between her two fons, upon condition that the elder should quit the stage, and take her maiden name of West. Mr. Digges communicated this news to me whilst I was at the theatre; and I received a letter from my mother by the same post. to haften his journey. The races were to be the enfuing week, which is usually the harvest of the feafon. Money, however, must be immediately raised for his expences. I therefore left the repeating-watch with Mr. Still for feventeen guineas, and I believe confented that he should take ten or fifteen from the office. I could not spare any more, as in a few days I should want the two hundred which I had agreed to pay to my inflexible creditor.

Mr. Digges then set off for England, with a promise of returning as soon as possible. But as he was not to play in suture, that was immaterial. At the conclusion of the week, I sent to Mr. Still for the two hundred pounds; and received for answer, that he had not a shilling, as he had given Mr. Digges all the money in his possession, and he was two hundred pounds in his debt.

My distraction upon receiving this intelligence is hardly to be conceived. I had requested Mr.

D 6 Ferguson,

Ferguson, my creditor's attorney, to dine with me at Bonnington, the day the money was due, when I would pay him. Very fortunately for me, that gentleman poffeffed the most liberal mind, and was an honour to his profession. Miss Wordley having acquainted him with the real fituation of my affairs, for I was too much distressed to do it myself, he agreed to allow me three months to raise the money; and, that his client might not be diffatisfied, he remitted the fum, and took the debt upon himself. So remarkable an instance of humanity claimed my warmest thanks. It was likewife productive of the most heartfelt regret to me; for upon being informed, fome years after, that this amiable young man was one of the persons who lost their lives by the falling of the bridge at Edinburgh, I fincerely lamented the unfortunate disaster.

Whilst I had been an inhabitant of Parliamentfireet (a period pregnant with forrows) I had recommended a gentleman, who wrote a very fine hand, to Mr. Calcrast, as a clerk.

About two years after this, he informed me, that he had an opportunity of going to the East-Indies in a very advantageous fituation; assuring me, at the same time, that he should ever retain a grateful remembrance of the savours he had received from me; which his suture conduct testified that he did.

This

This gentleman, whose name is Hearne, made many enquiries after me, upon his return to England; and casually hearing of my distress, whilst I was at Edinburgh, he most generously sent me two hundred pounds. This was the most acceptable favour I ever received, as it shewed the gratitude of the donor; of which I shall have occasion to say more in the course of my narrative.

I must not omit mentioning another event of a similar nature, which likewise happened about this time. I had formerly had a servant, named Daniel Douglas. He lived with me about nine years. But at length, from the gentleman's gallantries in the samily, the maids being all partial to him, I recommended him as a domestic to Lord Hume, then governor of Gibraltar. His Lordship made him his major-domo; and Daniel behaved so much to the satisfaction of his master, that he left him something handsome when he died.

I had been informed, that a Mr. Douglas had called at my house several times, when I happened not to be at home. One day, as I was going up the Castle-hill, I was accosted by a person whose face was familiar to me, though I could not recollect him. The poor fellow burst into tears, and having made himself known to me,

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d retestiand enquired after my health, &c. he begged I would permit him to speak to me for a few minutes the first leisure I had, as he was detained in Edinburgh by no other business. I appointed that afternoon to see him at my house, and could not imagine what the business he wished to speak to me upon was; for though I had always endeavoured to deserve the regard of my domestics, I never had been particularly kind to him.

When he came, he informed me that he had faved up eleven hundred pounds; that his wife had taken an inn upon the Dover road, for which, upon being put into possession, they were to pay seven hundred. He then said, he hoped I would forgive his presumption in what he was about to say; but as he was afraid I was not in such circumstances as formerly, if I would be so good as to make use, for my own time, of the remainder of the little fortune I had been the means of his getting, it would afford him more real pleasure than he could receive from disposing of it in any other way.

I could scarcely refrain from tears at the manner in which this offer was made. It seemed rather as if he had been soliciting a loan than offering a favour. I thanked him cordially for his intended kindness, but declined accepting it; assuring him, at the same time, that I did not do I

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fo from being hurt at the offer, which gave me fingular pleasure, but because I had lately received from Mr. Hearne, whom he well knew, the affistance I then wanted. I added, that I could not think of borrowing the money he had laboured many years for, without being certain of repaying it, even if I was actually pressed for it; I confequently would not contract a debt of such a nature, when I really had no immediate occasion. The worthy man reluctantly acquiesced with this declaration, and took his leave, in appearance as much mortified at the resultantly of his money, as others would have been at being dunned for it.

This grateful behaviour of my late fervant Daniel only wants the decorations of Shakspere's immortalizing pen to make it as memorable as that of Adam in his "As you like it."-The honesty and friendship of that venerable fervant towards the memory of old Sir Rowland, as he terms Orlando, when represented by Berry, with that honest plainness, and unaffected sensibility, which was never equalled by any other performer, could not affect the weeping audience more than this well-meant offer of Daniel's did me. The impression will never be eradicated from my mind. And that infinitely more from the manner in which the favour was tendered, and the grateful intention of it, than from the fervice fuch a fum at that

that time could have been to me. These were the only two instances of gratitude, among the numerous opportunities I gave for the exertion of it, that ever I met with. But these are sufficient to convince me, that the virtue has an existence, though, like the phænix, its appearance is very rare.

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXVIII.

August 29, 17-

UPON my first engaging at Edinburgh, the gentlemen of Glasgow offered to build a theatre by fubscription, if our company would promise to perform there in the fummer. To this we readily confented, as the inhabitants were not only opulent, but liberal to a degree. The theatre being now ready, we formed very agreeable ideas of the jaunt; and that not only from the views of profit that it presented, but from the favourable ideas we entertained of the place and people. The Goddess of Nonsense (for so we had nicknamed Mifs Wordley, from her being directly the reverse, and having performed the character at Mr. Wilkinson's benefit) was impatient beyond measure for our removal from the metropolis. I had lately left Bonnington, and refided in the city,

city, as the business of the theatre required my being near it; and upon this occasion David Hume complimented me with his apartments in the Cannongate.

When we were about to fet off, after having discharged my bills, I found I had not eash sufficient to destray the expences of the journey; my samily consisting of myself, Miss Wordley, and three servants. The chaises were ordered, and expected soon to be at the door. Not knowing how to raise any money upon this emergency, I sent one of my women, whose name was Waterstone, to a watch-maker's in the High-street, to dispose of the silver repeater Mr. Digges had given me. The person I directed her to apply to had gained a reputation, by making several for that great mechanical genius the Duke of Argyll.

The chaifes were now at the door; and I waited with the greatest impatience for the arrival of the money to enable us to set off. Some hours elapsed without any tidings of my messenger. Her honesty I could not suspect. Her stay therefore could not be accounted for. About four in the afternoon, a person, dressed something like one of our beadles, came to inform me, that a woman belonging to me was detained about a watch she had offered to sell.

This intelligence crowned my misfortunes. I fent back the chaifes which were yet in waiting, and

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and defired Mr. Still would go to regain the poor woman her liberty. When that gentleman got to the watchmaker's, he was informed, that Mr. Digges had purchased the watch of the very perfon I sent it to. It being invaluable upon account of the workmanship, but from the largeness of its fize not very saleable, he had sold it to Mr. Digges somewhat under the mark, and had taken his note for it, payable at the conclusion of the season.

The man faid, as he understood Mr. Digges did not intend to return, and as the watch was offered for fale, suspicions arose in his mind that it was not honestly come by; especially as the woman resused leaving it, or telling from whom she came. Mr. Still having thus learnt the circumstances of the affair, to accommodate it as well as he could, returned the repeater to its first owner, upon his agreeing to deliver up Mr. Digges's note, and liberating my servant.

My friendly negociator then went to endeavour to raife me a fund that should enable me to set out for Glasgow the next morning, it being necessary that we should no longer defer going. He brought me sufficient for the expences of half the journey, and I was obliged to depend upon the purses of my partners for defraying the remainder. Miss Wordley's humour kept my spirits

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spirits from sinking under all these vexations; and the gloom which overclouded my mind seemed gradually to dispel every mile we went. So that before we had made much progress in our journey, I assumed a chearfulness to which I had long been a stranger.

The next day at noon, we saw the delightful city to which we were going, at a little distance before us. The magnificence of the buildings, and the beauty of the river, which the fineness of the day caused to appear, if possible, to greater advantage, elated my heart; and I anticipated the pleasure I should have in being received by friends, who were not only most cordial in their repeated invitations, but whose opulence furnished them with power to sulfil their warm promises of support.

When we arrived at Glasgow, one of the performers exclaimed, "Madam, you are ruined, "for you have nothing left but what you have "with you in the chaises." I am at a loss, even now, to account for the composure with which I heard this alarming salutation, for I enquired into the cause of it without the least emotion. I was informed, that the stage of the New Theatre had been set on fire the night before, and that all my paraphernalia and wardrobe, which lay there unpacked, had been consumed by the slames.

The

The conflagration, I found, was occasioned by the following circumstance. A Methodist teacher, who held forth in that city, told his auditors, that he dreamed, the preceding night, he was in the infernal regions, at a grand entertainment, where all the Devils in Hell were present, when Lucifer, their chief, gave for a toast, the health of Mr. ——, who had fold his ground to build him a house upon (meaning the theatre), and which was to be opened the next day for them all to reign in.

The poor ignorant enthusiastic hearers of this godly preacher found their enmity against Satan and his fubjects inflantly inflamed by this harangue; and, in order to prevent fo alarming an extension of his infernal majesty's empire, they haftened away in a body to the new-built playhouse, and fet the stage on fire. Luckily the flames were extinguished before any other part of the theatre was confumed, but the whole of my theatrical wardrobe, which lay in the packages upon it, were destroyed. It appeared, that this religious mob had been joined by others, who wished to take advantage of the conflagration; as a great deal of the false trumpery upon the regalia of the mock kings and queens had been taken away, and, being found of no value, lay fcattered about the fields. As the theatre was a mile

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mile from the city, and the flames did not burst out so as to become visible, the incendiaries compleated their design, and filently retired. No alarm was therefore given, nor our loss known till the next morning.

Notwithstanding the intelligence I now received was of the utmost importance to me, I heard it with great tranquillity. But poor Miss Wordley, who had lost her little all, lost with it all that philosophy she, on many former occasions, had preached up to me. Which recalled to my memory these fine lines of Shakspere *;

--- Men

Can counsel, and give comfort to that grief Which they themselves not feel; but, tasting it, Their counsel turns to passion, which before Would give preceptial medicine to rage.

—'Tis all men's office to speak patience
To those that wring under the load of forrow;
But no man's virtue, nor sufficiency,
To be so moral when he should endure
The like himself.—

Instead of throwing myself into violent agitations, and lamenting my loss, as many would have done, I very coolly said, I would go and look at the ruins; and ordered the chaise to drive immediately to the theatre. I there beheld the ashes of all

^{*} Much Ado about Nothing, "Act V. Scene I."

my finery, which had cost many, many hundreds of pounds; and, at that time, upon a moderate computation, were worth nine hundred, there being among them a complete fet of garnets and pearls, from cap to stomacher.

When I returned to the inn, I enquired for Mr. Bates; for, as to the other partner, I never had any knowledge of him. I was informed that he was gone to the Exchange, to offer a reward for discovering the incendiaries. But all his endeavours to that purpose were vain. The native firmness of the Caledonians infures their fidelity to each other. For in this affair, as well as that of Captain Porteus, in which, by all accounts, many hundreds were concerned, there was not one perfon found treacherous enough to give evidence against their partners, relative to the excesses they had been guilty of.

The postillions were obliged to wait the return of Mr. Bates, as it was not in my power to difcharge them. When he came, and had fent the chaifes away, I defired he would go back to the Exchange, and inform every person he faw, that I was fully determined not to make my appearance upon the Glasgow-stage, unless I did so the next evening, according to the plan I had fixed, but which it was not in my power to do for want of cloaths. Upon which, one of the principal

merchants of the city, by whose interest chiefly the theatre had been built, came immediately to the inn, and politely offered me whatever money I wanted. I chearfully accepted his friendly assistance; and, upon my repeating the resolution I had formed, he told me, I should have all the ladies cloaths in and about the city, before the evening, if we could get the stage repaired; so that should be no hindrance to us.

It being impracticable for us to perform a Tragedy, as the necessary dresses could not be got ready for fome days, we determined to perform "The Citizen," by way of play, and "The " Mock Doctor" for the farce. Mr. Bates inflantly got fome industrious carpenters, who nailed down boards for a temporary stage (the other being entirely confumed) which they covered with carpets, till the damage could be repaired. And, before fix o'clock, the gentleman fo well performed his promise, that from not being mistress of one gown, I found myself in possession of above forty: and fome of these almost new, as well as very rich. Nor did the ladies confine themselves to outward garments only. I received presents of all kinds, and from every part of the adjacent country, together with invitations and parties for the whole time of my refidence in their neighbourhood.

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Every thing was ready by the usual hour, and we played the two pieces just mentioned to a crowded house. At the conclusion of the piece, one of the principal ladies declared from the boxes, that none of the audience would stir till all the performers, and even the servants, were safely out of the theatre; lest there might be some personal attack attempted by those who could commit such an outrage as that of the preceding evening; and the town-guard was ordered to escort us into the city.

The capital inhabitants made parties to entertain us; and I can truly fay, that I never met with more civility, more festivity, nor more applause, in any place wherever I appeared. Mr. Reddish was the principal man in tragedy, Mr. Aickin in comedy. Whilst I was at Edinburgh, I had prevailed upon a gentleman, who was poffessed of some talents, to compile a little piece from the celebrated poem of Offian; and I appeared in the character of Commela, there, with great fuccefs. But at Glasgow the applause I received was beyond all bounds. This little piece alone, tacked to any indifferent comedy, would fill the house, so that it was crowded every night; which tended greatly to relieve me from the fatigue I daily underwent, not only from the duties of my profession, but from the constant round of invitations I was obliged to accept of.

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"Macbeth" and "Douglas" were much called for; but these pieces could not be performed. till cloaths proper for appearing in them were made and brought from Edinburgh. As I had no black vestment of any kind sent to me among the numerous ones of different colours which had been showered upon me by the ladies, I made that an objection to playing the character of Lady Macbeth. Upon which, I was affured by one of the inhabitants, that her Ladyship walked every night, at the caftle of Dunfinane, dreffed in white fattin. Not being able to refrain from fmiling at this piece of information, I was told, with great feriousness, that it was really a faet; of the truth of which I might be convinced, by watching one night only at the castle. I rather chose, however, to give credit to the person from whom I received the account, than be at the trouble of putting the affertion to the test; and played the character, out of the usual form, in white fattin.

On the fourth of June there was to be a grand dinner at the Bull-Inn, in honour of the day. At this inn I had taken up my refidence, from the fulness of the town, and its being situated near the theatre. What made this place of abode the more desirable, was its being an immense, commodious building, capable of accommodating us

vol. iv. E in

in every respect. It had been erected by subfcription for the reception of the gentlemen belonging to the hunt, in the winter; and in the fummer for the people of fashion who live in the environs, and come, at that season, occasionally to Glasgow. There was likewise a large room in it, which in winter was a free-mason's lodge. This now served us for a wardrobe.

Mifs Wordley feemed frantic with joy at some news she had received from Edinburgh, which induced me to follow her, to enquire the cause; when she informed me, that she had heard Mr. Woodward was arrived in that city. On hearing this pleasing intelligence, we prevailed upon Mr. Bates to set off immediately to invite him to join us.

While the rubbish that had been occasioned by the fire was removing, we set about searching to see if we could recover any part of the valuable things I had lost; when, to my great joy and surprize, I found, among some of it which the first waggon could not contain, a trunk belonging to me. In it were deposited some cloaths, a great deal of linen, and some of my laces. But the chief part of the latter were consumed during the burning of the stage, together with all the trinkets I had of any value. This, however, was a great acquisition, and afforded me the more pleasure, as it was given over for lost.

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We had the mortification to find, that the report of Mr. Woodward's being arrived in Scotland was without foundation. This was a difappointment to us indeed. For as this gentleman's character in private life was as amiable, as his public one was celebrated, he would have proved a valuable acquisition in a country, where fomething more than theatrical merit is necessary to insure approbation.

As the fummer drew towards a conclusion, I faw, with infinite regret, the time approach for our return to Edinburgh. There had been an execution in our house at Bonnington, for a debt Mr. Digges had left unpaid. I had, therefore, no fettled habitation to go to. But it was not folely on this account, that I regretted leaving Glasgow; the hospitality and friendship I had received from the inhabitants during my stay had made an indelible impression upon my mind.

Besides, the beauty of the place and of the country around it are extremely captivating. The meadow, in particular, is beyond description picturesque and charming. It reminds every one, that has seen the beautiful village of Haerlem, of the near resemblance of one to the other. On one side of the river, you see the City Bleaching-houses, where multitudes are employed in the different avocations of the linen trade; some

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washing, others attending the coppers, and others laying the linen to bleach. On the other fide the cattle are grazing in a most delightful pasture, which terminates in a landscape much beyond any description it is in my power to give of it.

We had likewise the pleasure to observe, that our departure was as much regretted by our hospitable entertainers; as we selt ourselves mortified by the separation from them. And it is with the most sensible satisfaction I reslect, that there was not one member of our company, who did not depart without credit to themselves, and honour to the profession.

Upon my return to Edinburgh I took a small English house in the Cannongate. But finding Mr. Bates had entered into an engagement with Mr. Sheridan, without my knowledge or consent, a liberty diametrically opposite to our agreement, I declined appearing any more; an event which proved of greater consequence to the proprietors, than they had imagined it would, as I afterwards found they played to their loss every night.

Having come to this resolution, I determined to return to London as soon as I conveniently could. And my departure was accelerated by a very unexpected discovery. Another of those revolutions of fortune which had so frequently been my lot now awaited me. Having

one day received a letter from Mr. Digges, now West, with a demand for a larger fum than I could fpare, I could not help being much affected whilft I read it. Upon which, a gentleman, who happened to be prefent, told me, he was well affured the union that had taken place between Mr. Digges and me could not be valid, as to his knowledge a former wife was still living. Being alarmed at this information, and doubting the truth of it, the gentleman promised to fend me well-authenticated proofs of it as foon as he got to London, for which place he was just fetting off.

Accordingly I received, foon after, an affidavit, confirming the truth of this affertion, by which I was again fet at liberty; and found, as I had done more than once, an union, I thought to be indissoluble, fuddenly dissolved. The gentleman at the fame time informed me, that he had feen Mrs. Digges, who told him that she had announced her death in the public papers, in order to de_ ceive her husband, by whom she was apprehenfive of being molested.

She might have spared herself the trouble and expence of fuch a manœuvre, as I am very certain he never meant to fee her after their feparation, his affections being at that time really fixed upon another person. I must here stop to declare, that I acquit Mr. Digges of any intended de-

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ception toward me. Had he not been unfortunately embarrassed in his circumstances by a former connection, the delicacy of his tenderness, and the unremitting attention he always paid me, would have prevented my having the least cause of complaint.

By what a chain of fand do all the hopes of poor blind mortals hang!—Take what 'steps we will to render it durable, even those which are apparently the result of prudence, and they cannot insure permanency to it.—Some unexpected stroke breaks the contexture, and our most sanguine expectations are scattered by the winds.—No woman has surely so much reason, as I have repeatedly said, to complain of these sudden attacks of fortune, as myself.—Be my intentions ever so pure, and well planned, some incidental obstruction srustrates the purposed end.—It is a long time since I troubled you with any complaints of this nature.—Bear therefore with this, as the occasion so pointedly excites it.

G. A. B.

L E T T E R LXXIX.

Sept. 5, 17-

THE incredible marks of friendship I had received during my residence in Scotland, claimed every acknowledgment on my part. To shew, therefore, that I was not infensible of this indulgence, I inferted the following advertisement in the public papers, every day, for the month I flaid after my difengagement, in order to pay my respects to those who had particularly honoured me with their patronage.

" As Mrs. Bellamy has dissolved her engage-" ment with the proprietors of the Theatre in " the Cannongate, she begs leave to return her " warmest thanks to the public in general, and " to those friends in particular who have done " her the houour to patronize her in fo flatter-" ing a degree, fince her refidence in Scotland; of " which fhe will ever retain the most grateful " fense, as their favours are deeply impressed in " her heart.

" N. B. All persons who have any legal de-" mand upon Mrs. Bellamy, are requested to de-" liver in their accounts at her house opposite " Lord Milton's, in the Cannongate, within one " month of this date, in order to receive the " fame."

The first among my patrons was the present first Baron, the worthy Mr. Montgomery; a gentleman as well known for his goodness as his great knowledge. He not only extricated me from the perfecuting spirit of an insatiable cre-

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ditor, as before related, but introduced me to the ladies of his family; and I thought myself happy in being an intimate of his fister, and of his prefent lady, who is one of the most amiable of women; as well as the Viscountess Townshend, whose goodness excels her beauty, though that is so acknowledged. In this circle I had the happiness of being introduced to the late Duchess of Douglas, who ever after honoured me with her patronage. These ladies gave me a general invitation, and not only received my visits with pleafure, but returned them.

We had befides formed a little party of particular friends, who met once or twice a week at my house. We termed this sociable meeting the "Nonsense Club." Miss Wordley presided as the goddess. And I really believe, as much innocent mirth, wit, and good-humour, abounded in it, as ever did in any assembly of the same nature. Every body was anxious to please. Ill-humour, ill-manners, and all indecency, were banished from it, and instruction and mirth only reigned. The gentlemen that were admitted to our little society were chiefly students and young men possessed of learning and understanding greatly above the common rank.

The Dean of the Faculty had likewise been a volunteer in my cause upon the occasion before mentioned;

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been a before ioned; mentioned; and though the fuit was pending two terms, the only expence I was at was for printing the cases, which came but to a trifle. Upon a moderate computation, this fuit would have cost hundreds in the English courts of common-law.

I cannot conclude without acknowledging the very great obligation I had to Mr. Hockart my attorney, whose attention and goodness I have never been able to shew my gratitude for.

There was a circumstance attending this litigation, which I own greatly furprized me. The great advocate, Mr. Lockart, who was retained by my opponent when it came before the court, bestowed the most virulent abuse upon me. Every thing that even the utmost malice of an enraged bad woman could have fuggested, he loaded me with. But when he afterwards honoured me with a visit in my dreffing-room, he told me he was much concerned at his having been misinformed.

"However," continued he, "do not give your-

" felf any uneafiness about what I said in the

" court. For what I uttered in the pleadings,

" except what immediately related to the case in " point, was not paid the least attention to."

And indeed, a moment's reflection convinced me of the truth of the learned advocate's observation. For my being both before, and afterwards, careffed by ladies of the most exemplary cha-

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racter, as well as of exalted rank, affured me, that whatever had been spoken to my disadvantage, upon the occasion, had not gained any credit. Had that been the case, I should not have retained their good opinion; but, on the contrary, I was as much caressed in private, as admired in public. The very flattering reception I met with wherever I went, banished every apprehension; and clearly evinced, that they were merely words of course.

But notwithstanding I was fortunate enough to escape the effects of this official scandal, how many are there whose future lives are rendered unhappy by it! The indifcriminate and generally unmerited abuse, with which such as are so unfortunate as to have any concerns in a court of justice are bespattered by the counfel of their opponents, calls for reprehension. It affords but very little confolation to the unjuftly abused perfon, to hear it afterwards faid, "I am forry for " it"-" I was misinformed"-" It will not be " regarded."—The bur of fcandal flicks close— The impression is not easily defaced-It goes into the world; tinctures every action; and causes the whole of the future conduct to be viewed with a fuspicious eye.-That gentlemen of enlarged minds, as those belonging to the bar are known to be (a few excepted), should condescend to have recourse

recourse to so mean and unjust a method for promoting the cause they are retained in, is really to be wondered at. Those who are naturally revengeful and abusive may rejoice at having an opportunity of indulging a propenfity which gives them pleasure; but an humane and generous perfon will certainly refrain from every unnecessary exertion of it.-I think I have made some similar observations in a former letter. These, however, shall go, as the custom I am censuring, though it has hitherto been confidered as perfectly allowable, is much complained of, and cries aloud for redress.-Let me just add, that though the circumstances before-mentioned have given rise to this digression, a general reproof is only intended.

In consequence of not being able to discharge the whole of the debts I had contracted here, I applied to Mr. Hearne, the gentleman I have already mentioned, who immediately sent me two hundred pounds. But that sum not being adequate to the demands made upon me, which were more considerable than I apprehended, I wrote to Sir George Metham to request his assistance. By the return of the post, I received a remittance for the sum I required, together with a very pressing invitation to spend some days with him, upon my return to London, at his seat at North Cave, my son being there for the holidays.

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Accordingly, at the expiration of the month, Miss Wordley and myself set off for Haddington; to which place some of our Edinburgh friends accompanied us, and spent the evening. The next morning we continued our journey; and, as we had leisure, I was determined to take a view, as we went on, of every place that excited curiosity. This intention, however, was prevented by a disagreeable event which happened early on our journey, and makes me shudder whilst I relate tt.

As we were passing through a village, not far from Berwick, an infant had crept into the high-road, and set itself down in the middle of it. The driver of the chaise going on Jehu-like, did not perceive it; and Miss Wordley and myself being employed in reading, neither did we observe it till the chaise had gone over its legs. Providentially, my screams prevented the carriage from going over its head. The accident had so violent an effect upon me, that I was taken out senseless, and it was some time before I could be restored to life.

As foon as I recovered, my first thoughts were bestowed upon the maimed little one, of whose disaster we had unfortunately, but innocently, been the occasion. Its parents being now returned from their rural work in the fields, I ordered every possible care to be taken of it; and I am certain I suffered more pain of mind, than the child did of body. Had there been a surgeon near, I should not have pursued my journey; but I could not think of letting the poor baby lie neglected through my acute feelings. I therefore, though very unsit to travel, hastened on to the next town, where I was recommended to a gentleman of eminence in his profession, whom I immediately dispatched to his relief. Before he went, I requested him to write to me, as soon as possible, at Sir George Metham's; as I was not only anxious for the recovery of the child, but because the expence of his attendance could not then be ascertained.

A few weeks after my arrival at Cave, I had the pleasure of hearing, not only from the surgeon himself, but from a person who resided in the village, that through the skill of the former, and another trisling circumstance, the child was persectly recovered. The parents were likewise made happy, and the surgeon amply rewarded by Sir George; who had a tear for pity, and a hand ever ready to relieve the distressed, while he had the power.

This was one of those eventual circumstances, which appears at first to be a great missortune, but in the end is productive of the greatest good. For I have since been informed that the father of

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the child, a poor industrious peasant with a large family, was upon the point of being turned out of his little habitation, and having his goods seized, by an unseeling landlord, at the time the accident happened. But this was prevented by Sir George's timely bounty; who not only rescued him from his present distress, but enabled him and his samily to live in comfort ever after.

Oh, how I envied Sir George his feelings upon this occasion! For the exquisite sensation such a benevolent act must excite in a susceptible mind is truly enviable.-Though envy is a vice, with which, thank Heaven, I am totally unacquainted, yet I never hear of the performance of a generous action, but a wish instantly arises in my breast, that I had been the happy person who possessed the power with the inclination to perform it.-Whether this defire of robbing another of fo great a happiness falls under the denomination of envy, I leave to the casuists to determine; but it is a defire I cannot suppress .- To light up the face of diffress into gladness, and to pour the balm of comfort into the wounded mind, is the truest felicity the human heart is capable of feeling.

I was fo much indisposed when I got to Alnwick, from the agitation I had undergone, that I was obliged to remain there some days, before I was able to view that beautiful Gothic Castle, which

which I did not care to leave the place without large doing. I have, however, at prefent, very little recollection of it. Sir George had wrote me word, that he would fend his chaife to meet me at York, and convey me from thence to his house; but unluckily his fervant had gone to a from favourite house of his, and not to the Post-House, is fawhere we were fet down; and the people of the inn, at which the man had fet up his horses, were fo very illiberal as to deny his being there, when

I fent to enquire.

The morning after my arrival at York, I went to pay my devoirs at the convent, where I had fpent fo many happy hours during my former refidence in that city. I found but few of those alive with whom I had then been acquainted, and learnt that the good old chaplain had for fome time been gone to enjoy the reward of his piety. As I purposed proceeding to Cave that afternoon, I was obliged to decline a very preffing invitation the pious inhabitants of this bleffed abode gave me to spend fome time with them, and took my leave, loaded with benevolent wishes.

Upon my return to the inn, I was not very well pleased at still hearing no news of Sir George's carriage, my finances not being in the most flourishing state. I therefore was necessitated to make use of a hired one, in which we set off. When

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We arrived at a place about twenty miles from York, I left my companion at the inn, and proceeded to Sir George's alone. I wished to reconnoitre, and be certain of a kind reception, before I introduced her. If my reception should not be as warm as my invitation, or if there happened to be any company I did not like to join, I was determined to return from his honour's the same evening. But I beg Sir George's pardon for even the bare supposition. Had I considered rightly, I could have had no cause for apprehension on either point, particularly the latter, as he had always been remarkably careful in the choice of the company he introduced me to.

When I approached the house, I saw the owner of it at a distance; and as the road I was in led to his mansion only, he was assured the visit must be to him; he therefore hastened to the chaise. I was much surprized at seeing him alone; nor did he seem to be less so at my being without a companion. As soon as I came up to him, he cried out, "My dear Pop! how comes it that "you are by yourself and in a hack? My chaise

- " has been waiting for you feveral days at York.
- "I began to be alarmed at your stay, and fent
- "George, and my nephew, and fome others, yef-
- " terday, to make enquiries about you. But
- "where is Miss Wordley? I hoped to have had

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"the pleasure of her company." From so cordial a reception, I no longer harboured a doubt of my presence giving pleasure at Cave. I then informed Sir George, that I had left Miss Wordley at a village some miles from his house; upon which he dispatched the chaise to bring her.

As I entered the hospitable mansion, I had the pleasure of seeing the faithful valet I have formerly had occasion to mention. The worthy fellow absolutely shed tears of joy upon my hand as he kissed it. He had conceived such an affection for my fon, that I looked upon him more like a relation than a fervant. He had lived with his master from his childhood; having been brought up in a school, erected by Mr. Montgomery, Sir George's father, for the education of the children of fuch of his tenants and neighbours as could not afford to beflow one on them. At this period, most of Sir George's servants, both men and women, had partaken of the old gentleman's goodness. I am forry to be able to add, that I heard with infinite concern fome years after, that Sir George had discharged his faithful Sherrad, through the mifrepresentations of a favourite mistress.

We had not been long feated, when we beheld Mifs Wordley approach, attended by the cavalcade which had been dispatched in quest of me.

The

The Goddess of Nonsense, forgetting it was Sunday, had placed herself in the window, and fat very composedly at work. So unusual a fight drew the attention of those who passed, and soon raised a crowd before the inn. My son and his companions happening to ride through the village at the fame time, in their return, their notice was likewise attracted by the novelty. This gave Miss Wordley an opportunity of seeing my younker, whom the immediately knew by the great resemblance he bore to his father. Upon which, being above all ceremony, and her apprehenfions of a favourable reception being removed by the fight of the chaife, she threw up the window, made herfelf known to the young gentlemen, and being feated in the chaife, was conducted by four squires on horseback, en grand train, to join us.

After tea, my host desired he might have the pleasure of shewing me to my apartment, as he had something particular to say to me. I arose, and followed him. When we got into my room, I was not a little surprized to see him assume an air of consequence, which no one knew better than himself how to do. He then, with a grave countenance, said, that he was very much concerned to tell me, he had something very disagreeable to inform me of. I began to sear, from this

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this exordium, that I had been too hasty in fending away the chaise. But my apprehensions soon vanished, when he told me, with great solemnity, that, during the distraction occasioned by our separation, he had rashly bound himself, by the most sacred vows, never more to have any tender connection with me.

The conclusion of this speech had such an effect upon me, that I was in danger of forgetting the graces, fo far as to burst into a fit of laughter. But recollecting myself as well as I could, I begged he would not be under the confusion of an apology; for could I have supposed, that in the present situation of things it would have been otherwise, I certainly should not have accepted his invitation. I perceived that his vanity was much hurt at this declaration, and was concerned at it. He had not supposed that I should receive a circumstance of fuch great import with the unaffected indifference I did. He expected that I should regret the restriction, with the same poignant feelings he had declared he himfelf felt; and his chagrin upon the occasion was visible. However, upon rejoining the company, he re-affumed his good-humour and politeness. In both of these Sir George exceeded the generality of his fex, particularly in the latter. I cannot recollect a person amongst all my acquaintance, except the Dowager

Dowager Lady Harrington, who knew how to acquit themselves in doing the honours of their house with more ease and attention; an indisputable proof of a good heart, improved by a polite education.

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXX.

Sept. 12, 17-

WHILST I continued at Cave, every body feemed to vie with each other which could most succeed in pleasing me. But my anxiety to procure an engagement at the theatre made me at times very uneasy. Such a step was absolutely necessary, to clear me from the debts with which I was encumbered; for, notwithstanding the sums I had paid, I still owed above four thousand pounds. Sir George expressed to me a desire of selling an estate, in order to extricate both himself and me; which he assured me he would do, as soon as it was in his power; and he gave me a commission to speak to Alderman Cracrost, upon my return to London, to look out for a purchaser.

In the mean time, he wrote to his coufin, Lord Eglington, defiring he would use his interest with

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Mr. Beard, the then acting manager, in order to replace me in my former station at Covent Garden theatre. By his lordship's answer, I had the mortification to find, that the proprietors were defirous of faving fo heavy a falary as mine. Mrs. Ward and Miss Macklin had divided between them the characters which used to be in my possession. His lordship was therefore informed, that there was no room for me. My pride, as well as the prudential motives which made me folicitous for an engagement, tended to aggravate the contents of his lordship's letter, and to render the disappointment the more irksome. So that notwithstanding the unremitted attention which was shewn me at Cave, as the winter was now advanced, I determined to vifit London.

Accordingly, Miss Wordley, my son, and little felf, fet off for the great city; after having spent three months in all the pleasure that agreeable fociety, good cheer, good-humour, and unembittered pleafantry, can afford. I left this feat of hofpitality with regret; which would have been greatly augmented, could I have then foreseen that I should never more have been an inhabitant of it.

I could not refrain from shedding tears, as we passed the residence of my late worthy friend, Lord Downe. And when I recollect the manner of this nobleman's death, and that no public ho-

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nours have been ever paid to his memory, a gloom overcasts my mind, and I pay him the tribute of a figh.

At Stamford, I was most agreeably surprised to meet with Lord Granby, who did me the honour to spend the evening with me. I could not help observing, to my great surprise, that, during the whole time we were together, his lordship never mentioned the name of Mr. Calcrast. This was the more singular, from a report which was then current, and which I shall explain more fully in my annexed letter to that gentleman.

Sir George had promifed to allow me feven guineas a week; and he affured me that he would foon be in town. The commission he empowered me to give to Mr. Alderman Cracroft afforded me double pleasure; as, independent of my own expectations from it, I should be enabled by it to fhew my gratitude to one of the best of men. I own the fatisfction I received, from finding myself thus reconciled to the person on whom I first beflowed my heart, was very great. A feries of the most complicated treachery had induced me to use him ill, at the very time I preferred him to his whole fex; and the affurance of his future friendship was flattering in the extreme. Whilft it promifed to be ferviceable to me, it did me honour.—The lines I have already quoted from Shakfpere's

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Shakspere's "Midsummer Night's Dream," relative to the crosses of love, are full as applicable to this disunion, as to that where I applied them. I might here, also, with as much propriety say, the course of true love never did run smooth."

Upon our arrival in London, we were fet down at my mother's in Brewer-street, whose house very fortunately happened to be empty. I have already observed, that she usually let it to persons of distinction; the profits of which, added to the interest of the money she had saved, together with her pension, enabled her to live genteelly, and keep up an acquaintance with those who were greatly her superiors.

She consented to let me have her first floor, and undertook to pay all my incidental expences with the money Sir George Metham had promised to allow me. But as she knew the capriciousness of his disposition (which indeed turned out as she expected), and the precariousness of making an engagement at the theatres, when both the companies were settled, she objected to Miss Wordley's continuing with me. Though this objection was the result of prudence, it gave me infinite pain. However, as taking up my abode in a parent's house must appear more eligible in the eyes of the world, than in any other lodging I could get, I was obliged to consent, though with

with great reluctance, to that young lady's fettling near me.

Soon after my return from Scotland, Mr. Dodfley fent me a receipt for a confiderable fum which I stood indebted to him for books. I accepted the present, together with some additional favours received since, as a genteel compliment, for having been the successful heroine of his brother's tragedy of "Cleone."

I now wrote to Mr. Digges (I should say, Mr. West), to acquaint him that we must never meet again. As I had nothing to reproach him with, I did not trouble him with any upbraidings. He had not been guilty of any deception towards me; and, barring his unhappy jealous temper, I must acknowledge that he strove, by every tender, indulgent attention, to please me. Nor did we ever meet after, but once in the street, and twice at the theatre.

A circumstance happened the night of our arrival in town, which, though trisling in itself, as it shewed my much-loved son's affection, I cannot forbear relating. When lights were brought, observing they were of tallow, without seeming to take any manner of notice, he immediately went out and purchased wax. Having done this, his delicacy induced him to call me, upon some slight pretence, into another room, whilst they

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were changed. Such a mark of attention and respect could not fail of giving the most heart-felt
pleasure to a fond mother. And I have the satisfaction to pay this just tribute to his loved memory (for he is now no more), that to the day of
his death he preserved the same unremitting affection and assiduity to please me. The next day,
I took him to Eton, as he had greatly trespassed
upon the limits of his holidays.

Upon my return, I visited Mark-lane, to confult my good friend the alderman; when I opened my commission, which he gladly undertook. I had always, even in my most encumbered situation, preserved my credit with him. Being himfelf the most punctual of men in all his dealings, he never excused the want of punctuality in others. He, however, usually gave his clients permission to name their own time of payment; but that he expected them to abide by. The alderman had paid my creditors fuch confiderable fums the year of my unfortunate expatriating, that he not only kept them in good humour, but prevailed upon them all (except the one who had fo cruelly perfecuted me) to promife that they would do every thing in their power to ferve me.

I entered the room, upon my first going in, with my usual chearfulness; and announced my-self, by saying, "Here I am." Mrs. Cracrost vol. 17.

received me with her usual affection. Mr. Cracroft then asked me, if I had any hopes of any engagement? To which I replied in the negative. But I told him what Sir George had promifed to do for me; at which he was much pleafed. And as the estate, intended to be fold, was in a registered county, he had no doubt, he faid, but he should be able to dispose of it to advanrage. I next acquainted him, that I should endeavour to procure an engagement, if it was only for a few nights, in order to be entitled to a benesit, which I had every reason to hope would prove as lucrative as usual. I therefore requested that he would get my letter of licence renewed; and likewife raife money upon the plate which I had left in his hands, at once to pay himself what would be due to him in a few days (for he was to be paid his debt at stated periods), and to support me till Sir George came to town, as I could not hope to receive any supply from that gentleman till the effate was fold.

During my return home, a thought struck me, which was to write to the honourable Mr. James Brudenell, now Lord Brudenell, who had formerly honoured me with his friendship, but since my separation from his intimate acquaintance, Sir George Metham, had desisted from noticing me. As I was in hopes that his coolness would sub-fide,

fide, now the cause of it was removed, by my reconciliation with the man he so greatly esteemed, I presumed by letter to solicit the honour of his interest with the proprietors of the theatre. Should I be so happy as to succeed in obtaining this request, I could not then, I knew, entertain the least doubt of an engagement; it being the distinguished mark of character in that truly noble samily, whenever they espouse a cause, to make use of every means in their power to promote it. Would some of high rank that I could name follow such bright examples, we should not so frequently hear of broken promises.

The observance of a promise is held by me in so sacred a light, that I cannot forbear expatiating upon it whenever opportunity offers. I shall, therefore, just remark, by way of addition to what I have said upon the subject in a former letter, that my feelings, when I have been obliged to postpone the performance of a verbal engagement, through the want of ability to accomplish my wishes, are poignant in the extreme.—I am even of opinion, that an injury received will by no means cancel an obligation of this nature, or warrant a breach of it.—And so far is my attention engaged by anxiety for the suffilment of those I have entered into, that there is one in particular

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which will be a constant source of disquietude to me till it is in my power to discharge it.

The morning after, I was honoured with a visit from the gentleman I had wrote to; when he not only promised to exert his interest in my favour, but made me happy, by assuring me of the renewed patronage of the ladies of his family.

Two mornings after this, I happened to lie in bed longer than usual. Although I can rise at any hour, with the greatest alertness, when any concern, whether of business or pleasure, calls me; yet when that is not the case, you know, I am no Matiness. Being thus indolently inclined, Miss Wordley came running into my bed-chamber, and, with joy impressed on her countenance, defired I would make haste and rise, as Johnny Beard was coming to see me.

I imagined Miss Wordley meant Mr. Baird from Glasgow; a gentleman who had been a warm partisan of mine, whilst I was in that city. I could not entertain the most distant idea, that the manager of Covent-Garden theatre would so far lessen his consequence, as to visit a performer whom he had so recently rejected; alledging, as he had done to Lord Eglington, that musical pieces were the staple commodity of that house. I found it, however, to my great surprise, to be the patentee himself. Having saluted me with

his usual cordial civility, he informed me, laughing, that he was come ambassador from the junto,
and had the happiness to be deputed by them toengage me; adding, that there was a necessity for
the engagement's being signed that evening.

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Upon my expressing my astonishment at the celerity required, and the urgency made use of, he acquainted me, that he had been honoured with a visit from Colonel Brudenell, who had peremptorily demanded that I should be engaged in four and twenty hours, or else he should be obliged to compel them to a compliance. As the resolution of this gentleman was well known; and, likewise, that he was distinguished by having the ear of royalty; the proprietors thought it better to comply with his demand, than to risque incurring the displeasure of a person whose favour was of such importance to them.

As a further confideration, they knew he had great influence over all the young men of quality, many of whom would be happy in having an opportunity of breaking chandeliers, and pulling up benches.

It must be supposed that I was not a little mortissed, when I considered that a performer, who had always been esteemed of consequence, and who had every reason to conclude herself in some estimation with the public, should, according to

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the stage phrase, be forced upon the managers. I was, however, consoled by the reslection, that I was still honoured with the friendship of my worthy benefactor Mr. Brudenell, who had induced his brother the Colonel to espouse my cause so warmly.

I immediately fent my good friend, Alderman Cracroft, intelligence of this unexpected fuccefs. He was much pleafed to hear of it; but acquainted me, at the same time, of his having been informed, that my inexorable profecutrix had bought up two notes of mine, in order to make her debt above a thousand pounds; by which she intended to prevent me from taking the benefit of any act of infolvency. And this she had done, notwithstanding I had regularly paid her the stipulated two hundred pounds a year, and had given a proof of my honest intentions, by scorning even a thought of taking advantage of an act, at the time I owed near twice the fum I now did. He therefore advifed me by all means to apply to Comte Haslang, with whom I had formerly had the honour to be upon the most friendly terms, to request that he would retain me for his housekeeper, as a fecurity for my person.

The application was no fooner made, than granted; and my protection was drawn up nearly in these words:

"WHEREAS George Anne Bellamy, my

" house-keeper, informs me, that she has con-

" tracted some debts which she is anxious to pay;

" and as she is offered an engagement at Covent-

" Garden theatre; I grant her my leave to per-

" form at the faid theatre, upon this condition

" only, that she appropriates her whole falary for

" the use of her creditors.

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" Signed,

" De Haslang."

The next day, my engagement at Covent-Garden theatre was publicly announced in the papers, together with my intended appearance, the Friday following, in the character of Cleone.

I had now obtained the summit of my present hopes; and as I know your feelings are set in unison with my own, I dare say you will enjoy with me this momentary respite of mine from trouble—A momentary respite I call it—For as Eloisa says, upon reading Abelard's Letters,

"Whene'er thy name I find,

" Some fure misfortune follows close behind;"

fo, with me, fresh troubles tread upon the heels of a relaxation from pain; as the hurricanes in the West-Indies, and other countries subject to them, are surely preceded by a dead calm.

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXXI.

Sept. 20, 17-

I NOW imagined my person to be secure, and that all my affairs were fettled, except that of my obdurate female creditor; and even her I had now no apprehensions from, as I concluded she would take the yearly fum she had agreed to do, rather than attempt breaking through the laws of nations by attacking a person, who was actually the known domestic of a foreign minister: and as I was certain that I should be able to pay her the flipulated fum, from the produce of my benefit, as it was not due till the April following, I fet my heart at rest upon that score. I was likewise perfectly happy, that, notwithstanding my fudden decampment in the middle of the feafon, I had nothing to apprehend from the loss of the public favour; as, the very morning the play I was to appear in was advertised, every place in the house was taken.

But, to my very great morrification, I found the tranquillity, which I had affumed, to be fallacious; and the ferene prospect, that seemed to present itself, as unsubstantial as the baseless fabric of a dream. The house-keeper who lived with me during

during my abode in Jermyn-freet, and in whom I had wholly confided, had appropriated the money allowed for the expences of the house to her own use; and, by bringing me in false vouchers, made me believe every thing was paid for; by which means I found myself two hundred pounds more in debt than I thought for. With the money thus fraudulently obtained, she had purchased herfelf a husband, whom she accompanied to Switzerland, his native country.

This occasioned me many unwelcome visitors, and obliged me to be troublefome once more to my good friend Mr. Hearne, who lent me the money, and I discharged all their bills. I now concluded I was exonerated from all claims that could be made upon me, but I was still deceived. Upon the renewal of my letter of licence, I had fent it to Mr. Deard, to whom I owed about feventeen pounds, for him to fign. I did this as a mere matter of form; for, as I had expended large fums with his father as well as himself, I had no apprehenfions about fuch a trifle.

But, instead of figning it, Mr. Deard sent me word he would call upon me. This he did on the morning of the day I was once more to exhibit myfelf to the public. He was informed that I was engaged, and could not fee him; But as he was very pressing, and had formerly

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been very obliging in lending me diamonds, I naturally imagined his bufiness was something of the same purport. No words, however, can express my fright and astonishment, when he informed me, that he had a demand upon me for one hundred and odd pounds, for a pair of earrings he had lent me, and which he told me had been pledged at Mr. Watson's, in Princes-street, Leicester-fields.

Had the fnakey head of Medusa been presented to my view, I could not have been more petrified than I was at receiving this information. The pair of ear-rings had been lent me before I lest London; and when I had no longer any occasion for them, I returned them by a person I thought I could entrust; but I now sound she had been dishonest enough to pawn them. Mr. Deard told me, that he was sensible I knew nothing of the affair; but that did not exonerate me from being accountable for them. Had I returned them myself, as I certainly ought to have done, it would have prevented this disagreeable transaction.

What made this circumstance the more singular was, that I had sent the letter of licence, when it was first drawn, to Mr. Deard, and he had signed it for the sum before-mentioned. The unhappy wretch, who committed this breach of trust, was

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in possession of a fortune at the time she did it, and had paid the debt of nature only a sew months before I was made acquainted with her dishonesty. She had before borrowed a watch of mine, set with diamonds, which she had also pledged; but, in compassion to her youth and family, I did not proceed to extremities.

There was no refource now left, but to pay the money. For this purpose I fent once more to Mr. Hearne. That worthy man came immediately, and fettled the affair; but not without reproaching Mr. Deard, in the severest terms, for deferring to inform me of this untoward transaction till the day appointed for my appearance, which he well knew must be a very improper time to discompose my mind. He told him, as my being in Scotland was no fecret, he ought to have wrote to me there, that I might have had the earliest information possible of an affair which so nearly concerned me. As Mr. Hearne had formerly paid his father and him large fums of money upon my account, this reprehension came with double efficacy from his lips.

Mr. Deard apologized for the omission, by alledging, that, as he knew me to be quite innocent of the affair, he feared the knowledge of it would have affected me too much at such a distance; and, as he knew my principle, he had not enter-

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tained

my return to town. This unlucky accident disconcerted me greatly; but I was really angry at an offer of more diamonds, which he had brought with him, to decorate me. After what had paffed, I rejected them with some asperity; and I then formed a resolution of never borrowing any jewels in suture but of Lady Tyrawley, which I considered as my own; her Ladyship having frequently declared, that she had willed all those she possessed to me, upon her demise.

The apprehensions, naturally attendant on a first appearance, can be judged of only by a performer. And this is greatly heightened, where there is an anxiety to preserve reputation in a profession which has been very hardly acquired. The ill-judged visit of Mr. Deard made no inconsiderable addition to the perturbations I experienced upon this occasion. They were, however, soon removed by the incessant plaudits I received from every part of the house. But, encouraging as these were, they did not gratify my seelings so much as the splendid appearance of most of my former patronesses. Among them I saw, with pleasure, all the ladies belonging to the family of the gentleman that had procured my engagement.

The managers, encouraged by the reiterated marks of approbation which were bestowed upon

me at the conclusion of the piece, very injudiciously gave it out for the next evening. They did not consider that this was an opera night, and consequently so great a show of beauty was not to be expected to grace the boxes. Besides, the author being now dead, as well as most of his friends and supporters, and the distress being so very deep that sew persons could stand the effects of it, the piece was not at this time held in so high estimation as it once was. It consequently did not succeed the second night, though played after in the course of the winter.

But I must observe, that the managers have it always in their power to depress a performer, even if possessed of much greater merit than ever I could boast; and I am well persuaded, that, if the greatest actor that ever was, and, in my humble opinion, ever will be, had not had the management of bimself, the choice of his characters, and the timing of the representations, he would not have retained the estimation he so justly deserved, and carried with him to the grave. The truth of the foregoing affertion will be more fully proved, by his treatment of the two first semale performers that ever trod the stage, the deservedly celebrated Cibber and Clive.

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The following incident, trifling as it may appear, contributed in no small degree towards Mr.

Garrick's

Garrick's prejudice against the latter of these two actresses; and affords a proof that the least restlection on his judgment, relative to any part of the theatric line, was sure to procure for the offender his lasting enmity. When "Barbarossa" was first brought out, his dress was so very singular, that Mrs. Clive could not help exclaiming, the moment she saw him enter the Green-room, "My God! what is this? I declare, it is the "royal lamplighter!"

So pointed an impromptu occasioned a laugh, particularly from myself; and the lady lost, by this stroke of humour, the regard of the manager, who would facrifice every thing to his vanity. And, notwithstanding Mrs. Clive's merit as an actress was so distinguished, he ever after seized every opportunity to lessen and mortify her.

Miss Elliot, a very beautiful young woman, and who had great talents, had got possession of all my parts in comedy, except Lady Townley. Juliet, and two or three others, were restored me by Miss Macklin; but I had not much employment at the theatre. This, however, did not give me so great concern as it would have done formerly; for my attendance at his Excellency Comte Haslang's engrossed every day a considerable part of my time.

Mr. Beard informed me, one evening, that "Coriolanus" was commanded for the following Thursday. I immediately pointed out to him, the impracticability of my recovering fuch a part as Verturia in a day. He answered me very short, that I must positively play it, as I had been expressly named; and, consequently, it must be. So flattering a distinction could not fail of affording me the greatest pleasure, and exciting my utmost emulation. But the very anxiety which urged me to excel, made me the more imperfect; and I had the mortification to feel, that I never played fo ill in my life. This failure was greatly exaggerated, by being contrasted with the success I had usually met with in this character. It had always been esteemed one of those in which I most shone. Indeed, to speak the truth, I verily believe, that no performer, entitled to the least merit, could fo completely have massacred a Roman matron, as I unfortunately did that night.

My fecond mortification was relative to Lady Townley. As I had always gained great reputation in that character, had it been properly announced, there was every reason to conclude that the audience would have been brilliant; but being only substituted in the place of an opera, upon the indisposition of a singing performer, it was consequently represented to a very indifferent house.

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Mr. Woodward had at this period dissolved the partnership, which he had very injudiciously entered into with Barry. This gentleman, as I have already observed, had accumulated, by his uncommon talents, and his economy, the sum of eleven thousand pounds. Upon his having some dispute with the great Roscius, who, it is well known, could bear no brother near the throne, he went to Ireland, as before related; where, after sour years labour and vexation, he sound himself stripped of every guinea he had been possessed of, besides being involved in the joint debts. He had therefore commenced a suit in Chancery against his late partner, and returned to England.

The subsequent winter he engaged at Covent-Garden, where his success was attended with great advantage to the proprietors. This excellent actor was known in the theatre to have formerly been my professed admirer. The attention he now seemed to pay me was therefore immediately set down to the same account. Miss Elliot's ill health obliging her often to decline playing, all the characters I had once possessed now reverted to their owner; which occasioned Mr. Woodward and myself to appear generally in the same pieces.

Unfortunately for me, a disagreement subsisted between him and the manager, although they Moodward's feeming partiality towards me confequently involved me in Mr. Beard's displeasure. Another circumstance tended to augment this unmerited impression: The manager had lately married Mr. Rich's daughter, with whom, as I have informed you, I was some years back so intimate. This lady, however, having indiscreetly repeated some conversation which passed at Mr. Calcrast's table, he desired I would decline receiving her visits. A great coolness was the result, and we never after were upon friendly terms. I can account no other way for this alteration in the behaviour of the manager, which had always been cordial till that event took place.

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Sir George Metham at length came to town; and, foon after his arrival, he defired I would invite Mr. Alderman Cracroft and Mr. Forrest to dinner, in order to settle the preliminary steps towards the disposal of the estate he proposed to sell. He, upon this occasion, repeated the promise he had made me, when at Cave, of discharging all my debts as soon as he received the purchase money. But ill fortune was still to pursue me. Mr. Cracroft was not able, among all his connections, to get any one to purchase the estate at the price set upon it. The hopes I had indulged, and with so good a prospect of their completion,

were

were consequently frustrated; for a coolness soon after took place, which obliterated all these professions; and the money I expected went to purchase an annuity for a lady he afterwards formed a connection with.

When my benefit came to be fixed, the manager and myself had some words relative to Miss Wordley's performing on the occasion. That young lady wished to try her fortune upon the London stage. I desired much to indulge her, as I was at this time so attached to her, that I feared she would be obliged to enter into some country company, or go to Ireland, if she could not get an engagement in town. The play performed on my night, was "Romeo and Juliet;" and the after-piece was, "Miss in her Teens;" in which she was to make her entré in Tag.

I fucceeded in carrying my point as to the introduction of my friend, and the receipt was the greatest that had ever been known. My great gold tickets, however, failed; for I received but one hundred from Lord Holderness; fifty a-piece from General Monkton, Lord Granby, and Lord Pigot; and one fifty in a blank cover, which I have often suspected came from Mr. Woodward.

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G. A. B.

LETTER LXXXII. and of mid

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Sept. 30, 17-

THE day after, Sir George Metham sent to inform me that my son was much indisposed, and requested me to come to Palace-yard. Having a visitant with me, that was just come from Scotland, I could not obey the summons till after dinner. I then went, with a promise of returning as soon as possible; having been informed, by the servant who brought the message, that my dear George had only a slight cold.

When I arrived, I found Mr. Macklin tête-à-tête with Sir George; who had informed the baronet that I was going to be married to Mr. Woodward. The abfurdity of fuch a report could only be laughed at, on its being mentioned to me; and answered with, "Yes, to be sure!" After the veteran was departed, Sir George pressed me much to stay the evening. I told him I could not possibly comply with his request, as I had left company at home, to whom I had promised, and good manners obliged me to return. Notwithstanding this, forgetting his usual politeness, he entreated me again to stay; and, in spite of all his usual non-chalence, I verily believe, had I been

been d'accord, he would not now have been a rigid observer of those folemn oaths which had given him so much pain at Cave.

Upon my still persisting in going, he hinted at the report relative to Mr. Woodward, which, I own, displeased me much; for it could not really be supposed, that a person of that gentleman's age and prudence, especially as he had loft a fortune, and was endeavouring to fave another, would marry a woman, even if the were inclinable, who was fo much involved as myfelf, and was not the best economist in the world. Whether Sir George affected to believe the report, in order to serve as a plea for his not fulfilling the repeated promises he had made me, or whether he was really jealous, I will not pretend to determine; but fuch a coolness immediately took place, that I never faw him from this time till within these last seven years, when he called upon me to render me fome affistance.

I have often regretted, that a man and woman cannot live in that unimpassioned friendship with each other, which subsists between two persons of the same sex, without being suspected by the world of a connection of a more tender nature, and acquiring censure thereby. I scarcely ever knew an instance, except in the intimacy between the amiable Jemmy Moor, whose untimely sate I have recorded,

recorded, and myself, which lasted unchangeable, and unreproached, till death severed the band of friendship which united us.

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I hope my fex will excuse the declaration, but I freely acknowledge, that I generally prefer the conversation of the men to that of females. The topics of the latter usually turn upon fashions or fcandal, both of which I am now a stranger to. Scandal in particular I have always held in the highest detestation, and I have made it the subject of my reprehension in one of my preceding letters. Though I am now confined to a plain coif, I shall ever retain the same contempt for that hypocrify, which this part of the female attire too often covers. On the contrary, I have every reason to admire fincerity; for, by walking hand in hand with that celestial visitor, it has procured for me the friendship of many persons of the best understanding, as well as the best hearts.

As I shall have occasion to mention Mr. Woodward frequently in my subsequent letters, I shall endeavour to draw a portrait of him in private life. His merit as an actor was so universally known, and justly admired, as to render all eulogiums on that head unnecessary. He was educated at Merchant-Taylors-school, where he soon attracted the notice of the masters, by the rapid progress he made in his studies. I have

often heard Sir George Hay, as well as Dr. Townley, the late Master, say, that he excited the surprize of every one, for he seemed to learn by intuition.

He early shewed an attachment to the stage; and his father meeting with misfortunes, he was induced to try the advantage of the talents, with which nature had endowed him, in the theatrical line, in preserence to the church, for which he was intended. As his sigure was elegant, it procured him the admiration of some of the gay frail ones, which occasioned him to spend several years in dissipation. This was the more extraordinary, as he was naturally of a grave turn of mind. He was, indeed, so much so, that to those who were not intimate with him, it had the appearance of ill-natured austerity.

I have already informed you, that he had a strong understanding, improved by cultivation. His knowledge was extensive, without any alloy of pedantry; but he never made an oftentatious display of it. He was a most entertaining companion when he approved of his company, but referved in the extreme when he did not. He well knew the value of money; but sew were more ready, when a proper occasion offered, to do a generous action. He was the most principled man I ever was acquainted with; and he gave me the following proof of his being so.

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Mr. Lewis one day reproached him, at the theatre, with his appearing at rehearfal in a coat a little out at the elbows. This he imputed to pride, as he said he would not have done so but from a confciousness of his opulence. When Mr. Woodward repeated the circumstance to me, I enquired why he gave Mr. Lewis occasion for fuch a remark, by appearing in fo worn a coat? To which he very feriously and fignificantly replied, "Madam, I cannot afford to run in debt." I cannot fay but I felt very forcibly the justice of this reproach; and as perfons are generally difpleafed when they feel themselves stung by a frank remembrancer, I was not in good humour, for fome time, with my monitor."

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Whilst he was under age, he entered into an engagement to pay his father's debts; but notwithstanding he might have availed himself of that circumstance, he discharged the whole of them with great honour. He fet his brother up in bufiness twice; and was one of the best of sons to his mother, with whom he refided till his unfortunate Irish expedition .- I have thus given you the outlines of his character. To enumerate his virtues, and to place them in the conspicuous light they merit, lies not within the reach of my feeble are habaultsq mus i sat zittaanaa ta read with pleature this out, but madequage true Let me add, that I am of opinion his gravity, which was frequently misconstrued into pride, was occasioned by a bodily complaint he laboured under more than twenty years, and which was the cause of his death. I have been credibly informed, that, had not a blameable delicacy prevented him from making Mr. Bromsield (a gentleman of whose chirurgical abilities he had the highest opinion) acquainted with his disorder, there would have been the greatest probability of his being restored to health, and he might have enjoyed an equal longevity with his contemporaries, Macklin and Yates.

I have been led on to introduce the death of this great actor, and upright man, long before I ought to have done it; but the subject of his life was so interesting to me, that I could not break off whilst any thing remained to be said of it. I hope it will not prove unacceptable to those who admired his theatrical talents, to find that his memory has likewise a claim to veneration upon account of his private virtues. I may, indeed, most truly say with Hamlet, "Take him for all in all," combining all his claims to respect, "we shall "not look upon his like again."

As I know you participate in every circumflance that concerns me, I am perfuaded you will read with pleafure this just, but inadequate tribute ,

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"patron, father, friend." Suspicious minds may perhaps annex another term to these; to such I shall only say, that, had I been at that time inclined to enter into a tender connection, I had many solicitations from those who would have supported me in a very high line. People judge in general from appearances; and if those concerned do not think it worth while to explain these appearances, they always receive an unfavourable interpretation. Any further explanation of the nature of the union which afterwards took place between this gentleman and myself will be unnecessary, as it might be collected from many passages in the preceding part of this letter.

At the conclusion of the season, I had permission, from his excellency Comte Haslang, to make a tour to the continent. His former house-keeper, who was now become Lady Paramount, had a house at Paddington, which induced his Lordship to prefer dining at the club; and, in the evening, to join his intime, Lord Falmouth, at Vauxhall, where the amusement of these two noblemen consisted in entertaining ladies of a particular denomination.

Nothing happened during this excursion worth relating. Upon my return, my mother's house being let to a family of the first quality, I took vol. IV. G apartments

apartments in Rider-street, St. James's; and as I was now at liberty to have Miss Wordley with me, I requested her company. I have already, I think, informed you, that this young woman, before she was stage-struck, lived in the Earl of Powys's house, and was educated by her father, who was a profound scholar and divine, and endowed with a found understanding.

As this daughter feemed to be the only one out of three that had the happiness of enjoying the gifts of nature in a fimilar manner with himfelf, Mr. Wordley had taken uncommon pains to cultivate the feeds fo visible in her infant mind: and the culture was not bestowed in vain. She joined to a brilliant wit, the greatest humanity and the best of hearts. This naturally endeared her to me; and though by reason of her marriage, and her being the celebrated Quaker preacher, I am now deprived of her company, yet I am happy, when she calls upon me, to fee that she retains her usual chearfulness; and I cannot help regretting those days of entertainment and innocent mirth, we have so often enjoyed together.

About this period an application was made to me by Mr. Woodifield, to pay a confiderable fum for fome red champaign, which, by Mr. Calcraft's defire, I had ordered from him to fend to Lord Granby

Granby in Germany; and I had another demand from Finmore, of the Star and Garter tavern, for claret, for which I had likewife indifcreetly wrote an order for Calcraft, when I refided in Parliamentftreet. As I could not think myself liable to these demands, I took no manner of notice of them; the confequence of which was, that they both commenced actions against me.

Accordingly, as I was preparing one night for the opera, I was honoured with a vifit from two of the catchpole fraternity, who told me I must take the air with them, before I indulged my ears. The debt I had contracted of Woodifield, on Lord Granby's account, I could by no means litigate. His Lordship was abroad, and I was too much indebted to his generofity to think of writing to him upon fuch a subject.

When I arrived at the officer's house, the man feeing me better dreffed than his visitors usually were, and recollecting my voice, he took my word for my fettling Mr. Woodifield's action the next day; and giving bail for the other, which I was determined to contest, in order at once to expose Mr. Calcraft, and try the validity of my protection. For though I did not lodge in the Ambaffador's house, I was actually his house-keeper, and remained upon the lift till the Comte's death. But I only availed myself of his protection once.

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Whilst this affair was in agitation, I sent for Mr. Willis, Mr. Calcrast's clerk, to whom I remonstrated upon this fresh instance of his master's ill treatment, but could obtain no redress. My letter to Mr. Calcrast will, however, elucidate these mean and ungentleman-like transactions.

I was obliged, by this unexpected event, to have recourse, once more, to the friendship of Mr. Hearne, who immediately assisted me. This last sum, accumulated that gentleman's debt to fix hundred and forty pounds; for, besides the different sums I had borrowed of him, he had redeemed some valuables which I had left with Mr. Maclewain, of Dublin, in order to discharge every demand upon me when last I was in that kingdom.

Among these things was a gold enamelled snuff-box, a gift of the beautiful Countess of Kildare (since Duchess of Leinster), and as such was esteemed invaluable by me. This, I own, was the only piece of elegance I ever severely regretted parting with; nor should I ever have parted with it, had there not been almost a certainty of my having so valuable a mark of her Ladyship's partiality restored to me. This deposit, together with three or sour dividends, and some tickets at my benefit, are all I have been able to pay of this large debt; and inexpressibly happy shall I be, if ever it is in my power to discharge it. In the

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mean time, I shall retain the most lively gratitude for such frequent interpositions in my favour.

The being too fanguine in my hopes has led me into many difficulties; but the indulgence of these expectations originated from my having been so supremely fortunate as to meet with such singular friends as the Miss Merediths, Miss St. Leger, Miss Conway, Lady Tyrawley, and Mrs. Cracrost, as well as Mr. Woodward, whose former passion was now mellowed into friendship. I have, however, had the mortification to outlive them all.

Female friendship never becomes the subject of my pen, or of my conversation; but that most beautiful description given of it by Shakspere, in his "Midsummer-Night's Dream *," immediately occurs to my memory, and raises in my mind the most pleasing sensations.—As it is not inapplicable here, the mutual affection which substituted between the foregoing ladies and myself being of the purest and most exalted kind, I will transcribe for you the lines:

- " Is all the counsel that we two have shar'd,
- "The fister vows, the hours that we have spent,
- "When we have chid the hasty-footed time
- " For parting us: Oh! and is all forgot?
- " All school-days friendship, childhood innocence?

* Act III. Scene VII.

G 3

" We,

- " We, Hermia, like two artificial gods,
- " Created with our needles both one flower,
- 46 Both on one fampler, fitting on one cushion,
- " Both warbling of one fong, both in one key;
- " As if our hands, our fides, voices, and minds,
- " Had been incorporate. So we grew together,
- " Like to a double cherry, feeming parted,
- " But yet an union in partition;
- Two lovely berries moulded on one ftem,
 - "So with two feeming bodies, but one heart;
- " Two of the first, like coats in heraldry,
 - "Due but to one, and crowned with one crest."

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXXIII.

October 8, 17-

AT this period Mrs. Cracroft died, which gave me real pain, as we were for years in the strictest friendship. This excellent woman was greatly regretted by all who were acquainted with her eminent virtues. She possessed the most exchanting placidity of disposition, joined to the most liberal sentiments; and notwithstanding she was a miracle of chastity herself, she felt compassion for the frailties of her sex. Nor did she think herself contaminated by an intimacy with a much-injured

woman,

woman, that she knew had been grossly imposed upon, and most wickedly traduced.

Permit me just to say, upon this occasion (for, if I recollect aright, I have touched upon the subject in a former letter), I have always observed, that the really virtuous of our sex ever view with compassion the errors of those who have been seduced by the artifices of designing men; and, though totally unacquainted themselves with the frailties of human nature, in this point, can bestow a tear of pity on the martyr of an unguarded moment.—Chastity is undoubtedly the brightest ornament that adorns the semale mind. I agree with Diana, when she says,

- " My chastity's the jewel of our house,
- " Bequeathed down from many ancestors;
- " Which were the greatest obloquy i'th' world
- " In me to lose *."

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But I can by no means allow, as the cenforious part of the fex feem to confider it, that this virtue is the only needful one; and when a person has been unhappily deprived of it, though by the most seductive arts, every other good qualification takes its flight with it.

Lady Tyrawley's health visibly declining, I became very apprehensive that her loss would soon succeed that of my much regretted friend just

G 4 mentioned.

^{*} All's well that ends well, Act IV. Scene II.

mentioned. Few evenings passed, without my receiving a summons to Somerset-house. Her Ladyship, however, remained in this situation for three or four years.

As foon as the theatre shut up, I again visited the continent. I had there the pleasure of hearing, that Madam Brilliant, the French actress I have frequently mentioned, had retired from the gay scene of life she had been so long engaged in, to the gloom of a convent. Though still esteemed in her theatrical profession, and with an extensive train of admirers, among whom was one of the first Dukes in that kingdom, she refisted all their folicitations; and, notwithstanding she had been to unfortunate as to lose her reputation, she had the resolution to prefer fasting, and a breviary, to all the elegance and fplendor of Paris. This, in my idea, is real virtue; especially as she had forfeited the opinion of the world. But she is amply repaid for every worldly lofs, by that happy tranquillity fhe now, if she still be living, enjoys.

My going abroad this year was occasioned by the following circumstance. One of my creditors promised that he would sign my letter of licence, if I would pay him thirty guineas, and he gave me assurance in writing of his doing so; notwithstanding which, the very evening of the day I had paid the money on, he served me with a copy of a

writ

writ for the remainder. Exasperated at such ungenerous treatment, I gave bail, and determined to stand trial. Upon this occasion Mr. Woodward recommended Mr. Zachary Stephens, solicitor in Chancery-lane, to me, to carry on the suit. He undertook the cause, but through some neglect (as the officer declared, either of his not being served with a proper notice, or his not serving one), judgment was suffered to go against me, by what is termed default.

Distracted at the supposition of my bail's suffering upon my account, and apprehensive for my own liberty, I went, in order to accept the offered friendship of Mrs. Collier, who had settled in France, to avoid the persecution and extravagance of one of the worst of husbands. That lady immediately lent me the sum I required, and took my note payable in a year. At her house I renewed my former acquaintance with the beautiful Mrs. A——, who was sent abroad upon account of her having formed an imprudent partiality for a celebrated singer. I should not have mentioned this circumstance, but as it led to a very disagreeable one many years after.

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Indeed, my life has been productive of fo many untoward and almost incredible events, that, were there not many persons still living who can bear witness to the authenticity of them, I should

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be ashamed to relate them; as they must appear rather the memoirs of a female Crusoe, than a relation of sacts. Such, however, should curiosity lead to enquiries, they will be found to be.

Upon my return to London, I was informed that Miss Wilford, a cousin of Mrs. Rich's, was to debute in Estifania. This, added to the alteration in my circumstances, caused a great alteration in Mrs. Rich's deportment to me, "There was a time," as Shore says *, "when my approach would make a little holiday; and every sace was dressed in smiles to see me." But as that lady's regards were only shewn to those who bask in sunshine, and not to poor beings enveloped in a cloud of distress, I was no longer a favourite with her.

I could not, I acknowledge, claim a right to object to the lady's having a trial-part; but, confidering the terms I had formerly been upon with the family, I imagined I had at least a right to be consulted on the propriety of her appearance. At this time I had no acquaintance with any of them, except the late Mrs. Valquer, Mr. Rich's youngest daughter. This lady possessed many shining qualities. To unaffected manners, was added a goodness of heart which was visible in all her words and actions. I consequently did not chuse to give her pain, by making her acquaint-

^{*} Jane Shore, Act V. Scene I.

ed with the alteration which had taken place in her step-dame's behaviour towards me.

About this time Mr. Kelly's "Thespis" was published. He therein attributes my not making the same eclat in my profession I had formerly done, to the embarrassed state of my sinances; but, to make amends for this disagreeable observation, he pays a compliment to my feelings. I did not, however, esteem myself in the least obliged; as I never wish my left hand, upon such occasions, to know what my right hand does.

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Just before the theatre opened, a very untoward circumstance happened to me, which gave the proprietors an opportunity, as they thought, of degrading me more in the eyes of the public than they had already endeavoured to do; and they did not fail to take advantage of it, as the enfuing season was the last of my article. I had paid Mrs. Ray, for that was the name of my inexorable prosecutrix, for two years, the sum stipulated; for which I only took receipts as it was paid, not knowing there was any necessity to see the four hundred pounds wrote off the obligation.

As this was the case, I was surprised to hear she had called very often at my lodgings. Comte Haslang being ill of the gout, my whole time was so taken up by my attendance upon him, that I

was feldom at home till late; by which means she was prevented from letting me know her business. She at last lest a note, informing me, that if I would insure my life, she should be perfectly easy with regard to her debt. In order to get rid of so disagreeable a visitant, I sent her for answer, that, if she would appoint a proper person to transact the affair, I would comply with her request, as I would by no means see or speak with her.

The next day my valuable friend and patron the eldest Mr. Fox, who still flattered me with marks of his attention, had promised to dine with me. Before his arrival, Mrs. Rav, accompanied by a man, came in a coach to the door. Though I could not imagine what could be her motive for requesting me to insure my life, as I was at that time in perfect health, yet I expected the person she should send with impatience. Accordingly I ordered the man to be admitted; but the lady was refused, as I had given positive order she should never be suffered to enter my doors.

A man, who feemed to be an Italian Jew, now made his appearance. As foon as he was feated, not having any doubt of the nature of his bufiness, I asked him what the insurance of my life, for the remaining four hundred pounds due to Mrs. Ray, would be? He appeared to be much surprised

at my question. Upon which I repeated it. When he informed me, in broken English, that I was mistaken in his business. He said, the Tripoline Ambassador, to whom he was interpreter, having long admired me, and finding that I was indebted to the lady in question, he had offered to pay her the sum that was due to her, as well as my other demands, could she introduce his Excellency to me. I now found that the proposal for the infurance of my life was only made use of as introductory to this plan.

All the passions that ever entered into a female breast immediately exerted their whole dominion over me. I was in an instant torn by rage, contempt, and offended pride. I know not which was most predominant; they each ruled by turns; and, as I had never met with fo gross an insult before, the contending passions deprived me of the power of utterance. I was almost choaked. As foon as I could a little recover myfelf, I pulled the bell; and the fervant immediately answering it, I ordered him to shew the fellow down stairs. The pandar, fearing from my manner, and the appearance of the footman, that if he did not directly comply, he would be in danger of being shewn the shortest way down, hastily rejoined his companion, and away they drove; and I foon after found, to my cost, that, enraged at my not falling

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falling a prey to her machinations, Mrs. Ray went strait to her attorney, and entered up the judgment for the sum of nine hundred pounds, two of which consisted of debts that she had bought up to accumulate her own.

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXXIV.

October 15, 17-

A S foon as Mr. Fox, and fome other guest, who had dined with me, were departed, I prepared to go to his Excellency's to cards; but, as I passed through Jermyn-street, I was overtaken by the wretch's brother, who, almost breathless with running after me, informed me that a man, who came up at the same time, had an action against me, at his sister's suit. The shock had such an effect upon me, that I dropped down speechless in the street. Two such insults, so quickly succeeding each other, were not to be supported. Had the latter come singly, I could have borne it with Roman fortitude; but, united, they were too severe a trial.

Had I been able to preferve my reason upon this occasion, and been acquainted with the laws, I might have preserved my liberty, at least for that night; night; for it feems the fellows who arrested me had, in their great hurry, forgot the warrant; without which, I find, the caption is not valid; but, during my imbecillity, one of them ran for it. You fee from this instance, at once, how necesfary it is to preferve an equanimity of mind upon these trying occasions; and likewise how much it behoves persons, who are so unfortunate as to be in debt, to make themselves acquainted with the powers of those who are employed in the execution of the laws by unfeeling and rigorous creditors. I have often lamented, that fimilar laws to those of Scotland are not in force here. There fuch as are so unfortunate as to be confined for debt, upon delivering up their all, are liberated in a short time. By this means the prisons are empty, and the creditor receives at least a part of his debt; which, otherwise, would probably, as is too often the case, be diffipated during confinement. Lenity is productive of renewed industry; and, to the honour of the Scots be it spoken, that people, as I had an opportunity of observing when among them, join the most scrupulous honesty to that good qualification.

I was taken, during this state of insensibility, to the officer's house in Stanhope-street, Clare-market; which happened to be the same where my brother Captain O'Hara, as I have mentioned

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hat ht; in a former letter, was confined. It was so long before I came to myself, that the surgeon, who was sent for to bleed me, was apprehensive for my life.—Happy would it have been, even at this period, if these apprehensions had been realized. For I might justly say with Matilda, "Had some good angel opened the Book of Providence, and let me see my life, my heart had burst when it beheld the woes, one by one, which I was to endure."

The mistrefs of the house had some feeling; and feeing me dreffed above the common line, though plain, and having befides conceived fome partiality for me, not only on account of my being an actress, but as fifter to her favourite captain, who had so often been her lodger, she paid me more attention than perfons generally meet with in fuch places. She fent for my maid, and kindly prevented all noise and confusion in the house, for five days, during which I remained in a flate of filent infanity. My maid, to return the obligations she thought I lay under to all those who fent to enquire after me, took the fervants that brought the meffages, which were not a few, to the bar, and treated them with what they would have; and this made no inconfiderable addition to my expences.

The fixth morning of my refidence in this place, the woman of the house came up to me, and told me that the writ was returnable the next day, and if I did not eat and drink, and get a habeas corpus, I should be carried a corpse to Newgate. The name of that dreadful place made me tremble; but, at the same time, it roused me as if I had been electrified. I immediately recovered from my flupidity, and asked her what was to be done? She informed me, that it would be necessary for me to employ an attorney to procure a habeas for me, and also to send and engage a lodging within the rules of the King's-Bench. She added, that her fon, who was an attorney, was below, and would be glad to ferve me. She concluded with telling me, that persons in the law never advanced any money for their clients; though indeed they did not expect to have their bills fettled immediately, especially where it was fafe, as it must be with a lady who had credit enough to owe one person twelve hundred pounds. I startled at the mention of so large a sum, and defired her to explain herself; which she did by telling me, that was the debt for which the exetution was levied against me.

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What was now to be done I fcarcely knew. I had but a few guineas about me. The Comte was too much indisposed to inform him of my fituation:

fituation; and as my maid, upon her first being made acquainted with it, had sent word to his excellency that I had had a fall, which prevented me from attending his lordship, I knew not how to contradict her message. Mr. Woodward, as well as every other person I could hope for assistance from, were out of town. I was informed that the babeas would not be more than five or fix pounds; but that the expence of the rules would be considerable, exclusive of my finding proper sureties.

I now began to confider whom I could fend to upon this emergency. I had known Mrs. Stacie, when her husband kept an inn at Stilton. They had fince removed to the Bedford Arms in Covent-Garden. Having conceived a very strong attachment for her, from frequently calling at their house at Stilton, I had promised to stand sponsor to the child she was pregnant with, upon my return from the north. I had not only performed this promise, but had been called upon to appear upon the same occasion to two others.

Upon the strength of this acquaintance, I immediately applied to her for twelve guineas. I thought that sum, with what I had, would be sufficient to pay the whole of my expences here; but, to my inconceivable surprise, they amounted to as much again; so that I paid very handsomely for

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the civility the mistress of the house had shewn me, in keeping it quiet.

Mrs. Stacie came immediately on my sending to her, and could not refrain from tears, at seeing me in such an unexpected situation. Her husband had given her a bill for twenty pounds, which she let me have; and upon hearing that I had obstinately resused all food, when she returned, she sent me a supper of all the niceties their house afforded.

At the time this affair happened, my mother was upon a visit in Oxfordshire, and Miss Wordley was at Richmond, where she was engaged in the theatrical line. But the latter, upon being wrote to by my servant, slew up to town, and brought me all the money she could muster or borrow; which was very necessary towards settling my bill.

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for the In return for the civility the mistress of the house had shewn me, I asked her to partake of the supper Mrs. Stacie sent me. She cheerfully accepted my invitation. During our meal, she enumerated all the persons of quality who had occasionally been her visitors. Among others of her guests, she informed me that the wretched Aylisse had been one, and continued there till he was removed to Newgate,

After supper, she asked if she should entertain me with a song; for she was reckoned, she said, to have a very fine voice. The oddity of her manner, as she made the proposal, joined to her masculine figure, had such an effect upon my imagination, that I inflantly burst into a violent fit of laughter. Miss Wordley, who was always anxious about me to an extreme, was apprehenfive that I had fallen into hystericks; and the mistress of the house, concluding they would be attended with the fame faintings I had experienced fince I had been her unfortunate lodger, was also much alarmed; but upon my affuring her that I had now fummoned up all my resolution, she favoured me with a specimen of her talents, to our entire satisfaction. The approbation we expressed gave her fuch fenfible pleafure, that fhe concluded with telling me, she was fure, as I was fond of music, I must be pleased with her voice.

That evening I received a letter from Mr. Woodward, who was just come to town, wherein he requested that I would permit him to visit me. In my answer, I begged that he would not attempt it; but I told him, that I should be obliged to him if he would send some person to get me a lodging in the Rules, and be one of my sureties, Mr. Stacie having offered to be the other. To this he readily consented. I now resolved to keep up my spirits, though I was informed I must go into the prison, notwithstanding I had it in my power to obtain the Rules.

The next morning Mr. Thomas, then Lord Mansfield's clerk, came himself with the tipstaff, to conduct me over to the warden. Mr. Marsden very politely met me at the door of his house, and conducted me into the parlour. My attorney having attended Mr. Woodward and Mr. Stacie there in the morning, to settle for the Rules, the Marshal knew of my coming, and I found every thing usual for breakfast prepared against I arrived.

This grand point being fettled, I went to a little vile lodging, which had been taken for me, at the house belonging to the Windmill in St. George's Fields; a spot rendered samous by Shakspere, from being noticed by Justice Shallow, in the "Second Part of Henry the Fourth *." For this wretched place I was to pay two guineas a week; but the time to procure me a lodging had been so short, that the first which offered was fixed upon.

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Mr. Marsden attended me himself, with great complaisance, to my new apartments; and I was not a little surprised, upon our being seated, at his taking out a large purse of gold, and presenting it to me, with a request, that I would make use of it for my present exigencies, and return it to him when convenient. As an inducement for my doing this, he observed, that my expences must

^{*} Act. III. Scene V.

have been very great at the officer's house; for though the woman was remarkably civil, she generally made her guests pay for that civility. I told him, that my refidence at the officer's house had indeed been expensive, and related to him what had occasioned it; but I begged to decline his offer, affuring him that I was not at present in need of his kind affiftance. Upon which he took his leave; entreating me, as he went out, to let him know, if I should at any time happen to be short of cash.

When Mr. Marsden was gone, I could not help expressing my furprise to Miss Wordley, who had accompanied me in this confined tour, at his generous politeness. My companion instantly replied, "I am amazed at your fimplicity! You " may be affured it comes originally from Mr.

" Woodward! As you have so often rejected his

" pecuniary affiftance, I plainly fee he has taken

" this method to ferve you, without being mor-

" tified by a refufal."

In the evening that gentleman came to pay me a vifit; when he advised me to write, as soon as posible, to the Attorney-General, my much honoured friend Mr. Yorke, to confult him upon my case. By Mr. Woodward not making me an offer of his affiftance at this time, I was convinced that Miss Wordley's supposition was well

founded.

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lo otl founded. Indeed, her fagacity and fuperior understanding enabled her to see every event clearer, in all points of view, than most people.

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The next day I defired her to take a letter to Mr. Yorke. My honourable (and now, alas! my much regretted) friend immediately wrote me an answer, wherein he informed me, in the kindest terms, that he would pay every attention to the affair, and would do all in his power to extricate me from it. But as nothing could be done till November, he requested me to accept the inclosed bills, in lieu of what his loved fifter, Lady Anson, had intended to bequeath me, had she not been taken away fuddenly. He then advifed me, if my creditor could not be prevailed on to compromise the debt, to stand trial; when he was well affured, he faid, a verdict would be given in my favour; but as his excellency, Comte Haslang, was advanced in years, it might continue pending over my head for fome time. - In how pleafing a manner was this favour conferred! the delicacy and politeness with which it was accompanied, gave it double value, and claimed my warmest acknowledgments.

Finding I must make up my mind to my prefent situation, as nothing could be done for so long a time, I sent Miss Wordley to seek out another apartment; for though, by Mr. Yorke's bounty, bounty, I found myself possessed of two hundred pounds, yet it was visible that the noble donor had sent me that sum, on purpose to enable me to compromise the debt with Mrs. Ray, should she consent to it. Miss Wordley accordingly fixed on two rooms adjoining to the Dog and Duck, at twelve shillings a week; which were more eligible, better furnished, and much airier, than those I was now in. There was, indeed, no convenient accommodation for my friend; but she agreed to put up with the best we could make, those nights on which her engagement at Richmond would permit her to be with me.

I was in hopes, I should have been able to compress the whole of the tedious detail of this disagreeable affair into one letter; but as I find I have many circumstances yet to relate concerning it, I must be obliged to make it the subject of my next.—You will readily perceive, that I carefully avoid making an addition to the prolixity, by the insertion of any of my usual remarks or quotations.—In several places where my pen was about to take advantage of an opening, and set off, I have instantly checked it; lest, whilst it should afford a relief to the sameness of the subject, it should run it into too great a length.—This inveterate prosecution, carried on against me because I would not conform to the abandoned wishes of

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the profecutrix, proved a fource of much unhappiness to me; I shall therefore hurry through the relation of it as fast as possible; at once to put an end to the corrosive reflections which torture my mind as I write it, and to carry you with all dispatch through a scene that can give you no great pleasure.—For, whilst I strive to preserve your friendship, and to regain the good opinion of the world, by a narrative of the most interesting events of my life, I should think myself undeserving of both, was I to spare any pains to render it as pleasing and entertaining as it lies in my power to do.

G. A. B.

LETTTER LXXXV.

October 23, 17-

A S foon as I was fettled in my new residence, I fent to Counsellor Murphy, to request his advice and assistance. He undertook, with the greatest alacrity, to try to prevail on my opponent to receive the money, agreeable to the former settlement. If he could not effect this, he assured me he would undertake my cause, and exert his utmost abilities in my defence. Numerous were the presents which I received whilst I continued vol. IV.

in the Rules; particularly from Earl Spencer and General Monckton, who both possessed the soul of generosity.

Mrs. Stacie took lodgings in the house adjoining to where I was, for herself, her maid-servant, and little boy; and her husband sent me every delicacy the season afforded. This, although every thing was undoubtedly to be paid for, I could not but esteem a great mark of respect and attention.

An accident happened at this time which greatly alarmed me, and threatened to bring the scenes I have been describing, to a premature and dreadful dénouëment. I had discharged my lodging in town, together with my footman and maidfervant; I had sent my Black to Mr. Woodward, and kept only my old Grace, a black-bird, and a favourite dog.

The latter had for some days appeared to be ill, and refused all food; when upon my calling him, in order to induce him to eat, the little animal slew to me with seeming fondness, and fixed his teeth in my upper lip. Mr. Woodward, who happened to be present, instantly exclaimed, "I "hope you do not bleed." This, with my observing affectionate apprehensions in the looks of every person in the room, made me conclude the dog to be mad, and that I should partake of his malady. I was consequently seized with inexpressible

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preffible horrors, to which the gloom of my fituation made no inconfiderable addition; and if I did not fear death itself, yet I could not help being shocked when I imagined him to be approaching, armed with unusual terrors.

It is well known, that dangers appear much more alarming in apprehension than in reality. My feelings upon the present occasion confirmed this truth; for Mr. Bromsield, who had been sent for as soon as the accident happened, declared that I selt infinitely more than if the salival insection had operated with its sull force. Such a deep impression did this event make on my mind, that for several years after I was in agonies upon the anniversary of the day on which it happened.

Mr. Woodward endeavoured to persuade me, that there was not the least room for me to give way to these apprehensions. He assured me the next morning, that the creature followed him home the preceding evening, and swam over a piece of water which lay in the way; an indisputable proof, that it was persectly free from every symptom of the hydrophobia. But his ordering it to be hanged, the moment he got home, seemed to prove, that what he said was rather to dispel my fears than his real sentiments.

As I continued to be indifposed, my appearance in public would have been impracticable. I was

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not

not even able to leave my room; upon which account, I did not regret the loss of liberty fo much as I otherwise should have done. Particular orders were given, that I should not be left alone: and the Richmond company being returned to winter quarters, I had my much-loved Miss Wordley constantly with me. Our affection for each other was fo fervent and reciprocal, that she feemed to fuffer equally with myfelf; and she was continually unhappy, left the uncommon melancholy by which I was overwhelmed should end in a hafty decline. Nothing could exceed the attention she paid to me. She watched every alteration in my temper or health with the most anxious folicitude; and as fhe was now my bedfellow, if I even stirred. I found her awake. This affectionate concern at length caused a visible alteration in her health; which contributed more to facilitate my recovery, than it was in the power of medicine to do. I determined to be well, that my much-esteemed friend might be the same; and my exertions facceeded.

Mr. Murphy, to whom I acknowledge myfelf under the greatest obligations, came over to me as often as his other avocations would permit. He had endeavoured to prevail upon my revengeful creditor to fettle the affair, but without effect. There was confequently no alternative but bring-

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ing it to trial. Mr. Jennings, of Carey-street, was my voluntary attorney upon this occasion. Being desirous to have a cause, of which he had the conducting, come on before his great General, his business hitherto being only with bailiss and arrests, he applied to Mr. Stacie, and offered me his assistance without see or reward. He thought he should be fully repaid by the credit he should gain from the employ, and being introduced thereby into better company than he had been used to. As he was known to be a good solicitor, Mr. Woodward accepted his service in my behalf; and in requital employed him till his death.

As I was affured of success, the approach of the trial gave me rather pleasure than pain. At length the expected day arrived; and Mr. Murphy entered my apartment, almost breathless, to announce my triumph. But I was disappointed in reaping the advantages I should have done from my success, by the lady's dying soon after. Had she lived, and I had renewed my suit in the court of King's Bench, there is no doubt but I should have obtained a severe decree against her; the method she made use of to augment her debt, by purchasing others, being, as I have been informed, against the laws of this country.

I wrote immediately to thank my honourable patron; who answered me, and wished, as I had

now established my protection, that I would, if possible, settle the debt, for the reasons he had before alledged. Application was accordingly made to Mrs. Ray's executors, who had agreed to take two hundred pounds down, and two hundred more at the expiration of a year. I have reason to believe my adversaries would have been gainers, by accepting my offer when it was first made, as the suit must have cost them a very considerable sum. By the generous assistance I received from my kind friends, it was not attended with any loss to me.

Thus ended an event which had caused me so much anxiety, and had been the means of my first experiencing the greatest of all losses, the loss of liberty*. "For disguise thyself how thou wilt, "still, Slavery,"—as my favourite Sterne says,—"still thou art a bitter draught; and though thousands, in all ages, have been made to drink of thee, thou art no less bitter on that action count."—Feeling with equal sensibility, from having been deprived of her protection, the force of that inimitable writer's subjoined address to Liberty, though written only from imagination, I cannot refrain from making use of it, upon this occasion, to express my own sentiments.—"It is thou, thrice sweet and gracious Goddess, whom

^{*} Sterne's Sentimental Journey, Vol. II. Page 87.

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" all in public or in private worship, whose taste
" is grateful, and will be so, till NATURE her" self shall change—No tint of words can spot
" thy snowy mantle, nor chymic power turn thy
" sceptre into iron.—With thee to smile upon
" him as he eats his crust, the swain is happier
" than the monarch, from whose court thou art
" exiled."

I had fent to the proprietors, to let them know that I should be able to perform on the tenth of November; and as I had taken the lodging I was in for a certain term, I chose to reside there till the expiration of it. Accordingly at that time I obtained a Day-rule, and went to the theatre, but I sound that my service was not needful. All the performers seemed happy to see me at liberty; the manager alone appeared to be indifferent about it, having been influenced by his co-partner, Mrs. Rich, who had resolved that her cousin, Miss Wilford, should supersed me.

Prepossession has great weight with the world in general. Humanity, however, is the leading characteristic of this nation. The public, consequently, would not suffer a child of their favour to be oppressed, even though they were to be entertained by what was supposed rising merit. The proprietors had taken advantage of my unhappy situation, to introduce the young lady just men-

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tioned

tioned in Cordelia. I could not with propriety object to this arrangement; but the public, being partial in my favour, did for me. This induced the proprietors to announce me.

Upon this occasion, as the daughter of misfortune, I was to be visited by some unforeseen event, that should tend to perplex and distress me. My maid had put into the coach, which took me to the theatre, a box, containing my remaining ornaments (which, indeed, were not of any great value), together with the properties I wanted for that night, and by some means or other it was lost. Among the former were some miniature portraits; one of which, and a locket, I sincerely regretted; as I also did the bracelets, test me by my deceased friend Miss Meredith.

The gain was trivial to the finder, but of such consequence to me, that I offered a reward of fifty pounds, though without success. A similar missortune happened to me once before. Some years back, I unfortunately dropped a pocket-book in the Green Park, wherein there were four bank notes of one hundred pounds each. This I likewise had advertised, promising to give up the notes, with a large reward besides, if the person who had found it would send a paper which was therein. That advertisement had met with no better success than the present. Indeed I was informed,

formed, that I had acted wrong in making fuch an offer, as the acceptance of it would come under the denomination of felony. I am not, however, without my fuspicions, that another perfon found an advantage in my loss. But as this is only conjecture, I shall drop all thoughts of my loss for ever; not doubting, but that even-handed justice will return the ingredients of the poiloned chalice, if not in "the corrupted currents of this " world, where offence's gilded hand may shove " by justice; and oft 'tis seen the wicked prize " itself buys out the law; it will above, where " there is no shuffling; where the action lies in " it's true nature; and we ourselves are compel-" led, even to the teeth and forehead of our faults, " to give in evidence *."

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The dilemma I was thrown into by the loss of my box greatly increased the anxiety I selt from appearing for the first time after my confinement; to which an ignominy is usually annexed, however undeserved that confinement may have been. I was so curtailed in my dress by the loss, that I was obliged to borrow even an under-petticoat. At length I was supplied with every necessary by the kind attention of Mrs. Whitsield, my dresser: as I have since lain under greater obligations to this worthy woman, as will be seen in the sequel,

· Hamlet, Act III. Scene VIII.

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I think it proper to mention her name, and to add, that the is an honour to humanity. The public received me with marks of the warmest approbation.

The loss of my box made me resolve not to run the risque of meeting with such an untoward accident again. I therefore changed my plan of residing in my present lodging, and took one in Suffolk-street.

The tragedy of "King Lear" was announced, in which Miss Wilford had appeared in Cordelia at the last representation. Mr. Younger, the prompter, who had the best of hearts, imagined, by the reception I met with upon my late performance, that no manager would endeavour to add to my depression, by forcing upon the public a person of whom they did not approve; he therefore obliterated her name, and put mine in the bills.

At twelve o'clock, I received a visit from Mr. Gibson, the deputy-manager, who informed me of the mistake, and requested that I would give up the part; telling me at the same time, that the managers would, upon my doing so, give out hand bills to announce the error to the public. I was not then divested of that disposition which spurns at injuries. I selt the affront with more irascibility than prudence perhaps would have

permitted; but prudence was a virtue which, at that period, my best friends did not allow me to be possessed of; nor could I, indeed, with justice, lay any claim to it. It cannot be supposed, therefore, that I considered the consequences that should result from whatever answer I might give.

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I inftantly replied, "I am an indulged fervant of the public, and let what will happen, I will not fuffer my name to be altered; but play the character I will." Mr. Gibson then left me, with seeming regret, declaring I should draw upon me the hatred of the family. To which I answered with some warmth, "I have long set that at nought; I neither covet their favour, nor fear their malice. I depend upon that patronage I have ever met with; and will stand or fall by that candour and indulgence I have always been treated with by the public."

Upon fending my fervant to look at the playbills, she brought me word that the men were at that moment changing them; and that the mistake was pointed out in a Nota-Bene. Hearing this, I instantly fent to have hand-bills printed, and distributed among the audience as they went into the house. In this bill I only mentioned the circumstance which had occasioned it, simply as it was; at the same time telling them, that as I esteemed myself the acknowledged child of their

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favour,

favour, I thought it my duty to be ready in case I should, that evening, be honoured with the preference.

When the curtain drew up, there was an universal cry for your humble servant; and upon Cordelia's appearance, notwithstanding she was the savoured child of the samilies of the Rich's and the Wilford's, she was obliged to withdraw and give place to me. Being ready dressed for the character, I immediately made my entrée, amidst an universal applause; and I do not recollect that I ever met with more tokens of approbation, in so trivial a character, during my theatrical existence.

This event was the more flattering, as it assured me, that I was still held in estimation by the public. It might be alledged, that my fair rival, who was undoubtedly an excellent dancer, had not then arrived at any reputation as a tragedian; and the visible depression of a declared partiality might strongly operate in my favour.

The young lady, whose mortification, it must be supposed, was very great, came into the green-room, and said, she was surprized any performer would presume to affront Mrs. Rich. I could have told her, that her good cousin affronted the public much more, by forcing her then uninformed relation upon them; but as I neither dreaded

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dreaded the frowns of the Lady Directress, nor hoped for her favour, I held the little Cordelia's speech in too much contempt to make any reply to it.

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXXVI.

November 6, 17-

A T the conclusion of this season my agreement at Covent Garden expired; and at the same time the patent was disposed of to Messirs. Colman. Harris, Powell, and Rutherford. Hearing nothing for fome time from Mr. Colman, who was the acting manager, relative to a renewal of my articles, I gave over all hopes of engagement with them; however, Mr. Woodward called upon me one day, and informed me, that he had had an interview with the commandant, in which, having enquired whether I was engaged by them, our modern Terence had replied, "Yes! I depend upon " her; but multiplicity of bufiness has prevented " me from calling upon her; I shall be obliged " to you, if you will inform her, that I propose " doing myfelf the pleafure very foon."

I was not only happy at being affured of a new engagement, but being under the direction of a manager, manager, whose knowledge and talents I held in the highest estimation. Accordingly, the next day, I had the satisfaction of having my articles renewed for three years; and being, as I thought, upon savoured terms of opinion with Mr. Colman, I supposed I should be restored, by the preference he would shew me, to my former eligible situation in the theatre. Actuated by this hope, I determined to spare no pains, in order to merit his continued approbation.

As Mr. Alderman Cracroft had lately married the beautiful Miss Drax, he was employed in a higher circle than formerly, and had declined receiving and paying my falary among my creditors. Whilst I was an inhabitant of St. George's fields, he fent over to defire I would give him a fresh security for what I owed him, and I feel a sensible concern when I restect that I never saw him more.

Mr. Powell, of the Pay-Office, whose premature death furnished, not long ago, a topic for general conversation, took upon him the execution of this trust during one season; but as it was attended with some trouble, he, at the end of that time, thought fit to decline it. This, I must acknowledge, I considered as very strange, and rather unkind; as I had every right to expect his friendship, from my having been the first means

of his being introduced to Mr. Fox, though I only knew him as deputy-treasurer of Covent. Garden theatre. Undoubtedly he was possessed of every requisite for business; but when he came to be a great man, he, like many others, kicked down the ladder by which he had mounted.

As Mr. Woodward had shewn a friendly forwardness to serve me upon every occasion, and his integrity was so well known, I requested him to take upon himself the employment. This he did, and all my creditors were well pleased with the nomination. His punctuality was such, that he lest the dividend at his chambers, in Clement's-Inn, sealed up for each separately; so that if he happened to be from home, they had not the trouble of calling a second time: and as he likewise lest the receipts ready written, they were detained no longer than whilst they signed their names.

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Such punctuality and attention must secure persons the respect and good-will of all those who happen to have business with them.—Punctuality in every concern is not less laudable than its concomitant, honesty.—It is not, indeed, usually considered as a principle of equal import; the advantages arising to society from it will, however, be found to be very little short of those resulting from the latter.—Were it more attended to, how would

would it smooth the intercourse between man and man; especially those who constitute the commercial part of a people! So conspicuously needful is an attention to it, that what I have said in some of my former letters, relative to the observance of a promise (and as I am an enthusiast in that point, my enforcement of it has not been lukewarm), will equally suit the virtue I am here recommending; for a virtue it is, though not one of the cardinal ones.

We opened the campaign with fome eclat, as Mr. Powell was justly admired; and there is no doubt but he would have proved an ornament to the stage, had he had time to acquire that knowledge which is requisite to make the profession a science. But very sew give themselves leisure, or take the trouble, to arrive at the goal. The intense application I have pointed out on a former occasion is absolutely indispensable for arriving at persection.—For want of this, many who posses great abilities reach only mediocrity.

Our first appearance together was in Jaffier and Belvidera; and he was so extravagant in his encomiums upon my playing, that I had every reason to believe he had given over all thoughts of an engagement with Mrs. Yates. That he had this in view, was reported, and carried with it an air of probability; for, exclusive of the lady's ex-

traordinary merit, it was natural to suppose he must entertain a partiality for the first heroine he ever appeared with.

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In a few days the report of an engagement with Mrs. Yates was revived; and Mr. Colman called upon me, to inform me, that fuch a step was abfolutely necessary, as it would be a great bar to their success, should she be engaged at Drury-lane, for which a treaty was then in agitation. At the same time he assured me, that no engagement whatever should injure me. Indeed, that it would rather be the reverse; as many pieces might be revived, in which we might shine (as he was pleased to express himself) together. Besides which, I should retain most of my characters, if not all of them.

Perfectly satisfied in this assurance, and having always been a warm admirer of Mrs. Yates's talents, I was really pleased at the engagement, instead of seeling any envious emotions. But I have some reason to believe, that she was of another opinion; for upon my going up to her, at the first rehearfal, in order to salute her, and congratulate myself, she very coldly received my greeting, and we did not afterwards speak. I have more than once said, I never was susceptible of the mean passion of envy; I therefore could not help being hurt at even a supposition's arising in

my

my mind, that she could harbour an idea of my being capable of dissimulation. Whenever a coolness continues for any time between people who are obliged in business to meet, disgust is generally the consequence. I frankly own this was the case with me. Mrs. Yates is the best judge of her own feelings upon the occasion.

A little time after, Mr. Colman introduced a young lady, by name Morris, in his play of the "English Merchant," in which she met with great approbation. She afterwards appeared in Juliet. As her youth and attractions were what Juliet should be, it would have been absurd to a degree, had I objected to her playing it; notwithstanding, at that period, it was not common to take the capital performer's characters from them, except for a person of acknowledged merit.

This fair flower, like the lily of the valley, reared a-while her head, displayed her beauties to the sun, and diffused around the sweetest odours—But transient as the lily was her fate—Like her lovely emblem surcharged with rain, she soon dropped, and charmed no more—So eager was the grisly monster Death to seize such perfection, and so hasty were his strides, that she was unable to appear at her own benefit in the character of Juliet. I was therefore solicited by her relations to perform that part, which I did with the greatest readiness:

readiness; fincerely regretting at the same time the untimely decay of such promising merit, which probably would have adorned the stage with another Farren.

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Before the conclusion of the winter, the other two proprietors complained they were made cyphers. They alledged that Mr. Colman and Mr. Powell arrogated all the power to themselves, and were so expensive in the cloaths and decorations, that they shared nothing, notwithstanding the houses in general were crowded. Mr. Powell and I seldom spoke, but upon the stage. As I had every reason to believe he had acted with duplicity, I naturally despised him; I therefore seldom went to the theatre, except when business called me.

About this time I was introduced to the worthy and celebrated Mr. Hoole, the justly admired translator of Metastasio, Tasso, and most of the great Italian poets. His lady and myself formed the strictest intimacy, and we were seldom separate. When I had leisure from my attendance at Golden-Square, we had little parties, either at my apartments or theirs. A relaxation of this nature was necessary to dispel the chagrin I selt, that all my visionary theatric castles were tottering.

Such

. Such indeed has been the fure confequence of every favourable event of my life. I have always found that even those expectations which have feemed most certain have vanguished like Sancho Panza's fupper. They have been feen, but not enjoyed .- And as the delicate viands which were fpread before the hungry governor ferved only to increase his appetite, so my sanguine certainties, and fure expectancies, have led me into many expences, which, but for the flattering prospects these presented, I should not have incurred. A review of the incidents of my life, when they are all laid before you, will convince you, that never mortal found fuch a number of apparently wellgrounded hopes, fo fatally and completely blafted; and that by means which were not to be expected or avoided. I may with propriety exclaim upon this occasion, with the fourth Harry *,

- Will Fortune never come with both hands full,
- 66 But write her fair words still in foulest letters?"

The enfuing fummer I took a small house at Strand in the Green. The situation was beautiful, as it commanded the finest part of the Thames, and terminated with a view of Kewbridge. Its being so near town was another inducement; for my attendance at the Comte's was almost daily expected.

^{*} Second Part of Henry IV. Act IV. Scene VIII.
When

When the next feafon commenced, the difagreement between the patentees became public. This broke out afresh, upon account of a very strange dispute indeed; which was no other, than Mr. Colman's infifting that Mrs. Yates should appear in the character of Imogen, in "Cymbe-"line;" a part in which she had long been established, and universally admired; and Messrs. Harris and Rutherford being equally strenuous that Mrs. Leffingham should have the preference. The beauty and figure of the latter were, I allow, greatly in her favour; but she could by no means be faid to furpass Mrs. Yates, who joined hardearned science to her other great qualifications. A process was begun in consequence of this rupture, which tended only to benefit the gentlemen of the long-robe; for in the fequel it produced no other effect.

Mr. Powell, induced by some reason I could never account for, began, once more, to load me with flattery; but as I had no room to believe his compliments sincere, I treated him with infinite contempt. Mrs. Yates was over-persuaded to appear in Emilia, in the "English Merchant;" a character, notwithstanding what I have said of her beauty, totally unsit for her; and I played Lady Alton, which would much better have be-

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come that dignity and figure which she possesses in so eminent a degree.

I am now about to enter upon a very important event in my life, viz. the means by which I was prevented from publishing my letter to Mr. Calcraft. Had it found its way to the public at that time, it would, I flatter myself, have avenged me in some measure of a man who had treated me with fuch unparalleled injuffice, and have vindicated my conduct, with respect to him, to the whole world. But as I was prevailed upon, I may fay compelled, not to do it then, when it would have been of much more fervice to me, and have prevented many misfortunes which have fince happened to me, I shall, as I have already promifed you, fend it to you by way of supplement to my narrative; for, without it, many circumstances in my life will want elucidation.

As it makes so interesting a part of my story, I shall begin my next letter with it.—Nor will this be the only important circumstance that it will contain. You will read therein some other incidents, which will tend to confirm the observation I have lately made, that no mortal ever sound their hopes so suddenly and completely frustrated as I have done.

G. A. B.

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LETTER LXXXVII.

November 14, 17-

THE day of the representation of the "Eng"lish Merchant," as mentioned in my last, I had
caused an advertisement to be inserted in all the
public papers, to the following purport: "Spee"dily will be published, a letter from George
"Ann Bellamy, to John Calcrast, Esq;" with this
motto;

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"So comes the reck'ning when the banquet's o'er,

"The dreadful reck'ning, and men fmile no more."

GAY.

Just before the piece was going to begin, Mr. Colman came into my dressing-room, and informed me, that, in consequence of my advertisement, Mr. Calcrast had been at his house, vowing vengeance against the theatre, if I did not promise to give up all thoughts of such a publication; which, he said, was at once putting a dagger into his heart, and a pistol to his head. He concluded, with many imprecations, that, if I did not at least give some time, he would not only put his threats into execution, but apply to the Lord Chamberlain to have me silenced; and, moreover, turn

my children adrift, who should perish before he would afford them any affistance.

Mr. Colman expressed some displeasure at the rudeness of Mr. Calcrast's behaviour, who departed abruptly. The manager, however, actuated, I doubt not, by a regard for me, used many arguments to induce me to give up the point. Among others, he defired me to remember that I was playing under a letter of licence, and consequently, by persisting, I should greatly injure my creditors. To this he added every inducement that seemed likely to succeed. I was, however, still obstinate.

He then entreated, that I would only defer the publication till the end of the feason. At length, yielding to his reiterated entreaties, I gave him my promise that I would consent to his wishes: a promise that I have never ceased repenting of, from the hour in which I made it, to the present: for, had I persevered in my intention, the world would have been clearly convinced of the cruelty with which I had been treated.

But Mr. Calcraft was not indebted to me in the least for this compliance. The esteem and regard I entertained for the gentleman who negociated the affair, was my only inducement. To him, and not to my betrayer, was the concession made. I was so exasperated at his having propagated n

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pagated a report that our feparation was occafioned by fome gallantries of mine, particularly with the Earl of Harrington (as I have hinted before, and shall further explain in my letter), that I ought in justice to myself to have exposed his fallacies at the time.

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But it was always to be my lot unfortunately to be over-ruled, when the steps I was about to take were dictated by prudence. I can only attribute my imprudent concession, in this case, to the infligation of that evil genius, who generally counteracted every defign which feemed to be for my good. Not but that I am perfectly fatisfied Mr. Colman had no other motive for his folicitations than friendship; and this weighed much with me. The confideration of his own interest was out of the question; for, had Mr. Calcraft and his associates done any injury to the theatre, persons of fuch over-grown fortunes would doubtlefs have made ample amends for whatever loss the proprietors might have fustained. There was, in short, a fatality in it, the current of which I could not stem.

The following circumstance will likewise prove, that the same evil genius, or some other undiscoverable cause, usually prevented me from pursuing the path that led to my welfare. The rupture between the proprietors was now come vol. iv.

to a crifis. This, as I was informed, rendered it necessary for Mr. Colman to get a paper figned by the performers, expressing their approbation of his management, and containing an acquiescence to be guided by his direction.

This paper the manager brought to me, and defired I would fign it. Upon which I frankly told him, that as I was engaged to all four of the proprietors, it did not appear to me, at first fight, to be prudent to fign any paper giving one a preference over rhe others. To which he replied. that, as by the articles which subsisted between him and the other proprietors he was allowed to be the only acting manager, he could fee no impropriety in my figning a paper which merely related to that right. He then added, that he was fo well affured I should, upon due reflection, be of his way of thinking, that he would leave the paper with me, and eat a chop with me the next day.

Mr. Colman was fcarcely gone, before Mr. Rutherford and Mr. Woodward came in; and, I have fome reason to think, on the same business; as the former immediately exclaimed, " Have you " figned it?" Upon my answering in the negative, but acknowledging that the paper was left with me for my confideration, Mr. Rutherford wanted me to shew it to him. This I absolutely

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refused to do; saying, I wondered any gentleman who professed liberal sentiments could advise a breach of trust. He told me that, if he had got hold of it, he would have burnt it, as he was sure two capital performers had signed it, who would not have done so, had another paper been presented in their favour. Upon which I repeated what I had said before; adding, that I thought it, though trisling in itself, a breach of trust; and it therefore became an indispensable duty for me to keep it unseen. As soon as I had said this, Mr. Rutherford went away in anger.

Mr. Woodward remained behind, and made use of every argument to dissuade me from signing it. He dwelt particularly upon the ill treatment I had received from Mr. Colman. This, however, I ought to have attributed to Powell, not Colman. But at length tired out with Mr. Woodward's solicitations, urged by my gratitude to him, and instigated by my usual indiscretion, I consented to his request. I accordingly sent back the paper to Mr. Colman, with a card inclosed, acquainting him that I desired to decline signing it; but hoped my resusal would not prevent me the savour of his company, agreeable to his own invitation. That gentleman, however, took no notice of my card, and from that time we became totally strangers.

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Thus

Thus was I once more over-persuaded, contrary to my own judgment, to pursue a measure, which, as will be seen in the sequel, turned out to be the most detrimental to my interest I could have chosen.—But the following unlucky incident will serve to prove more strongly than either of the foregoing, that I am no favourite of Madam Fortune's. A combination of circumstances conspired to blass my long-encouraged hopes in the moment of completion, and furnishes another proof, among the many I have already given, of the truth of * Hamlet's assertion, that

- "There's a divinity that shapes our ends,
- " Rough-hew them how we will."

About the conclusion of this season, Mr. Powell came slushed into the Green-room one evening, and informed me, that Mr. Bensley and he had dined at Lord Tyrawley's, where Miss Nancy O'Hara, who was his professed admirer, had mentioned in conversation, that I should soon have a considerable legacy left me, Laly Tyrawley being very ill. I usually had a summons every evening to wait upon her ladyship, and upon my returning home, I accordingly sound one, requesting that I would go to Somerset house; but being much indisposed from a violent cold, and greatly

fatigued,

^{*} Hamlet, Act V. Scene II.

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fatigued, as I had that night played Alicia, impelled by the same wayward destiny that had so often directed my determinations, I resolved to post-pone my visit till the morning.

I did so; and about nine o'clock received a note from her ladyship's woman, informing me that her mistress had died at three that morning. She added, that his lordship had come at sive, when he locked himself up, and, after having examined all her ladyship's papers, had gone away, leaving strict orders with her not to have any communication whatsoever with me, upon pain of his displeasure. His lordship gave as a reason for this restriction, that he had found, during his rummage, a letter of mine, which had convinced him of what he had once doubted, of my having encouraged her ladyship to refuse his request, relative to cutting off the entail of an estate.

This, like many other of my imputed faults, originated from a mistake.—Indeed, most of the actions of my life have been in the same manner perverted; by which means I have been loaded with censures that I do not really deserve.—Errors enough I know I have been guilty of; but these have been so multiplied and misrepresented, that it is become necessary for me to lay a true statement of them before you and the world.—To know that your friendship has not been lessened

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by these misrepresentations, is one of the greatest blessings I at present enjoy.—I am sorry to say, that I sear the world too much delights in scandal, for me to hope that my conduct has been viewed by them in the same savourable light.—I will, however, trust that these prejudices are not irremoveable.—I will hope that, when the account I am now employed on, reaches the public, it will be received with the same candour and kindness, with which my attempts to gain their savour in my theatrical profession were once rewarded.

But to return to his Lordship.—I think I informed you, in one of the preceding letters, that Lord Tyrawley's private marriage with his lady prevented him from receiving the fortune he expected to have had with her. Instead of which, when the separation between them took place, he was obliged to allow her a handsome income as his wife. His lordship likewise put her in possession of the apartments, plate, &c. &c. which my mother abdicated upon her quarrel with him, as related in the early part of my history

Upon the death of Lord Blessington's son, Lady Tyrawley, and her brother the noble Earl, were the only persons in the entail of the samily estate. Lord Tyrawley being at that time much distressed, from having a young samily laid to him, which, in all probability he could have no right to, he applied

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plied to his lady to join in cutting off the reverfion, that he might be able to dispose of it.

I have already acquainted you with most of the particulars of that application from his lordship, and of the letters which passed between them upon the occasion, but some continuation is now neceffary. At the time this happened, I was at Hollwood. Her ladyship sent me her husband's. first letter, and seemed by the conclusion of her own to fay, that she was determined to refuse his lordship's request; as she meant every thing she had to leave as an addition to my daughter's fortune. I answered her ladyship's letter, thanking her in the strongest terms for her friendship; and, without any explanation, faid, I fend the inclosed; whereas I ought to have distinguished it by faying, I return, &c. In this state my letter was found at Somerfet-house, and my good patron, friend, father, or lord, feemed to believe from it, that his wife's refusal proceeded from my advice. I was thus confidered as guilty, and immediately condemned at his house in Leicesterfields, where the family were no friends to me. No will was brought forth; and I never faw his lordship after, but once in the Green-room, and at his own house, when he was first confined by the diforder which carried him off.

Have

Have I not reason, think you, to complain once more of the unkind attacks of fortune? Was it possible to suppose that such untoward circumflances would have stepped between me and my hopes, fo well-founded as they were? Yet, why should I expect stability in that wheel which from my earliest years, as you have seen, has been subject to fudden and unexpected revolutions? So often have occasions presented themselves for making this remark, that I really fear they begin to appear tiresome repetitions .- May not however these disappointments have been intended by the all-wife Disposer of events, to promote my real good !- That great moralist Shakspere *, speaking of the blindness of mortals in their wishes, tells us, that

"We, ignorant of ourfelves,

66 Beg often our own harms; which the wife powers

66 Deny us for our good : fo find we profit

" By lofing of our prayers."

Let me then indulge the thought; and endeavour to dispel the gloom which, when viewed in another light, they cast over the mind.

When Lord Tyrawley was taken ill, led by that respect and affection which I had always entertained for his Lordship, I went to pay my duty to him. Upon my entrance, I had the mortifi-

cation

^{*} Antony and Cleopatra, Act II. Scene I.

cation to be repulsed by a domestic, who told me that Miss O'Hara knew my sensibility to be too great to bear the sight of so conspicuous a character, when degenerated into idiotism; and the *conversation I had with her during the masquerade in "Man and Wise," the last time she saw me on the stage, had convinced her that I could not possibly have any passion but contempt for her. She therefore would not give me the trouble of an interview with a person to whom I had shewn so many marks of dislike.

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I found all my passions awakened by this infulting message; and forced my way, in spite of every opposition, into his Lordship's apartment. But how shall I describe the melancholy spectacle which there presented itself! My heart bleeds at the very recollection of it. There, alas! I beheld that great man, who had shone, brightly shone, both in the field and cabinet, ("for when "a soldier was the theme, his name was not far "off)"; who had with honour filled places of the highest trust and considence, and had been one of the first ornaments of this country, sunk into a state of debility and idiotism. His Lordship was sitting up in his bed, wrapped in a scarlet gown. His eyes were sunk; his tongue was lol-

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^{*} During the masquerade, I reproached her, as she sat in the stage-box, for her partiality to one of the performers.

ling out on one fide of his mouth; and he appeared to be counting his fingers.—Heavens! what a fad reverse!

With a heart bursting with fondness and grief, I knelt down by the side of the bed, and, taking hold of one of his hands, bathed it with my tears. I then fervently kissed it, in hopes that would draw his attention towards me, and cause him to recollect me.—Instead of which, after some time, he whispered, "Send Aby," "I want Aby." "Why does not Aby come?" meaning Aby Fisher. Hearing him thus speak with some degree of rationality, I requested that he would look upon me; and said every thing that I thought would revive his recollection—but, ah! in vain.

Hearing only the fame discordant notes repeated from those lips whose every sound was once harmony to my ears, I quitted the room, shocked beyond measure with the sight I had beheld; a sight which recalled to my memory the similarity of his Lordship's situation with that of his great General, who had taught him the way to glory, and who had experienced, like him, a second childhood.

As I went to my chair, I was told by an old domestic, that the ungrateful young man he had called for, who had been fostered by his Lordship's humanity, after having been introduced, when

when an infant, in a basket, or by some other unaccountable means, from the gate of his Lordship's house at Blackheath, now even refused to give his patron the only pleasure he was capable of receiving, that of seeing him play upon the violin; for, as his Lordship was totally berest of the sense of hearing, consequently his talents, as to sound, were useless.

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Nay, so far had his Lordship's partiality for him gained ground, that having, after some time, recovered a ray of reason, he informed his son, the present gallant General, or else directed Miss O'Hara to acquaint him, that he must provide himself with a lodging, as Mr. Fisher (the present amiable Doctor) could not be dislodged.—Thus are nature and every tender innate feeling deadened, if not totally destroyed, by the designing, dissipated, ungenerous person, who continually is in the presence of the declining invalid, and which generally ends in obtaining a persect command.

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXXVIII.

November 23, 17-

My visit to Lord Tyrawley had so great an effect upon my mind, that I was immediately at-

tacked with a diforder which carried with it a probability of proving fatal; and it certainly would have done so, had I been called by the prints to the theatre, and been unable to have done my duty there: But Mr. Colman prevented me from experiencing so mortifying a trial, by introducing, at the beginning of this season (the second of my present articles), a young woman named Miller.

This person had nothing to recommend her but the acting manager's favour, a circumstance which plainly evinces the unlimited power of gentlemen in that department; who, we see from this instance, can dare to foist upon the public any being for whom they may have conceived a partiality, or whom they intend to fet up as a mark of refentment against another performer. Had I now possessed the same spirit I did when the pretty Cordelia appeared, who indeed had youth and elegance to boast of, the manager might not have found the task he had undertaken so easy as he did; but my filence upon the occasion, which proceeded from a consciousness of indiscretion, and the constant disappointment of my hopes, made my passiveness appear the effect of indispofition; confequently this puppet was permitted to go on, though a very, very indifferent substitute.

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When the benefits came to be fettled, my illness obliged me to fix upon a piece in which I could appear without much exertion. mache, in "The Diftrest Mother," feemed as fuitable as any, that play being efteemed the ftrongest in the company; Mr. Powell playing Orestes; Mrs. Yates, Hermione; and myself, Andromache. Having never been accustomed to ask as a favour what I imagined I had a right to expell, I did not apply to Mrs. Yates to perform her part; as she had lately played it, I had no apprehension of her not doing it now. What the custom may be at present, I am unacquainted with; but at that time it was unufual to request a performer's appearance, unless a new part was to be fludied.

However, upon the play being advertised, I received a note from the intended Helen's daughter, in a high style indeed: to this I replied; and, in a sew days, I was not a little surprised to see the dejected Trojan Queen's correspondence with the beautiful Grecian Princess in the public papers. I am sure Mrs. Yates's behaviour upon this occasion must have been the consequence of some misrepresentation, as I have since had the strongest instances of this lady's humanity and proffered civility, which indeed I could have no possible right to expect.

When

When this affair became public, my good friend, her Grace of Queensberry, sent for me to enquire what could occasion such a rupture. I told her Grace, that I was totally ignorant of the cause, but was concerned at the loss of so capital a performer, let it proceed from what cause it would. She answered that it was very immaterial as to the boxes; for my avowed patroness, her fister Douglas (an assumed title for the Dutchess), who had been some time in town, but could not appear in public till the great cause then pending was determined, had requested her to take care of my benefit. " As if," continued her Grace, "I wanted Peg's recommendation to pa-" tronize you!" Then looking very fignificant, she faid, "I suppose you recollect I was one of " the first that noticed you?" I replied, she had done me that honour. "It was an honour," added she, " and a very great one, if you knew " all; for I not only then gave you good advice, " but have only been once at a play fince I found " you did not follow that advice." I coloured; which her Grace perceiving, she immediately turned the difcourfe, and began to confult what piece I should have.

Just at that instant her grace of Douglas was announced. Next to sincerity, gratitude is the most susceptible feeling of my heart. My fensations,

tions, therefore, at hearing that revered name, are scarcely to be conceived or described. I believe Penelope was not more happy in meeting her long-lost Ulysses; nor Achilles his Patroclus; or, to bring the comparison nearer home, a fond love-sick girl to see the object of her affections; than I was to meet this best of women, whose every little civility seemed to contain so much good-nature, with such sincere marks of regard, that they made an impression which can never be eradicated from my mind.

Upon this lady's entrance, her copartner in the tambour accosted her with, "I am glad you "are come. How go affairs on in the House of "Lords?" To which interrogation the visitor replied, "That she had the greatest reason to hope for success, as well from the justice of the cause, as from the equity of the court before which it was; whose decisions were so judicious, that they were scarcely ever repined at, even by those who lost what they contended for."

"Well!" returned her Grace of Queensberry;

you must now decide what is to be done in

the court of Covent-Garden, upon the second

or third of April. Your Queen of Troy is

lest alone; for the Grecian Princes has de
clared that she shall meet her Hector on the

other side of the Stygian Lake, before she will

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"affift her." The universal laugh which this droll speech excited was greatly increased by the inflexibility of the lady's countenance. As soon as the laughter was subsided, her Grace remarked, that, notwithstanding the pleasantry which had just passed, the determination was of as much importance to me, as that of the great Douglas cause was to them, as I played under a letter of licence, and had nothing to support me but the produce of my benefit.

"Romeo and Juliet," "Venice Preserved," and "Cleone," were severally proposed, and all rejected, from my not being able to sustain my characters in them, through the weakness I was labouring under; at last her Grace concluded, assuming at the same time an air of as much importance, as if she had sound out a method to pay off the national debt, that it must be "The Al-" bion Queens." She thought, she said, upon recollection, that I was like Mary, Queen of Scots.

The latter part of the Dutchess's speech overwhelmed me with confusion; when her Grace, laughing, said, she was glad to see, that after having been so many years in public, keeping such fine company, and having travelled so much, I betrayed such evident marks of modesty. The Dutchess of Douglas chid her Grace, who certainly is

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tainly possessed the most feeling heart, notwithflanding it was contained in so rude a mould: Upon which she replied, "I suppose it will be a "matter of pleasure, instead of mortification, "when I inform Bellamy, that I have always enquired after her."—I bowed; the play was fixed on; and I very gladly took my leave.

I have already given you my fentiments upon her Grace's behaviour, and that at a time I was fmarting under the lashes received at a former vifit: I shall therefore only fay here, that though I was fenfible of the honour of being admitted to Queensberry-House, which was always attended with pecuniary advantages even beyond my expectations, yet I would very willingly have declined the honour, and even these advantages, could I have done it without the imputation of difrespect and ingratitude, as I was fure of meeting with fome farcasm, which in a manner destroyed the benefit. Her Grace of Douglas engaged me to breakfast the next day, where, tout à centraire, I met with the most agreeable reception that real cordiality, unmixed with caprice, can bestow.

At length the day of my benefit came. The Douglas cause was decided that day in their favour, to the very great mortification of the house of Hamilton. When my two patronesses appeared,

peared, the applause was great, but, upon the young gentleman's entering, it increased; and the Dutchess of Douglas making more courtesies upon the occasion than her companion thought needful, she leaned over the young gentleman who fat between them, and cried out, " Sit " down, Peg!" This had fuch an effect upon me, who flood on the fame fide, ready to make my appearance, that I burst into fuch a fit of laughter as prevented me from going on immediately, as I ought to have done. But this was not all. Her Grace being in high good-humour, the kept calling out, occasionally, loud enough for me to hear, "Well faid, Mary!" "Bravo, " Mary!" which, united with the former, was very near turning the faid story we were enacting into a Tragi-Comedy; for it was with the greatest difficulty I could keep my rifible faculties in any decorum.

At the conclusion of the season, I found that it had turned out a very beneficial one. This arose not only from the patronage of the ladies already mentioned, and many others, but it received some addition from the generosity of an unexpected benefactor; of which, though truly ridiculous in itself, I am tempted to give you the particulars; as perhaps they may have the same effect upon your muscles, as the Dutchess of Queensberry's verbal applause had upon mine.

An old gouty Knight, Banker, and Alderman, had entertained a partiality for me. As his lady was an elegant and accomplished woman, and in possession of youth as well as a fortune, it is really to be wondered at that she should have sacrificed herself to waning age and disease, merely for the sake of a title. But my old friend verified the adage of "Tout jour perdri, ne vaut rien." He had sent me at my benefit an extraordinary present, and as his honour was not accustomed to do generous deeds, I might naturally have supposed that I was not to place it to the score either of humanity or liberality.

He accordingly called some days after, when he was informed that I was not at home; but suspecting the veracity of my servant, he went to some little distance, and ordered the house to be watched. In a short time after I went out; and whether his Mercury had not readily sound him, or his corpulence had curbed his activity, I cannot say, but he did not overtake my chair till I had reached Leicester-house.

I there heard a voice, seemingly of a person out of breath, cry, "Stop, chairmen, stop." The two-legged poneys, however, continued their trot; at last a man, in a horseman's coat, came up to the side of the chair, and, in an imperative tone, commanded the chairmen to set down; he at the

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fame time knocked at the fide-window. I was greatly alarmed, and experienced perturbations for which I can no otherwise account, than from the uncommonness of the circumstance. I not-withstanding did as I was ordered; when, to my inexpressible surprise, I beheld my impassioned elder, who seemed to me to have broke his wind to shew his gallantry.

As he could not immediately speak, I asked him, repeatedly, what was the occasion of such madness? Upon which, unbuttoning his surtout, not only to recover breath, but to dazzle me with the gold lace upon his coat, wisely judging, that as a woman I must be captivated by finery, he in a panting voice told me, he had given me a substantial proof of his affection at my benefit, besides thirty pounds, the balance of a former debt for money borrowed upon my jewels, and which he had never demanded.

Hearing this uncommon falutation, I defired my panting lover, in a very resolute tone, to go about his business; for, if he did not, I would inform his young lady of his depravity and folly. I then told him, that if ever he presumed, upon any account, to take such a liberty with me again, I was not so friendless, but that some person would interest themselves in my cause, and punish his insolence.

I had no fooner faid this, than in an instant away my gentleman went; and notwithstanding I had been heartily frightened at his approach, yet to fee the short squab skuttling away as if he had crackers at his tail, presented such a ridiculous scene, that I could not help burfting into an immoderate fit of laughter. In this I was joined by the very chairmen, who had heard the curious conversation, and had reconnoitred my Turtle-eater; fo that it was fome moments before they could take up their burthen, that is, their chair; for, as for myfelf, I was reduced to my original goffomer.

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I afterwards mentioned the incident to one of his lady's intimates: she was highly entertained with it, and declared, she would make her friend acquainted with it. She at the same time informed me, that this flower of gallantry, at home, appeared to be the most docile and fond help-mate fhe ever knew.

I never heard any more from or of this mirror of knighthood, till I read in the news-papers, some short time after, that he had made his entrée into the family vault. And I much fear the proof he gave of his activity upon the above-mentioned occasion fent him some years sooner to his long home than if he had acted the part of a fober citizen, and the discreet father of a numerous family. I am the more induced to draw this con-

clusion,

clusion, from its being announced that his death was occasioned by an asthma, which proved fatal from the breaking of a blood-vessel.

Not long after, Mrs. Smith (whom I have more than once mentioned), a relation of the knight, came to put me in mind of the thirty pounds I stood indebted to him, lest it should be demanded at an inconvenient time. As she informed me of his death, she accompanied the information with tears, the common tribute paid to a werthy cousin. Seeing which, I could not help telling her of his gallant attack upon me. As she was a pattern of virtue herself, she no sooner received the intelligence, than she wiped away the pearly drops, and had recourse to the other female weapons, by which she forcibly proved her inveterate abhorrence of connubial insidelity.

As I know not that I shall be able to terminate this letter with a more memorable incident than the foregoing, I will do so, ere the smile has lest your face; for I am sure even my lifeless representation of it must have raised that pleasurable appearance on your lovely countenance.—What hilarity would it have afforded you, had you been a disinterested spectator of the laughable scene!—I have no doubt but you would have enjoyed it even in a higher degree than I did—

Not

Not even Shakspere's fat knight, in any of the humourous distresses his wanton attacks on the dames of Windsor led him into, could furnish you with a surer fund of mirth, than the amorous fally of my city knight would have done.

G. A. B.

LETTER LXXXIX.

December 2, 17-

THE fummer following, his majesty of Denmark visited England; when Mr. Garrick, who wanted performers, as all those belonging to the London theatres had by this time joined their several companies in their summer excursions, and none were to be collected upon the occasion but those at Richmond, made application to Mr. Woodward, and requested that he would ask me. I complied with great readiness, but upon condition that leave was obtained of the acting manager. Mr. Woodward thought this unnecessary, and said he intended applying to Mr. Harris, who would, no doubt, sign a liberty for me, at the same time he did for him.

The first piece we performed was the "Suspi"cious Husband," in which I played Clarinda.

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Upon my appearance, there was one person hissed. As this was a salutation I was not acquainted with, I could not help receiving pain from it; but upon Mr. Garrick's saying it was apparent malice, as the general opinion was evidently for me, I composed myself, and played as well as I could.

"The Provoked Wife" was the second piece that we performed, in which I appeared in the character of Lady Fanciful. In the last Act, the person, whose business it was, not having called me, Mr Garrick was just going to be witty upon the occasion, as you may recollect my worthy friend, Mr. Quin, was upon my non-appearance, from a very particular incident, many years before; but my entering just as he had advanced for that purpose prevented his wit from being for that time made known; and I could never find out what occasion he would have fixed on to shew his fatire.

I must here add, that the incidents may not be disunited, that the beginning of the next seafon his Danish Majesty came to see "Jane Shore,"
at Covent-Garden, in which I played Alicia;
when observing the royal visitor to prefer the
charm of Somnus to the Tragic Muse, and unwilling that he should lose the fine acting it might
be supposed he came to see, I drew near to his
box, and with a most violent exertion of voice,

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which the part admitted, cried out, "Oh! thou "false Lord!" by which I so effectually roused his majesty, that he told the unfortunate Comte de Bathmore (who, as I have already informed you, used to be a frequent visitor at my house), that he would not be married to a woman with such a bell voice, upon any account, as he should never expect to sleep.

This fummer Mr. Powell died. The last time I ever saw him he requested my pardon, and assured me he would make atonement, the next winter, for the injury he had done me in my profession.

The concluding season of my agreement I was seldom called upon at the theatre; and indeed the severe indisposition I had undergone had lest me so weak, that I should have executed my duty with great difficulty, as I always made it an invariable rule to play when called upon, were I able to rise; nor did I ever engage persons to applaud me, or pay the doers of the papers to put in pusses to impose upon the public, under the signature of "Impose upon the upon the public, under the signature of "Impose upon the upon

Now I am upon this subject, I will send you a specimen of the dependence that in general is to be placed on the accounts given in the papers by those fort of writers. Though it happened many years before the period I am upon, yet it will not be the less à-propos here.

VOL. IV.

K

During

During the memorable run of "Romeo and "Juliet," at Drury-Lane, the late Sir John Hill, who had not at that time been knighted, was the Editor of a news-paper; I think it was called the "Gray's-Inn Journal," but am not fure. In that paper, he did me the honour to be very lavish in my praise, for which I gave him credit, as I had not then the pleasure to know him.

Upon my return to Covent-Garden, he one evening fwam into the Green-Room, during the representation of that play, and when I was called to go to the balcony, the scene on which he had been most exuberant in his eulogiums, he greatly astonished me by saying, "I must go and see it, " for I hear it is the finest piece of acting in the "whole performance." I could not resist turning back, to ask him if he had not wrote a critique upon it? To which he replied, with a becoming non chalence, that he had written it from what he heard at the Bedford, and never till that evening had an opportunity of seeing it.

As "Romeo and Juliet" was a standing dish at both theatres, at that period, for two years running, it might be supposed that all the critiques of that gentleman, as well as the fraternity in general, were equally the result of observation and judgment. Indeed, I believe most of the praise or censure we read in the papers is put in by the

partizans

partizans or enemies of the performers; except in new pieces, when the editors think it their duty to give the public, with an account of the performance, the merits or demerits of the actors and actreffes

Excuse this long digression. I will now return to my narrative.—This fummer I was not only disengaged from the theatre, but from my employment at Comte Haslang's; which was occafioned by the following circumstance: I had borrowed, fome time before, forty guineas of Mr. Woo lward, to pay my coal-mer hant; for though I would not receive any pecuniary favours from that gentleman myfelf, I made no scruple to borrow of him to accommodate others. Mr. Woodward having now occasion for the money, and it not being in my power to repay it, I applied to the Comte for it. His Excellency told me he had not that fum by him, but referred me to Mrs. Myers. You must know that this lady, who was the widow of his valet-de-chambre, had been his housekeeper, but at this period was translated to the high office of being his governante; for as his Lordship was immersed in politics, the court, the club, and public places, he had not time to manage him clf.

Being thus referred to her, I fent to speak with her in the anti-chamber, through which all the K 2 people

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people of fashion pass to go to the chapel gallery. No pen can describe the ludicrous scene that passed upon the occasion; let it suffice to say, that the lady had no objection to a sew oaths, and that she spoke plain English. At first it afforded diversion to the gentlemen who happened to be passing through the room; but at last, provoked by some words I unfortunately let drop, she poured such a torrent of gross abuse upon her Lord and benefactor, that I took myself off; and at the same time took such an aversion to her, that I declined going to the house; nor did I ever officiate more.

I now determined to retire to my house at Strand on the Green, and wait the issue of whatever should happen. In a short time I received a visit from Mr. Cook, a gentleman belonging to a particular department in the theatre, who told me he was forry to be the messenger of unwelcome news, but he came from Mr. Colman to inform me, that if I would accept of six pounds a week, he would engage me; if not, he should no longer look upon me as one of the company.

I could ill brook this message, as it was adding an insult to an affront. Had Mr. Colman sent me a discharge, it would have carried with it more of that candour by which his actions are generally guided; but, as I had certainly treated that gentleman y.

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tleman ill, I did not complain; conscious of my error, I hope he will forgive me when I declare, that I have shot my arrow o'er my head, which has recoiled and only hurt myself.

Mr. Harris called upon me that day, or the next, and feemed much hurt at the affair. He confoled me with the hopes of the fuit being foon ended; when, he affured me, that I should be re-instated in my former fituation.

A coolness had now taken place between Mr. Woodward, who boarded with me at Strand, and Mr. Hoole, about some advice the latter had given relative to a benefit. This was a severe stroke upon me, as it produced the same essect between the samily and myself. My regard was sincere, and was increased by obligation.

I had bred up a near relation (a nephew) froman infant, in a manner which would be neceffary to make him appear like a gentleman, in which line I had then reason to believe I should be able to maintain him. He was at Westminster, was placed in one of the first boarding-houses, and enabled to keep company with the principal boys in the school, not only for quality, but genius, to whom he seemed to give the preference. Among these, the Rev. Mr. Hayes, and young Ford, son of Doctor Ford, both possessed of shining parts, were his particular intimates.

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The

The alteration which had taken place in my circumstances rendered an alteration in his mode of education needful; I therefore wrote to my mother, when I was in Scotland, desiring her to take him from Westminster, and place him where he might learn arithmetic: she accordingly did so, and I regularly sent the money to pay the expences. My young gentleman's pride was much hurt by this arrangement; but as Mr. Woodward had taken him to live at chambers with him, and indulged him in what he thought requisite, we never came to an explanation till the last winter.

I then informed him that I had found a capital house in the city that was willing to receive him; to which he replied, with all the consequence that would have become a Duke had he been insulted, that I might have saved myself the trouble, for I had bred him as a gentleman, and should support him as such. His insolence aggravating me, I asked him, with a supercilious smile, why he did not sly, and request the interest of his school-sellow, Sir Watkyn-Williams Wynn, of whose acquaintance he boasted so much? His answer was, before he would be a wretched dependent upon any man on earth, he would wait till he was of age to be inlisted, and prefer carrying a must-quet.

The

The spirit of the boy pleased me, and from that hour I resolved not to curb it. He was a great savourite in Mr. Hoole's family; and as that gentleman is possessed of one of the best of hearts, in addition to his other qualifications, it was not long before he obtained for my nephew a brevet in the honourable the East-India Company's service at Bombay.

The difficulty was how to fit him out. As my finances were but in an indifferent fituation, I was obliged to try my credit; and failing in that, to the amount of about eighty or ninety pounds, I applied to Mr. Woodward, who faid he would advance the money upon bis bond; as he well knew, though a minor, his principles and honour were fuch as he could depend upon.

My worthy friend-Mr. Hoole now introduced him to a gentleman of the India-House, named Corbet; who not only lent him twelve guineas, but spoke to a Captain in his favour, and shewed him uncommon civilities. Besides this testimony of friendship, I was indebted to Mr. Hoole the sum of forty pounds, which I am forry to say still remains unpaid. These circumstances undoubtedly made me feel this coolness more severely than otherwise I should have done; and I do not know that any deprivation of seeing real friends ever gave me such sensible pain.

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But these revolutions in friendships are, I see, as certain and unavoidable, as the common vicisfitudes in all human affairs. Even those which appear to be the firmest founded, which have a similarity of sentiment and disposition for their basis, are not sometimes proof against the seeblest blasts of discord.—How finely has my immortal poet described this frailty, and confirmed the foregoing observation *!

- " Oh! world, thy flippery turns! friends now fast
- Whose double bosoms seem to wear one heart,
- "Whose hours, whose bed, whose meal, and exercise,
- 4. Are still together; who twine, as 'twere, in love
- " Unseparable; shall within this hour,
- " On a diffension of a doit, break out
- " To bitter enmity."

At the conclusion of the summer, Mr. Wood-ward engaged with his former opponent, Foote, to go to Scotland, and to play during the summer at the little theatre. As I had now no business to call me to town, I determined to remain at Strand, and divert myself with books, birds, and writing. I began a comedy; but unfortunately, Thalia had no sooner honoured me with a visit, than she was obliged suddenly to decamp, upon account of the return of a far more disagreeable visitant,

[·] Coriolanus, Act IV. Scene III.

the pain in my fide; a guest with whose intrufions I had long been troubled, and of whom, notwithstanding all my endeavours, I could not totally get rid. This obliged me to come to town, as I had no opinion of any of the physical gentlemen but Mr. Adair, to whose skill and unremitting attention I had been frequently indebted.

I had now no dependence but on Comte Haflang's promised friendship, and a sew jewels, the relicts of Miss Meredith's legacy, the very thoughts of parting from which almost broke my heart. Notwithstanding this, I wrote to a lady, without considering her taste for expence, and the contracted state of my finances, to procure me a lodging for a sew weeks, for myself and one maidservant. Accordingly I set off the next day, leaving the cook, gardener, and sootman, to take care of my treasure at Strand.

At the time Mr. Woodward first made the proposal to board with me, he had laid in wine, coals, candles, &c. &c. and insisted (as he had engaged for a year, and as he hoped I would permit him to return in the summer) upon paying the whole sum he had agreed for, notwithstanding his absence. All false punctilio ceased upon this occasion; and, when he set off for Scotland,

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he left me the quarter's money, together with all his writings, in a strong box.

Being unwilling to hazard a deposit of such importance in the country whilst I was away, I took this box with me to town; and sinding a ray of my usual presentiment cross my mind just as I arrived in London, I instantly determined that I would not take it to Mrs. Moore's (the Lady I had wrote to), though she lived in stile, and kept a number of servants; I therefore stopt at Mr. Colley's, in Grosvenor-street, and lest it providentially in his care.

When I arrived in South Audley-street, I found Mrs. Moore extremely ill, lying upon a couch in her dressing-room, which was towards the street, her best rooms being backwards. She informed me, that her woman had taken a lodging for me, agreeable to my request; and that it was in Leicester-street, at two guineas a week. This intelligence startled me, as I was mistress of but nine guineas; and those were all I was certain of, till I should receive Mr. Woodward's quarter at Christmas.

Mrs. Moore infifted upon my staying the night; and, indeed, her illness induced me to do this, as she would not suffer any body to sit up with her; and her bed was one of the daughters of the bed of Ware. You know supper is my only meal; therefore,

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therefore, when the lady retired to her repose, I had the cloth laid, and a nobleman, who had called in upon a visit, walked about the room while I ate it. About twelve, his Lordship left me. Upon hearing a loud knock at the door, immediately after, I rang, to enquire what occasioned it; when the butler informed me, that the noble visitor had met some ill-looking sellows at the corner of the street, who, upon his telling them he feared they were upon no good, one replied, "Go home, my "Lord, and be satisfied there is no harm intend-, "ed you." This induced his Lordship to return, in order to take a stick he had seen in the hall, as he passed through it, by way of defence.

As I generally read till I am fleepy, I took up a book with me into the bed-chamber, and employed myfelf in that manner till I heard the clock strike two. I then went into bed; and I had not been laid down five minutes, before I heard a great noise in the house. Very fortunately for me this happened after I was undressed, otherwise I should have gone to have checked the servants for disturbing their lady, at a time when she was so much indisposed. This was a liberty I should have taken at the house even of common acquaintance; and much more here, where I could be as free as in my own.

K 6

In

In a moment I heard the door of our chamber open, and perceived a great glare of light; upon which Mrs. Moore flarted up, and faid, "Mary!" Mary!" imagining it to be her maid; when we instantly heard a horrid deep voice, crying, "Lie still, or I will murder you." Another exclamation of the same nature succeeded, and so on to a fixth. In short, there was such a climax of murderous threats, that I verily believe they had studied their lessons to aggravate our fears.

They now fet about ranfacking the drawers, and employed themselves in packing up every thing that was portable. As the room looked into the garden, and from its largeness could contain many chests, they had leisure to continue this employment for a sull hour; when they retired. You may be sure we lay still and mute during the whole of this transaction; and we were now in hopes that we had got rid of our dreadful visitors.

We were, however, mistaken; for one of them immediately returned, with a light in one hand, and a pistol in the other, and drew back the curtain. Mrs Moore now, for the first time, broke silence, crying, "You will not murder me!" The wretch seemed to deliberate a good while before he answered. At length, after a long pause, he replied, "No." Upon which my companion continued, "Nor will you murder any of those "who

"who belong to me, will you?" To this he returned, without any hefitation, "No." At that inftant a watchman's rattle was heard, when the fellow threw down his piftol and ran away. Though I had heard diftinctly all that paft, I had not feen any of these manœuvres; for, in my fright, I had crept down to the bottom of the bed, where I lay more dead than alive; but, upon the fellow's retiring, I re-assumed my place upon my pillow.

The means, by which the ruffians had been disturbed, were as follow: The housekeeper lay in the front garret; and having captivated the butler, he had opened his trenches in an honourable way before her: hearing the noise, she imagined it was her enamorate, who, having got a glass too much, which was sometimes the case, was blundering up to her room. This inducing her to look over the balusters, as it was a well stair-case, she saw the troop of thieves, each with a light and a pistol, enter her lady's room. Seeing this, she went into the balcony, where she waited till the watchman came his rounds, and then gave the alarm.

The watchman observed, that the lamp had been taken out of the glass globe at the door, and that the window over it was open. This had been left so by the carelessness of the house-maid.

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As foon as the watchman observed this, he made use of his rattle, which so frightened the sellows, that, dropping their booty, they each shifted for himself. The man who had returned to our room, finding himself alone, made his way into the garden, and leapt into the next area; where, after hiding some trinkets which he had secreted from his associates, he was taken by Colonel Sloper's servants.

Being delivered by them to the watchmen, who by this time were affembled in a confiderable body, on promise of lenity, he gave information where his companions were to be met with, and five more of them were taken. Two others, who had been left as a guard over Mrs. Moore's men-fervants, by being near the garden, had found means to make their escape. One of these two, whilst he was fecuring the butler, informed him, that one of the gang wanted to stab the nobleman as he went out; but a youth, who was but just returned from transportation, and had only joined them that day, had objested to their committing murder. The butler hearing his miftress just then fcream, he faid to the fame man, "I hope they " are not murdering my mistress!" To which the fellow replied, "I hope so too; but one of " them is a bloody dog; and, had I money to go " abroad, I would leave them." This he probably

bably did, as he was one of those who made their escape, and has not been heard of since.

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In the morning, all the fix were brought, for Mrs. Moore to fwear to the person that had come with the piftol to her bed-fide. Upon feeing them, she fixed on the youth before-mentioned, who was quite an agreeable lad. As she was about to take the oath, he told her to be cautious of what she was going to do, as an oath was a very facred bufiness: an admonition, which, as it came from one of that calling, feemed to aftonish all prefent. As for myself, I was not at Mrs. Moore's when the cavalcade arrived; for I no fooner heard of their approach, than I ran over to the Neapolitan ambaffador's, where I remained till they were gone; though I needed not to have been afraid of being called upon, as my testimony could have been of no manner of use, from my having played leaft in fight.

To make short of my story, which I fear you think already too long, five of the wretches who had occasioned our fright were executed; and the youth, in whose behalf some savourable circumstances appeared, was once more transported. What made his case the more pitiable was, that he belonged to a samily of some opulence and credit. I have since been informed, that his sister at that very time rode in her coach and fix.

It

It will be necessary, that I should just acquaint you with the circumstances which occasioned this robbery, as they too often arise from similar imprudences. Mrs. Moore's butler had been fent into the city to receive a confiderable fum of money, which he had deposited in a canvas bag, As the amount was all in gold, except one thirty pound note, it made a figure. Before he got home, he called at a public-house in the neighbourhood for a pint of porter. Whether he was really tired of his load, or from a motive of oftentation to shew his treasure, he set the bag that contained it upon the table. One of the fellows, who afterwards broke into his mistress's house, happening to fit near him, upon observing the butler's load, asked him, with an appearance of furprise, whether that was all gold? To which the butler wifely replied in the affirmative; and, not content with this, opened the bag to convince him. From that hour the house was watched; and on the Sunday night following, the very night my ill fate drove me to fleep there, they found means to effect their purposes.

Your wicked wits have faid, in ridicule to our fex, that a woman's postscript is generally longer than the letter itself. I think I stand some chance of incurring the same reslection for my story-telling: the additions seeming likely to be more prolix

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more prolix prolix than the ftory itself, prolix as it has been. I cannot, however, help giving you an instance of insensibility it produced, which is as extraordinary as any I ever heard of.

The nobleman who had fallen-in with the thieves the night of the robbery, went to Newgate to fee them; when the youth I have been speaking of accosted his Lordship, and, with as much unconcern as if he had been an indifferent person, said, " If you please, my Lord, I will shew " you the felons." And upon his Lordship's enquiring of him, why they did not rob him, as they had so favourable an opportunity? he told him, there were two reasons for it; the one was, because they had better game in view, as they always preferred waiting upon the ladies to the gentlemen; and the other was, that officers in the guards (you must observe that his Lordship was personally known by them) were said to have so many calls for their money, that they feldom carried much about them; fo that the attack would have been attended with certain danger, and an uncertain profit, which it would have been imprudent to hazard.

When the news of the robbery was spread abroad, the house was like a fair. I therefore took my leave of Mrs. Moore on the Monday evening, and went to may new lodgings; for I really believe

believe I could never have flept in the house, had I continued in it for ever.

To what an immoderate length has this robbery obliged me to extend my present letter! for it would have left your curiofity in a disagreeable suspense, had I, "like Butler's story of the Bear "and Fiddle, began—and broke off in the mid-"dle." Could I have foreseen, when I first entered upon it, that it would have so much extended my usual bounds, I believe I should have totally omitted it.—But as I was, though the greatest part of the time, an invisible performer, so eapital a one in the piece, and the impression made on my mind by the shocking representation will never be eradicated, I could not pass it over in silence.

G. A. B.

LETTER XC.

December 15, 17-

WHEN I got to my new lodgings, I found that my maid, who had come up in the stage, was arrived there, and had brought the things I should want. Unluckily for me in the present state of my finances, the person that kept the house had been accustomed to provide every necessary for her

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her lodgers. This, however, was convenient for me, as my hand-maid, who was pretty, for you know I cannot be fatisfied if those about me are only passable, could do little else but dress me and work at her needle. I therefore was obliged to accept of her proffered service, though it was attended with an extraordinary expence.

His excellency Comte Haslang now sent me the money he had promised me; and which I had almost given over, as there were three months due. Mr. Woodward, hearing of the robbery, sent me immediately a drast upon a printer in Fleet-street, whose name I have forgot. As I was too ill to go with it myself, I sent to Strand for my foot-boy to come to town, for I sound it inconvenient to be without him; and my kind landlady offered me a bed for him, in such a manner that I understood it was to be gratis.

When he came to town, I fent him with the bill for acceptance. As he was going into the city for this purpose, attracted by the warbling of a syren in Leicester fields, he stood among a group of gaping auditors to listen; when one of the nimble-fingered gentry eased him of his hand-kerchief, and at the same time of the bill, which the wise-acre had carefully tied up in the corner of it. In consequence of this loss he was afraid to return. Wondering what could detain him,

I was

I was not a little uneafy; not from any apprehension of my treasure, you know me too well to suppose that could give me a moment's uneasiness, but from my servant's being a country lad, and totally unacquainted with the city. He, however, at length came home, and with a long face told me his piteous tale; upon which I thought it necessary to send a note to the person on whom the bill was drawn, to acquaint him of the accident; and, whether the thief was apprehensive of presenting it, or saw the lad coming out, I cannot say, but it was never heard of more. Luckily I did not just at that time stand in need of the money.

My health being re-established by the assistance of my worthy friend Mr. Adair, I went frequently to my house at Strand, where the inhabitants are mostly sishermen. My honest neighbours expressed the greatest satisfaction whenever they saw me; and as even seeming regard is pleasing, though from strangers, and the residence where you suppose yourself loved always has the preserence, I chose to spend my Christmas there. When I came to restect on the narrow escape Mr. Woodward's box of writings had met with, I could not but congratulate myself on my having deposited them in a place of safety. Had they been lost, I should never have forgiven myself; though

though no blame could have been imputed to me, as a trust of such consequence would have affect. ed me infinitely more than if it had been my own.

I had at this time frequent vifits from Mr. Harris, and fometimes from Mr. Leake, who had purchased a part of Mr. Ruthersord's share, as he had been obliged to dispose of his fourth. In these interviews, I was affured, that no reconciliation should take place without my being made a party. I foon found London too expensive for me; I therefore discharged my lodging, and returned to take up my abode entirely in my little rural refidence, where I could live infinitely cheaper than in Leicester-street. For the good lady whose apartments had been taken for me. having been accustomed to good lodgers and good living, to shew her taste, generally provided enough to ferve the whole family, company and all; notwithstanding I every day sent down word that I never eat but of one dish. This was attended with an expence I could by no means afford; and not being able to shut my ears any longer to the whispers of prudence, I determined on a removal.

Though I thus lived in retirement and folitude, not a moment passed without some employment, for it is that alone which can make life support-

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et with, having ad they myfelf; though able. How have I been surprised to hear people complaining of time's hanging heavy on their hands!—For my own part, I have often, very often, "chid the hasty-footed time" for slying so fast.—The complaint of having nothing to do is such a vulgarism, that I wonder any persons, who make the least pretence to feeling, can degrade themselves by the acknowledgment—Thus beutifully has my much regretted friend Thomson* painted the state of those who truly enjoy life:

- " " An elegant fufficiency, content,
 - " Retiren ent, rural quiet, friendship, books,
 - " Eafe and alternate labour, ufeful life,
 - " Progreffive virtue, and approving Heaven."

This is a just sketch of the supremest happiness this sublunary state will admit of. Unless every hour be employed in some useful concern, or innocent amusement, life cannot be said to be enjoyed.—The idle only exist; the busy live.

About this period, I received a note from Mr. Foote, who was lately returned from Scotland, informing me, that he had left Mr. Woodward well, and had taken for him a house, near his own, at Little Chelsea. He defired I would go to look at it, and get it in readiness for his reception at his return, which would be in a month or

^{*} Thomson's Spring, Line 1158.

fix weeks. He then requested to see me, as his theatre was ready to receive me; which he would do with open arms, should an engagement be agreeable to me.

I accordingly went to fee the house, but sound it only a hovel, and very inconvenient, but for a person who had another habitation, and kept this only to save appearances. As I was sensible there could be no duplicity in Mr. Woodward's character, yet as, at the same time, I knew he could not be without the affistance of persons of the faculty, I declined having any thing to do in the affair. In the same letter which conveyed to Mr. Foote my sentiments on that head, I thanked him for his kind offer, but told him that neither my health nor spirits would permit me to accept of it.

Indeed, the former was restored to a tolerable state; but as for my spirits, those spirits which you have so often admired, which the first geniuses of the age have condescended to be pleased with, and "which have so often set the table in a "roar," they were gone, gone I fear, for ever. In this sallen situation, what sigure could I hope to make with that son of laughter, our modern Aristophanes! Besides, the hopes I had of being again retained in the service of the muse I had so long had the honour of representing with success, would

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would have prevented me, had I been in a vein to play the first siddle, as a noble lady once said I did.

Had the Hay-market Theatre been then upon the plan it now is, I know not a performer, if they were able to go through the fatigue, but would gladly have accepted of an engagement, be their consequence what it would. Mr. Colman is indefatigable, and spares no expence to indulge and entertain the town. The former manager depended mostly upon his own strength, and his own pieces; which gave but very few opportunities for a performer in any capital line to make a tolerable figure.

Mr. Woodward, upon his return from Scotland, was pressed to play three or sour nights at York; where, as in every other place, he was justly admired. When he came to town, I informed him of my rejection of the house; he seemed to approve of my having done so, as he said, he had not given Mr. Foote any such commission, it being impossible for him to live in the style of a bon vivant, like the wit his employer, nor could he exist by himself. Here he was pleased to pay me a compliment, that my humbled vanity now forbids me to repeat.

During the summer, the manager reaped a plenteous harvest, with very little trouble; which was in a great measure owing to such a favourite

actor

pany, after an absence of several months. At the conclusion of it, those two gentlemen made a party to go through France. Finding myself in the same turn of mind, I took a trip to Boulogne, where I paid a visit to the convent in which I spent my early days, and had the pleasure of seeing Mother St. Francis, the nun for whom I entertained so much respect and affection.

Upon the fight of this much-loved abode of innocence and felicity, I could not help again regretting, with heart-felt anguish, my having ever been forced to leave its peaceful walls. After what I had experienced from the duplicity of mankind, the viciffitudes of fortune, and the unsatisfactoriness of the pleasures of the gay world, I sincerely lamented that I had not preferred the certain tranquillity to be found here, to the delusive joys an unconfined life affords.

You will fay, I doubt not, from the know-ledge you have of my disposition, that I am always in extremes; now pensive to a degree, and wishing myself buried in the gloom of a cloister; now living beyond all bounds, and dying for company and gaiety.—That this is my temper, I candidly acknowledge—not a particle of moderation is contained in this frame of mine.—Me-

vol. iv. L diocrity

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favourite actor diocrity and I are strangers.—But whilst I make this acknowledgment, let me hope it will be admitted as some palliation for my errors. To err is human. But as these, like my speech, have ever been spontaneous and unpremeditated, and always attended with sincere compunction; may they, upon this account, be viewed with a less rigorous eye. It is now time, that I leave this bewitching convent, which, whenever I visit it, awakens those religious propensities that, amidst all my wanderings, are still inherent in my heart.—Suppose me then once more in England.

Before the geniuses of comedy returned from their tour, Mr. Harris called upon me one day, and, as I was not at home, desired my servant to inform me, that he would dine with me the next day. But as he was returning to town, he met me at Turnham-Green, and went back with me. He then told me, that Mr. Colman and the other proprietors were on the eve of being reconciled, and that I might depend upon being included as one of the first articles of the treaty.

Always relying upon a promife, from a conficiousness of the facred light in which I view an obligation of that nature myself, I was as much affured of Mr. Harris's performing that he had now made me, as if my articles had been signed, and in my pocket. Accordingly, when Mr. Woodward

Woodward returned to England, upon his enquiring what had been done, I informed him of my certainty of an engagement. To this he made no reply; and just as I was going to enquire the reason of his silence upon the subject, the servant brought me a letter. I found it to be from my mother, who was but just returned to town from Oxfordshire, where she generally spent the summer with a family by whom her company was much courted. She informed me therein, that Mr. Harris had just called at her house, and defired to see me the next day in Brewer-street, where he would meet me, as very particular business rendered it impossible for him to come to Strand.

Upon reading this letter to Mr. Woodward, his countenance feemed to clear up a little, for his looks were always a true barometer to his fentiments. He was a man that might be truly faid to carry his heart in his hand. He was above difguife; and you might read in his countenance, with uncommon perfpicuity, what passed in his bosom. But the doubt, that had prevented him from congratulating me upon the occasion, was not yet quite cleared away. For he said, with great composure, "I doubt yet."

I ordered the chaise to be ready at nine, that I might have the pleasure of breakfasting with my

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The manager came an hour before that on which he had appointed to meet me; and I believe would not have been displeased, had I disobeyed his summons; for the moment he came in, I could not avoid observing, from his manner of accosting me, that all was not right. The great master of nature makes Brutus * say, "Ever note, Luci-" lius, when love begins to sicken and decay, it "useth an enforced ceremony." And judging by this judicious remark of the great Roman, I plainly perceived that the regard Mr. Harris had so lately professed for me had begun to sicken and decay.

Nor was I deceived in the application; for my supposed superior was no sooner seated, than he informed me that the proprietors were reconciled. But how was I surprised, when he added, that he had mentioned an engagement for me; but Mr. Leake not seconding it, as he expected, it was not to be procured, as, upon the first mention of it, Mr. Colman had declared, that he would sooner see the theatre in slames, and himself in the midst of it, than consent to my ever being of the company.

I was free enough to tell him, that he might at least have deferred this intelligence till an opportu-

^{*} Julius Cæfar, Act IV. Scene II.

and

nity had offered for his communicating it to me; or he might have conveyed it to me in a letter, and not have brought me to town upon such a sleeveless errand. To which he replied, that, as Mr. Colman was anxious to engage Woodward, he sent for me to advise me to prevail upon my friend not to engage without me.

Rage is not my prevailing weakness, otherwise I should have found it roused upon this occasion. On the contrary, I generally suffer in silence for the misconduct of others, and smother my anger. I had, however, just power to say, in answer to this insult, that I had too much spirit to be tacked to the agreement even of the first performer that trod the stage; and too much merit to be unemployed, and take a salary for nothing. Mr. Harris bowed; said, he admired my sentiments; and we then parted, with as much ceremony and cold good breeding, as if we had never met before. Thus one half hour destroyed a friendship, which to appearance promised, but three days before, a much greater degree of permanence.

Here could I once more launch out on the fluctuation of all things in life, and the certain disappointments that attended every pleasing expectation of mine. But causes for doing this have so frequently occurred in the foregoing pages, that I have nearly exhausted the subject;

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and I would by no means hazard a charge of repetition, which, from my not keeping copies of my letters, might happen.

To give the conclusion of this a livelier turn, I will entertain you with a droll incident, which was related to me by Foote, who was himself a witness to the scene, during the excursion he made, as I have just informed you, to the continent. I wish I could convey to you, in this epistolary narration, a tithe of the humour with which that savourite son of Momus repeated it to me; but, as that is not in my power, I will tell it you in the best manner I can.

The late Sir Thomas Robinson was usually called long Sir Thomas, not only from there being another person who bore exactly the same name and title, but also from his uncommon tallness, which was rendered the more conspicuous by his being almost as thin as a skeleton. To this was added, the most uncouth and aukward carriage that can be conceived. In short, he was not much unlike the figure which is so finely depicted in the last book of that beautiful allegory * Porsena; he seemed to want nothing but the scythe, to make his resemblance persectly similar to that destroyer of mankind.

^{*} Vide Dodsley's Collection.

The circumstances of the baronet being in no very flourishing situation at that time, he thought a journey to Paris, where he had a sister married to a rich sinancier, would be the means of recruiting them. He accordingly set out for France; but in a garb equally as uncouth and outré as his sigure. He wore a brown scratch wig, a short riding-coat, together with a pair of jack-boots; and carried in his hand a postillion's long-lashed whip.

Thus accounted, he arrived at the gate of the hôtel, where his brother-in-law refided. The Swifs, who opened the door, beholding fuch an extraordinary being, flood aghaft; and, when Sir Thomas would have entered, bluntly told him he could not be admitted, as his lady had company. Though the baronet did not understand the language in which the prohibition was conveyed, he guessed the purport of it by the man's countenance, and made shift to utter, in broken French, but frere, her frere.

The porter hearing this, ran to call the groom of the chambers, who understood a little English; and Sir Thomas having made known to him his affinity to the lady of the house, his arrival, without any more obstruction, was announced. As it happened to be dinner-time when this mirror of knighthood arrived, his fister, after cordially embracing

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bracing him, placed him, habited as he was, at the table, between an Abbé and a Macaroni. He. was no fooner feated, than the two gentlemen between whom he fat, struck with the oddity of his figure, dress, and deportment, stared at him with marks of the greatest astonishment. At length the latter, unable to restrain his curiofity, laid down his fork *, and thus addressed him : " Mon-" sieur, ne seriez vous pas, par hazard, le fameux " Robinson Crusõe de qui on parle dans l'histoire." " Pray, Sir, are you not the famous Robinson "Crusoe, of whom we read in history?" The mirth fo fingular and unexpected a question occafioned, is better conceived than described. The fingularity of the baronet's garb, and the whole of his appearance, warranted, in some measure, such a supposition; nor could it, had Sir Thomas understood the full force of it, which his ignorance of the French language prevented, have excited his displeasure. at return of it di sham?

G. A. B.

* In France, a fork and spoon are commonly used, instead of a knife and fork.

END OF THE FOURTH VOLUME.

